

Wildfires in Northern California: Emergency Department Visits in 2017

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OVERVIEW

This descriptive analysis looks at emergency department (ED) utilization for select conditions (e.g., smoke inhalation and burns) from September–November 2017 in California. The focus of the analysis is the Bay Area of California during October 2017 when numerous active fires in Northern California affected the air quality.

AIR QUALITY INDEX

Many of the October 2017 Northern California fires started on October 8th. Air quality, as measured by PM2.5 AQI (an air quality index for inhalable particulate matter with diameters generally 2.5 micrometers and smaller), was in the 'Good' to 'Moderate' range (0-100) for all Bay Area zones until October 9th. On October 9th, it entered the 'unhealthy' range in the Northern Zone for 4 out of 5 measurement stations. The peak PM2.5 AQI measurement (281/'Very Unhealthy') was reached on October 10th in the Northern Zone at the Napa Valley College station. By October 19th all zones returned to the 'Good' range. Figure 1 shows daily air quality measurements from 17 San Francisco Bay Area stations in October 2017.

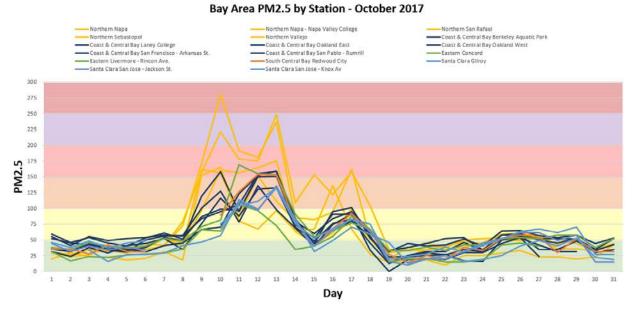


Figure 1. California Bay Area Air Quality, October 2017

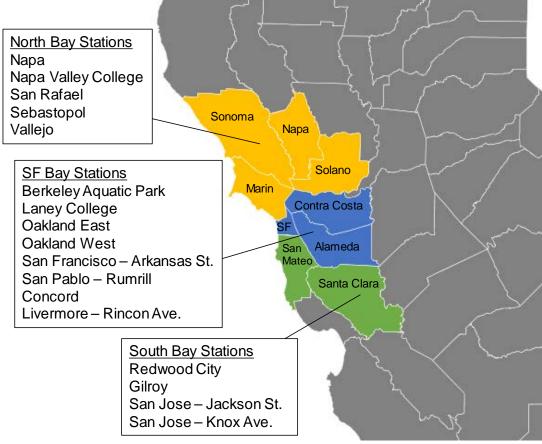
Source: Air Monitoring Data for October 2017, Bay Area Air Quality Management District online query tool (<u>http://www.baaqmd.gov/about-air-quality/current-air-quality/air-monitoring-</u> <u>data?DataViewFormat=monthly&DataView=aqi&StartDate=10/1/2017&ParameterId=316</u>), Accessed May 21, 2019.

METHODS

Groupings of California Counties

The nine counties around the San Francisco Bay with measurement stations were combined into three groups–North Bay (Marin, Napa, Sonoma, and Solano counties), San Francisco Bay (Alameda, Contra Costa, and San Francisco counties), and South Bay (San Mateo and Santa Clara counties). Figure 2 shows a map of the three Bay Area county groups and the air quality measurement stations within each group.





Source: Facility Data Maps, Bay Area Air Quality Management District (www.baaqmd.gov)

All other California counties were grouped into ten areas based on climate zones¹ and the presence of hospitals (at least seven hospitals are in each group). Figure 3 shows a map of all California county groups used in this analysis. Please note that the names used for each county groupings in this analysis was indicative of the location *relative to the Bay Area* and may differ from community-specific names commonly used by government agencies in the State of California and its residents.





¹ Climate zones were defined by the California Energy Commission and are based on energy use, temperature, weather and other factors. Climate zones are defined by ZIP Code and cross county borders. More information is available at <u>https://www.energy.ca.gov/maps/renewable/building_climate_zones.html</u>. Accessed May 21, 2017.

Air Quality Data

We extracted three months (September–November 2017) of daily PM2.5 data for the 17 measurement stations in the Bay Area from the Bay Area Air Quality Management District online query tool. This air quality data was aggregated into a single daily measurement for each of the three county groups by using the maximum air quality measurement for the county group on each day. For the ten county groups outside the Bay Area, where air quality data was unavailable, a daily baseline measurement was created using the minimum air quality measurement available from the Bay Area stations.

HCUP Databases

ED utilization data was extracted from the Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP) State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD) and State Inpatient Databases (SID) for California. The analysis file includes all SEDD records, which capture ED visits that do not result in admission to the same hospital, and a subset of SID records, those which indicate ED visits that result in admission to the same hospital. Together, this encompasses 3.6 million ED visits in California between September and November 2017. Additional information on HCUP is available in Appendix A.

The data were aggregated by county of patient residence, as assigned from patient ZIP Code, with the following exceptions:

- Hospital county was used if the patient was homeless, foreign, or the ZIP Code was missing/invalid.
- Hospital county was used for out-of-state patients if their ZIP Code was greater than 250 miles away from the ZIP Code of the California hospital. This excludes those living near the California border but includes patients who were most likely traveling to California during the time of the fire.

Conditions of Interest

ED visits were selected based on six condition groups of interest. The condition groups are not mutually exclusive; a patient with multiple conditions will be counted in each category. Condition groups were defined using all-listed International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM) diagnosis codes (i.e., both principal diagnosis and secondary diagnoses). The ICD-10-CM coding definitions for each condition are available in Appendix B.

- Fire-specific ED visits: (1) Smoke inhalation and (2) initial encounter for exposure/toxic effect of fire/smoke
- General condition ED visits: (3) initial encounter for burns (including but not limited to fire burns), (4) all respiratory conditions other than smoke inhalation, (5) initial encounter for injury (including burns), and (6) all ED visits.

RESULTS

The descriptive analysis includes a series of trend graphs comparing daily PM2.5 air quality index measures with daily ED utilization. Each figure presents a single condition measure across five separate county groupings. The three Bay Area county groups are always included. For each condition, two county groupings outside the Bay Area were included for comparison. All figures depicting a condition employ the same scale for y-axis values for the number of daily ED visits. The blue line indicates the daily ED utilization for residents of the county group, with y-axis values to the left of the graph. The gray line indicates the daily air quality index value for the Bay Area, with y-axis values to the right of the graph. The scale for the air quality indicator is identical across all figures, regardless of condition. The red vertical line indicates October 9th, 2017. All values smaller than 11 were set to '11' to protect patient confidentiality.

Smoke Inhalation

Figures 4a–4e present ED visits for smoke inhalation in the following California county groups: North Bay, San Francisco Bay, South Bay, East Central, and Greater Los Angeles. The scale for the y-axis indicating ED visits for smoke inhalation ranges from 0 to a maximum of 55.



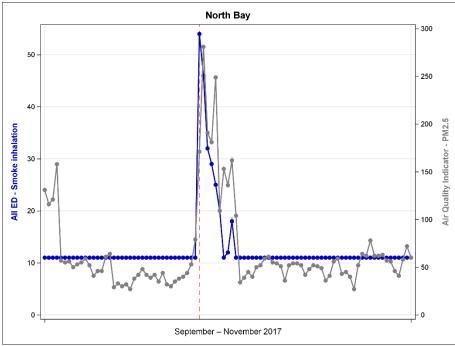
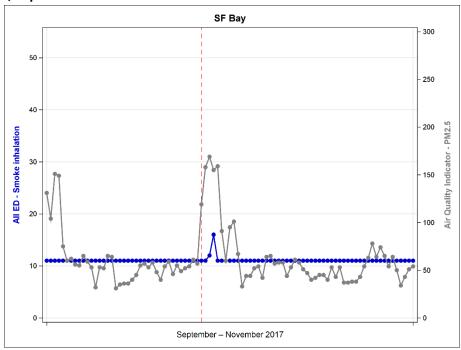
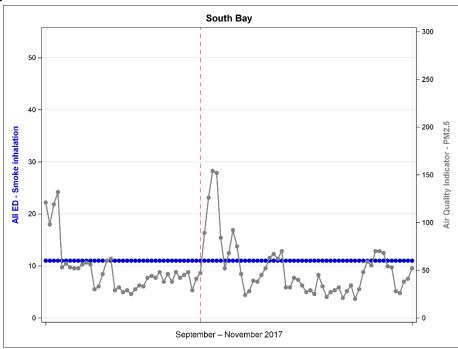


Figure 4b: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Smoke Inhalation, San Francisco Bay, California, September–November 2017



Source: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP), State Inpatient Databases (SID) and State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD), California, 2017

Figure 4c: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Smoke Inhalation, South Bay, California, September–November 2017



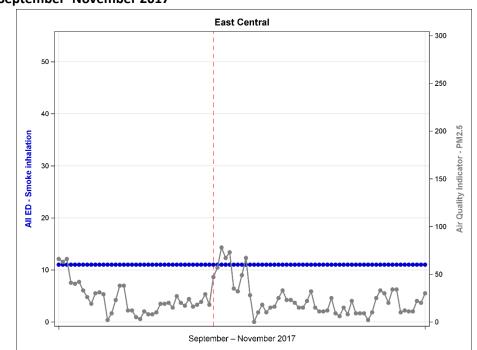
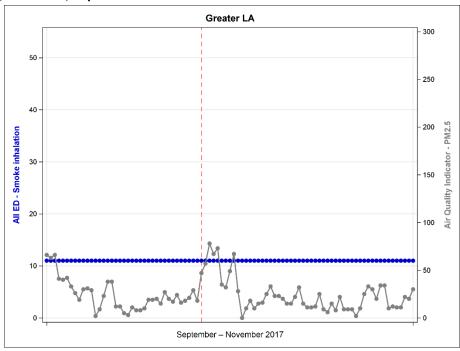


Figure 4d: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Smoke Inhalation, East Central California, September–November 2017

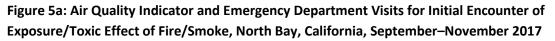
Source: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP), State Inpatient Databases (SID) and State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD), California, 2017

Figure 4e: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Smoke Inhalation, Greater Los Angeles Area, California, September–November 2017



Initial Encounter for Exposure or Toxic Effect of Fire and Smoke

Figures 5a–5e present ED visits for the initial encounter of exposure or toxic effect of fire and smoke in the following California county groups: North Bay, San Francisco Bay, South Bay, North West, and South East. The scale for the y-axis indicating ED visits ranges from 0 to a maximum of 85.



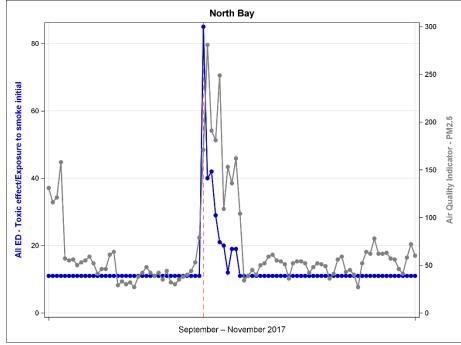


Figure 5b: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Initial Encounter of Exposure/Toxic Effect of Fire/Smoke, San Francisco Bay, California, September–November 2017

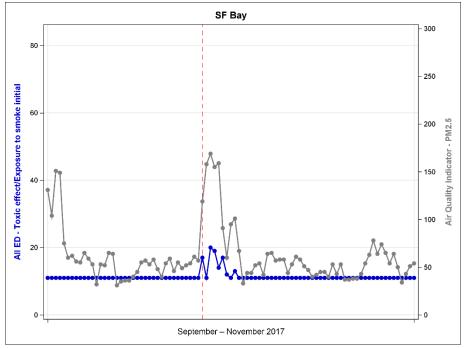


Figure 5c: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Initial Encounter of Exposure/Toxic Effect of Fire/Smoke, South Bay, California, September–November 2017

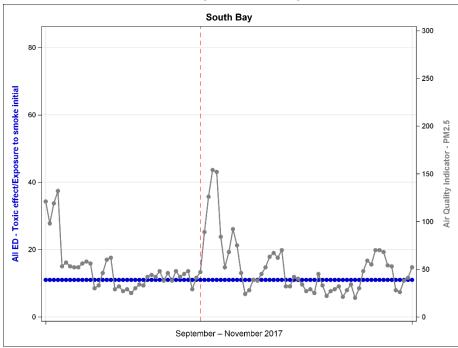
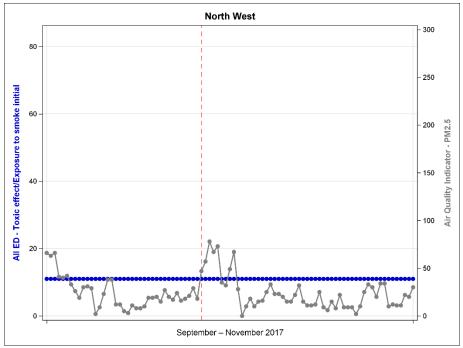
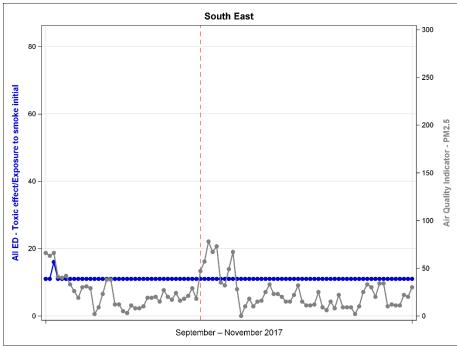


Figure 5d: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Initial Encounter of Exposure/Toxic Effect of Fire/Smoke, North West California, September–November 2017



Source: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP), State Inpatient Databases (SID) and State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD), California, 2017

Figure 5e: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Initial Encounter of Exposure/Toxic Effect of Fire/Smoke, South East California, September–November 2017



Initial Encounter for Burns (Including but not Limited to Fire Burns)

Figures 6a–6e present ED visits for the initial encounter of burns (including but not limited to fire burns) in the following California county groups: North Bay, San Francisco Bay, South Bay, North West, and Southern Border. The scale for the y-axis indicating ED visits for burns ranges from 0 to a maximum of 25.



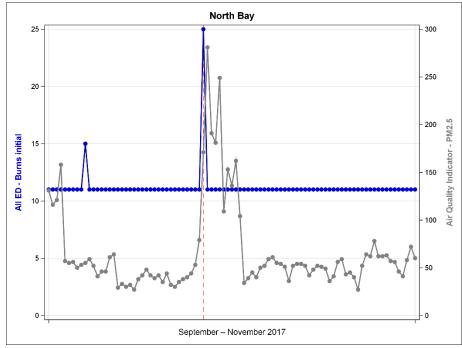
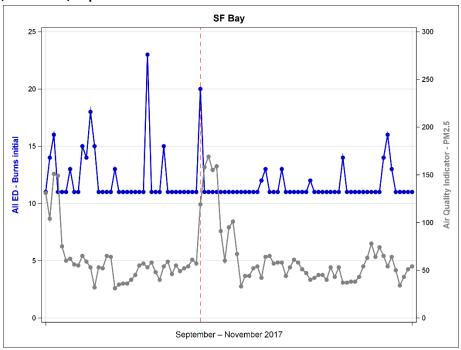


Figure 6b: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Initial Encounter for Burns, San Francisco Bay, California, September–November 2017



Source: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP), State Inpatient Databases (SID) and State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD), California, 2017

Figure 6c: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Initial Encounter for Burns, South Bay, California, September–November 2017

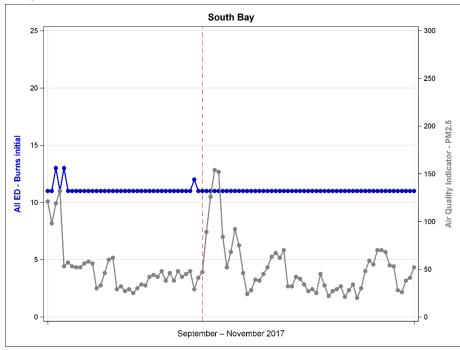
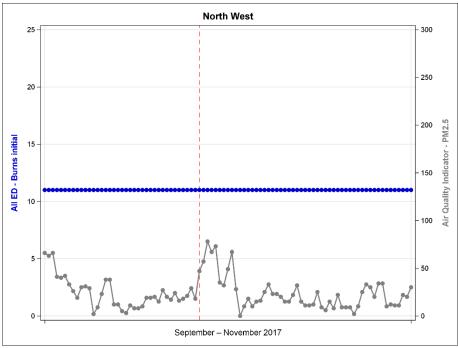
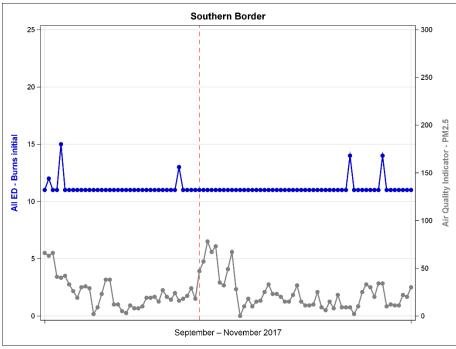


Figure 6d: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Initial Encounter for Burns, North West California, September–November 2017



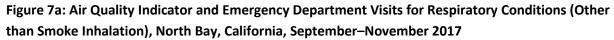
Source: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP), State Inpatient Databases (SID) and State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD), California, 2017

Figure 6e: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Initial Encounter for Burns, Southern Border of California, September–November 2017



Respiratory Conditions Other than Smoke Inhalation

Figures 7a–7e present emergency department visits for all respiratory conditions except for smoke inhalation in the following California county groups: North Bay, San Francisco Bay, South Bay, East Central, and Central Valley. The scale for the y-axis indicating ED visits for smoke inhalation ranges from 0 to a maximum of 1,100.



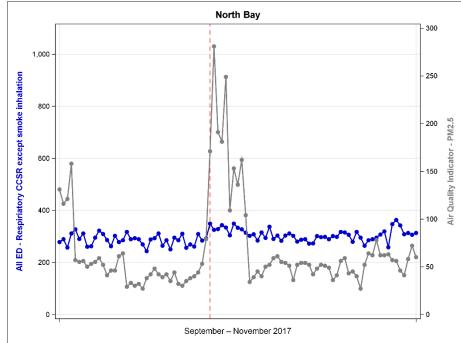
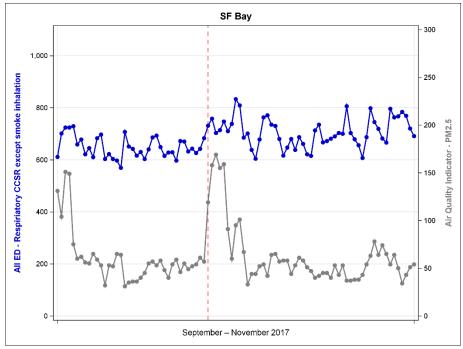


Figure 7b: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Respiratory Conditions (Other than Smoke Inhalation), San Francisco Bay, California, September–November 2017



Source: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP), State Inpatient Databases (SID) and State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD), California, 2017

Figure 7c: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Respiratory Conditions (Other than Smoke Inhalation), South Bay, California, September–November 2017

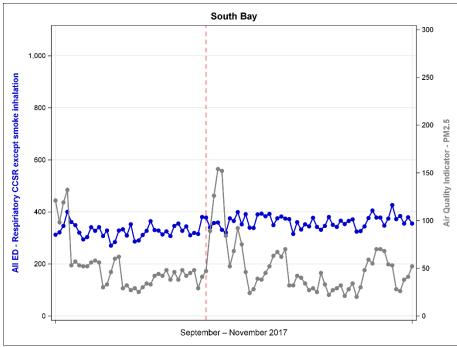
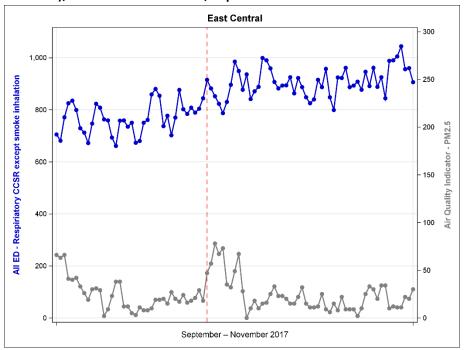
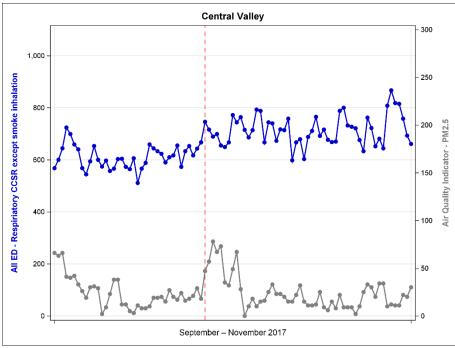


Figure 7d: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Respiratory Conditions (Other than Smoke Inhalation), East Central California, September–November 2017



Source: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP), State Inpatient Databases (SID) and State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD), California, 2017

Figure 7e: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Respiratory Conditions (Other than Smoke Inhalation), Central Valley California, September–November 2017



Initial Encounter for Injury (Including Burns)

Figures 8a–8e present emergency department visits for the initial encounter of injuries (including burns) in the following California county groups: North Bay, San Francisco Bay, South Bay, East Central, and South West. The scale for the y-axis indicating ED visits for injuries ranges from 0 to a maximum of 1,000.



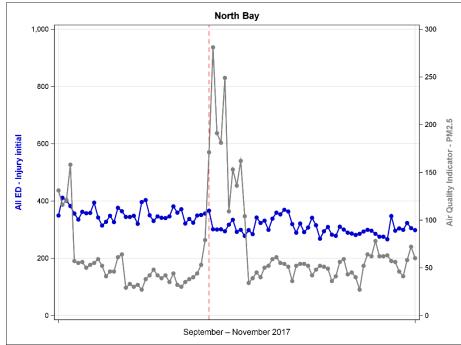
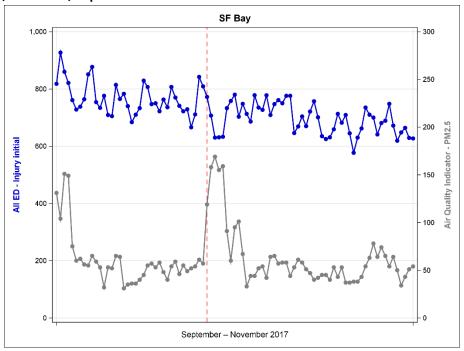


Figure 8b: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Initial Encounter for Injury, San Francisco Bay, California, September–November 2017



Source: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP), State Inpatient Databases (SID) and State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD), California, 2017

Figure 8c: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Initial Encounter for Injury, South Bay, California, September–November 2017

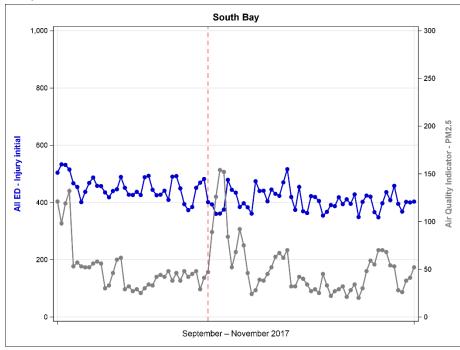
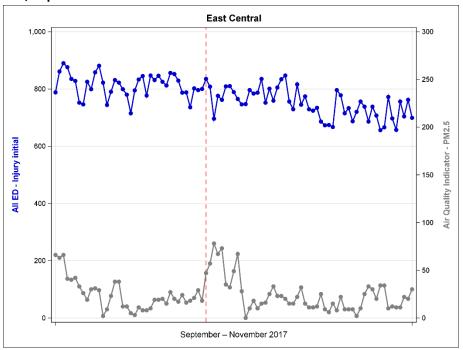
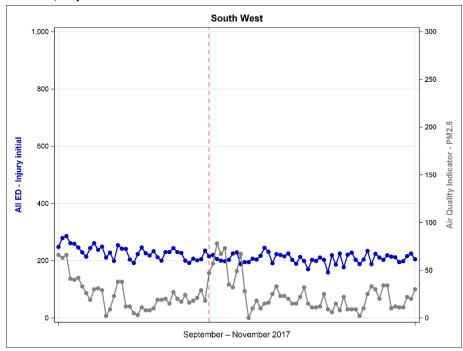


Figure 8d: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Initial Encounter for Injury, East Central California, September–November 2017



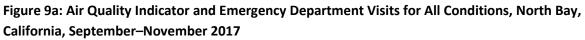
Source: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP), State Inpatient Databases (SID) and State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD), California, 2017

Figure 8e: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for Initial Encounter for Injury, South West California, September–November 2017



All Conditions

Figures 9a–9e present emergency department visits for any reason in the following California county groups: North Bay, San Francisco Bay, South Bay, East Central, and North East. The scale for the y-axis indicating ED visits ranges from 0 to a maximum of 5,000.



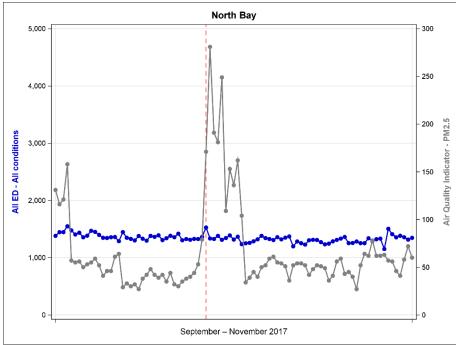
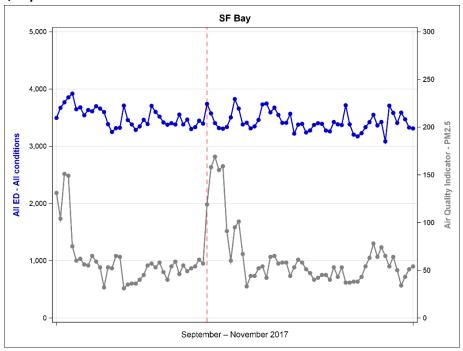


Figure 9b: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for All Conditions, San Francisco Bay, California, September–November 2017



Source: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP), State Inpatient Databases (SID) and State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD), California, 2017

Figure 9c: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for All Conditions, South Bay, California, September–November 2017

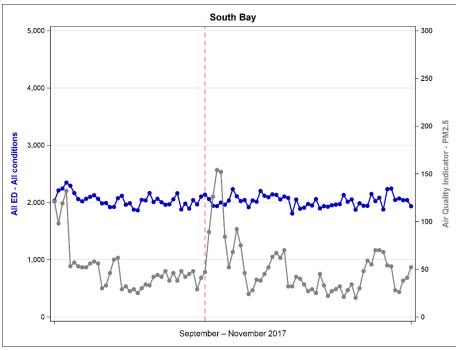
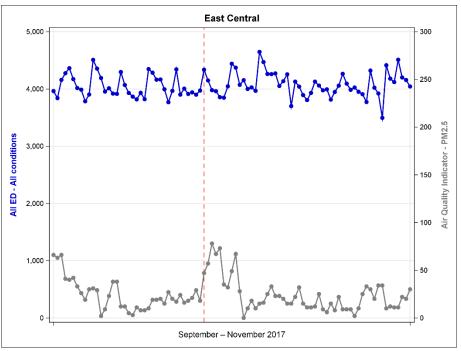
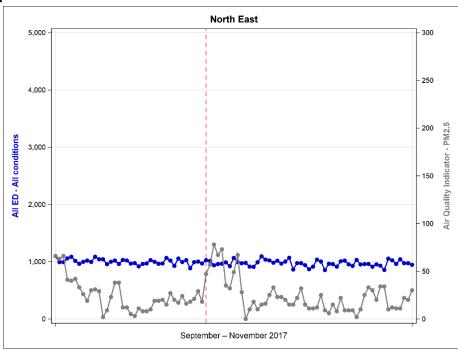


Figure 9d: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for All Conditions, East Central California, September–November 2017



Source: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP), State Inpatient Databases (SID) and State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD), California, 2017

Figure 9e: Air Quality Indicator and Emergency Department Visits for All Conditions, North East California, September–November 2017



APPENDIX A. HEALTHCARE COST AND UTILIZATION PROJECT (HCUP) STATE INPATIENT DATABASES (SID) AND STATE EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT DATABASES (SEDD)

The Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project is a family of health care databases and related software tools and products developed through a Federal-State-Industry partnership and sponsored by the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ). HCUP databases bring together the data collection efforts of State data organizations, hospital associations, and private data organizations (HCUP Partners) and the Federal government to create a national information resource of encounter-level health care data. HCUP includes the largest collection of longitudinal hospital care data in the United States, with all-payer, encounter-level information beginning in 1988. These databases enable research on a broad range of health policy issues, including cost and quality of health services, medical practice patterns, access to health care programs, and outcomes of treatments at the national, State, and local market levels.

The HCUP State Inpatient Databases (SID) contain the universe of the inpatient discharge abstracts from data organizations participating in HCUP, translated into a uniform format to facilitate multistate comparisons and analyses. The SID capture information on inpatient stays for patients seen in the emergency room and then admitted to the hospital, in addition to patients transferred to the hospital or directly admitted.

The HCUP State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD) include information from hospital-owned emergency departments (EDs) from data organizations participating in HCUP, translated into a uniform format to facilitate multistate comparisons and analyses. The SEDD capture information on ED visits that do not result in an admission to the same hospital (i.e., patients who are treated in the ED and then discharged, transferred to another hospital, left against medical advice, or died).

Researchers and policymakers use the HCUP SID and SEDD to investigate questions unique to one State, to compare data from two or more States, to conduct market area research or small variation analyses, and to identify State-specific trends in inpatient and ED care. The SID and SEDD contain more than 100 clinical and nonclinical data elements included in a hospital abstract, such as:

- Patient demographics characteristics (e.g., sex, age, and, for some States, race/ethnicity)
- Principal (first-listed) and secondary diagnoses and procedures
- Admission and discharge status
- Expected payment source
- Total charges
- Length of stay.

More information is available on the HCUP User Support Web site (<u>www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov</u>).

A-1

APPENDIX B. CLINICAL CODING DEFINITIONS

Condition groups were defined using all-listed International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM) diagnosis codes (i.e., both principal diagnosis and secondary diagnoses).

Smoke Inhalation

| ICD-10-CM Code | Smoke Inhalation Code Description |
|----------------|--|
| J680 | Bronchitis and pneumonitis due to chemicals, gases, fumes and vapors |
| J681 | Pulmonary edema due to chemicals, gases, fumes and vapors |
| J682 | Upper respiratory inflammation due to chemicals, gases, fumes and vapors, not |
| | elsewhere classified |
| J683 | Other acute and subacute respiratory conditions due to chemicals, gases, fumes |
| | and vapors |
| J684 | Chronic respiratory conditions due to chemicals, gases, fumes and vapors |
| J688 | Other respiratory conditions due to chemicals, gases, fumes and vapors |
| J689 | Unspecified respiratory condition due to chemicals, gases, fumes and vapors |
| J705 | Respiratory conditions due to smoke inhalation |

Initial Encounter for Exposure or Toxic Effect of Fire and Smoke

Qualifying codes required to have a 7th character of A indicating an initial encounter.

| ICD-10-CM Code | | |
|--------------------|--|--|
| Range | Exposure/Toxic Effect Code Range Description | |
| External cause cod | External cause codes (excludes controlled fire codes X02 and X03 | |
| X00- | Exposure to uncontrolled fire in building or structure | |
| X01- | Exposure to uncontrolled fire, not in building or structure | |
| X04- | Exposure to ignition of highly flammable material | |
| X05- | Exposure to ignition or melting of nightwear | |
| X06- | Exposure to ignition or melting of other clothing or apparel | |
| X08- | Exposure to other specified smoke, fire and flames | |
| X14- | Contact with other hot air and other hot gases | |
| X19- | Contact with other heat and hot substances | |
| Toxic effect codes | | |
| T5981- | Toxic effect of smoke | |
| T5989- | Toxic effect of other specified gases, fumes and vapors | |
| Т599- | Toxic effect of unspecified gases, fumes and vapors | |

Initial Encounter for Burns (Including but not Limited to Fire Burns)

| ICD-10-CM | |
|------------------|---|
| Code Range | Burn Code Range Description |
| T200- to T2039- | Burn of head, face, and neck |
| T210- to T2139- | Burn of the trunk |
| T220- to T22399- | Burn of shoulder and upper limb, except wrist and hand |
| T230- to T23399- | Burn of wrist and hand |
| T240- to T24399- | Burn of lower limb, except ankle and foot |
| T250- to T25399 | Burn of ankle and foot |
| T260- to T2642- | Burn confined to eye and adnexa |
| T270- to T273- | Burn of respiratory tract |
| T280- to T2849- | Burn of other internal organs |
| Т300- | Burn of unspecified body region, unspecified degree |
| T310- to T3199 | Burns classified according to extent of body surface involved |

Qualifying codes required to have a 7th character of A indicating an initial encounter.

All Respiratory Conditions Other Than Smoke Inhalation

| ICD-10-CM Code | Respiratory Code Description |
|----------------|---|
| A0103 | Typhoid pneumonia |
| A0222 | Salmonella pneumonia |
| A065 | Amebic lung abscess |
| A155 | Tuberculosis of larynx, trachea and bronchus |
| A156 | Tuberculous pleurisy |
| A157 | Primary respiratory tuberculosis |
| A158 | Other respiratory tuberculosis |
| A159 | Respiratory tuberculosis unspecified |
| A202 | Pneumonic plague |
| A212 | Pulmonary tularemia |
| A221 | Pulmonary anthrax |
| A310 | Pulmonary mycobacterial infection |
| A360 | Pharyngeal diphtheria |
| A361 | Nasopharyngeal diphtheria |
| A362 | Laryngeal diphtheria |
| A3701 | Whooping cough due to Bordetella pertussis with pneumonia |
| A3711 | Whooping cough due to Bordetella parapertussis with pneumonia |
| A3781 | Whooping cough due to other Bordetella species with pneumonia |
| A3791 | Whooping cough, unspecified species with pneumonia |
| A430 | Pulmonary nocardiosis |
| A481 | Legionnaires' disease |
| A5003 | Early congenital syphilitic pharyngitis |
| A5004 | Early congenital syphilitic pneumonia |
| A5005 | Early congenital syphilitic rhinitis |
| A5272 | Syphilis of lung and bronchus |

| ICD-10-CM Code | Respiratory Code Description |
|----------------|---|
| A5273 | Symptomatic late syphilis of other respiratory organs |
| A545 | Gonococcal pharyngitis |
| A5484 | Gonococcal pneumonia |
| A564 | Chlamydial infection of pharynx |
| B002 | Herpesviral gingivostomatitis and pharyngotonsillitis |
| B012 | Varicella pneumonia |
| B052 | Measles complicated by pneumonia |
| B0681 | Rubella pneumonia |
| B085 | Enteroviral vesicular pharyngitis |
| B250 | Cytomegaloviral pneumonitis |
| B371 | Pulmonary candidiasis |
| B380 | Acute pulmonary coccidioidomycosis |
| B381 | Chronic pulmonary coccidioidomycosis |
| B382 | Pulmonary coccidioidomycosis, unspecified |
| B390 | Acute pulmonary histoplasmosis capsulati |
| B391 | Chronic pulmonary histoplasmosis capsulati |
| B392 | Pulmonary histoplasmosis capsulati, unspecified |
| B400 | Acute pulmonary blastomycosis |
| B401 | Chronic pulmonary blastomycosis |
| B402 | Pulmonary blastomycosis, unspecified |
| B410 | Pulmonary paracoccidioidomycosis |
| B420 | Pulmonary sporotrichosis |
| B440 | Invasive pulmonary aspergillosis |
| B441 | Other pulmonary aspergillosis |
| B450 | Pulmonary cryptococcosis |
| B460 | Pulmonary mucormycosis |
| B583 | Pulmonary toxoplasmosis |
| B59 | Pneumocystosis |
| B671 | Echinococcus granulosus infection of lung |
| B7781 | Ascariasis pneumonia |
| 00L | Acute nasopharyngitis [common cold] |
| J0100 | Acute maxillary sinusitis, unspecified |
| J0101 | Acute recurrent maxillary sinusitis |
| J0110 | Acute frontal sinusitis, unspecified |
| J0111 | Acute recurrent frontal sinusitis |
| J0120 | Acute ethmoidal sinusitis, unspecified |
| J0121 | Acute recurrent ethmoidal sinusitis |
| J0130 | Acute sphenoidal sinusitis, unspecified |
| J0131 | Acute recurrent sphenoidal sinusitis |
| J0140 | Acute pansinusitis, unspecified |
| J0141 | Acute recurrent pansinusitis |
| J0180 | Other acute sinusitis |
| J0181 | Other acute recurrent sinusitis |
| J0190 | Acute sinusitis, unspecified |
| J0191 | Acute recurrent sinusitis, unspecified |
| J020 | Streptococcal pharyngitis |

| ICD-10-CM Code | Respiratory Code Description |
|----------------|--|
| J028 | Acute pharyngitis due to other specified organisms |
| J029 | Acute pharyngitis, unspecified |
| J0300 | Acute streptococcal tonsillitis, unspecified |
| J0301 | Acute recurrent streptococcal tonsillitis |
| J0380 | Acute tonsillitis due to other specified organisms |
| J0381 | Acute recurrent tonsillitis due to other specified organisms |
| J0390 | Acute tonsillitis, unspecified |
| J0391 | Acute recurrent tonsillitis, unspecified |
| J040 | Acute laryngitis |
| J0410 | Acute tracheitis without obstruction |
| J0411 | Acute tracheitis with obstruction |
| J042 | Acute laryngotracheitis |
| J0430 | Supraglottitis, unspecified, without obstruction |
| J0431 | Supraglottitis, unspecified, with obstruction |
| J050 | Acute obstructive laryngitis [croup] |
| J0510 | Acute epiglottitis without obstruction |
| J0511 | Acute epiglottitis with obstruction |
| J060 | Acute laryngopharyngitis |
| J069 | Acute upper respiratory infection, unspecified |
| J09X1 | Influenza due to identified novel influenza A virus with pneumonia |
| J09X1 | Influenza due to identified novel influenza A virus with pneumonia |
| J09X2 | Influenza due to identified novel influenza A virus with other respiratory |
| | manifestations |
| J09X3 | Influenza due to identified novel influenza A virus with gastrointestinal |
| | manifestations |
| J09X9 | Influenza due to identified novel influenza A virus with other manifestations |
| J1000 | Influenza due to other identified influenza virus with unspecified type of |
| | pneumonia |
| J1000 | Influenza due to other identified influenza virus with unspecified type of |
| | pneumonia |
| J1001 | Influenza due to other identified influenza virus with the same other identified |
| | influenza virus pneumonia |
| J1001 | Influenza due to other identified influenza virus with the same other identified |
| | influenza virus pneumonia |
| J1008 | Influenza due to other identified influenza virus with other specified pneumonia |
| J1008 | Influenza due to other identified influenza virus with other specified pneumonia |
| J101 | Influenza due to other identified influenza virus with other respiratory |
| | manifestations |
| J102 | Influenza due to other identified influenza virus with gastrointestinal |
| | manifestations |
| J1081 | Influenza due to other identified influenza virus with encephalopathy |
| J1082 | Influenza due to other identified influenza virus with myocarditis |
| J1089 | Influenza due to other identified influenza virus with other manifestations |
| J1100 | Influenza due to unidentified influenza virus with unspecified type of pneumonia |
| J1100 | Influenza due to unidentified influenza virus with unspecified type of pneumonia |
| J1108 | Influenza due to unidentified influenza virus with specified pneumonia |
| J1108 | Influenza due to unidentified influenza virus with specified pneumonia |

| ICD-10-CM Code | Respiratory Code Description |
|----------------|---|
| J111 | Influenza due to unidentified influenza virus with other respiratory manifestations |
| J112 | Influenza due to unidentified influenza virus with gastrointestinal manifestations |
| J1181 | Influenza due to unidentified influenza virus with encephalopathy |
| J1182 | Influenza due to unidentified influenza virus with myocarditis |
| J1183 | Influenza due to unidentified influenza virus with otitis media |
| J1189 | Influenza due to unidentified influenza virus with other manifestations |
| J120 | Adenoviral pneumonia |
| J121 | Respiratory syncytial virus pneumonia |
| J122 | Parainfluenza virus pneumonia |
| J123 | Human metapneumovirus pneumonia |
| J1281 | Pneumonia due to SARS-associated coronavirus |
| J1289 | Other viral pneumonia |
| J129 | Viral pneumonia, unspecified |
| J13 | Pneumonia due to Streptococcus pneumoniae |
| J14 | Pneumonia due to Hemophilus influenzae |
| J150 | Pneumonia due to Klebsiella pneumoniae |
| J151 | Pneumonia due to Pseudomonas |
| J1520 | Pneumonia due to staphylococcus, unspecified |
| J15211 | Pneumonia due to Methicillin susceptible Staphylococcus aureus |
| J15212 | Pneumonia due to Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus |
| J1529 | Pneumonia due to other staphylococcus |
| J153 | Pneumonia due to streptococcus, group B |
| J154 | Pneumonia due to other streptococci |
| J155 | Pneumonia due to Escherichia coli |
| J156 | Pneumonia due to other Gram-negative bacteria |
| J157 | Pneumonia due to Mycoplasma pneumoniae |
| J158 | Pneumonia due to other specified bacteria |
| J159 | Unspecified bacterial pneumonia |
| J160 | Chlamydial pneumonia |
| J168 | Pneumonia due to other specified infectious organisms |
| J17 | Pneumonia in diseases classified elsewhere |
| J180 | Bronchopneumonia, unspecified organism |
| J181 | Lobar pneumonia, unspecified organism |
| J182 | Hypostatic pneumonia, unspecified organism |
| J188 | Other pneumonia, unspecified organism |
| J189 | Pneumonia, unspecified organism |
| J200 | Acute bronchitis due to Mycoplasma pneumoniae |
| J200 | Acute bronchitis due to Hemophilus influenzae |
| J202 | Acute bronchitis due to streptococcus |
| J203 | Acute bronchitis due to coxsackievirus |
| J204 | Acute bronchitis due to parainfluenza virus |
| J205 | Acute bronchitis due to paramituenza virus |
| J205 | Acute bronchitis due to respiratory syncytial virus |
| J207 | Acute bronchitis due to minovirus |
| J208 | Acute bronchitis due to other specified organisms |
| J208 | Acute bronchitis, unspecified |
| JZU3 | Acute biolicilius, unspecifieu |

| ICD-10-CM Code | Respiratory Code Description |
|----------------|---|
| J210 | Acute bronchiolitis due to respiratory syncytial virus |
| J211 | Acute bronchiolitis due to human metapneumovirus |
| J218 | Acute bronchiolitis due to other specified organisms |
| J219 | Acute bronchiolitis, unspecified |
| J22 | Unspecified acute lower respiratory infection |
| J300 | Vasomotor rhinitis |
| J301 | Allergic rhinitis due to pollen |
| J302 | Other seasonal allergic rhinitis |
| J305 | Allergic rhinitis due to food |
| J3081 | Allergic rhinitis due to animal (cat) (dog) hair and dander |
| J3089 | Other allergic rhinitis |
| J309 | Allergic rhinitis, unspecified |
| J310 | Chronic rhinitis |
| J311 | Chronic nasopharyngitis |
| J312 | Chronic pharyngitis |
| J320 | Chronic maxillary sinusitis |
| J321 | Chronic frontal sinusitis |
| J322 | Chronic ethmoidal sinusitis |
| J323 | Chronic sphenoidal sinusitis |
| J324 | Chronic pansinusitis |
| J328 | Other chronic sinusitis |
| J329 | Chronic sinusitis, unspecified |
| J330 | Polyp of nasal cavity |
| J331 | Polypoid sinus degeneration |
| J338 | Other polyp of sinus |
| J339 | Nasal polyp, unspecified |
| J340 | Abscess, furuncle and carbuncle of nose |
| J341 | Cyst and mucocele of nose and nasal sinus |
| J342 | Deviated nasal septum |
| J343 | Hypertrophy of nasal turbinates |
| J3481 | Nasal mucositis (ulcerative) |
| J3489 | Other specified disorders of nose and nasal sinuses |
| J349 | Unspecified disorder of nose and nasal sinuses |
| J3501 | Chronic tonsillitis |
| J3502 | Chronic adenoiditis |
| J3503 | Chronic tonsillitis and adenoiditis |
| J351 | Hypertrophy of tonsils |
| J352 | Hypertrophy of adenoids |
| J353 | Hypertrophy of tonsils with hypertrophy of adenoids |
| J358 | Other chronic diseases of tonsils and adenoids |
| J359 | Chronic disease of tonsils and adenoids, unspecified |
| J36 | Peritonsillar abscess |
| J370 | Chronic laryngitis |
| J370 J371 | Chronic laryngotracheitis |
| J3800 | Paralysis of vocal cords and larynx, unspecified |
| J3800 | Paralysis of vocal cords and larynx, unlateral |
| 12001 | |

| ICD-10-CM Code | Respiratory Code Description |
|----------------|--|
| J3802 | Paralysis of vocal cords and larynx, bilateral |
| J381 | Polyp of vocal cord and larynx |
| J382 | Nodules of vocal cords |
| J383 | Other diseases of vocal cords |
| J384 | Edema of larynx |
| J385 | Laryngeal spasm |
| J386 | Stenosis of larynx |
| J387 | Other diseases of larynx |
| J390 | Retropharyngeal and parapharyngeal abscess |
| J391 | Other abscess of pharynx |
| J392 | Other diseases of pharynx |
| J393 | Upper respiratory tract hypersensitivity reaction, site unspecified |
| J398 | Other specified diseases of upper respiratory tract |
| J399 | Disease of upper respiratory tract, unspecified |
| J40 | Bronchitis, not specified as acute or chronic |
| J410 | Simple chronic bronchitis |
| J411 | Mucopurulent chronic bronchitis |
| J418 | Mixed simple and mucopurulent chronic bronchitis |
| J42 | Unspecified chronic bronchitis |
| J430 | Unilateral pulmonary emphysema [MacLeod's syndrome] |
| J431 | Panlobular emphysema |
| J432 | Centrilobular emphysema |
| J438 | Other emphysema |
| J439 | Emphysema, unspecified |
| J440 | Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute lower respiratory infection |
| J441 | Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with (acute) exacerbation |
| J449 | Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, unspecified |
| J4520 | Mild intermittent asthma, uncomplicated |
| J4521 | Mild intermittent asthma with (acute) exacerbation |
| J4522 | Mild intermittent asthma with status asthmaticus |
| J4530 | Mild persistent asthma, uncomplicated |
| J4531 | Mild persistent asthma with (acute) exacerbation |
| J4532 | Mild persistent asthma with status asthmaticus |
| J4540 | Moderate persistent asthma, uncomplicated |
| J4541 | Moderate persistent asthma with (acute) exacerbation |
| J4542 | Moderate persistent asthma with status asthmaticus |
| J4550 | Severe persistent asthma, uncomplicated |
| J4551 | Severe persistent asthma with (acute) exacerbation |
| J4552 | Severe persistent asthma with status asthmaticus |
| J45901 | Unspecified asthma with (acute) exacerbation |
| J45902 | Unspecified asthma with status asthmaticus |
| J45909 | Unspecified asthma, uncomplicated |
| J45990 | Exercise induced bronchospasm |
| J45991 | Cough variant asthma |
| J45998 | Other asthma |
| J470 | Bronchiectasis with acute lower respiratory infection |

| ICD-10-CM Code | Respiratory Code Description |
|----------------|--|
| J471 | Bronchiectasis with (acute) exacerbation |
| J479 | Bronchiectasis, uncomplicated |
| J60 | Coalworker's pneumoconiosis |
| J61 | Pneumoconiosis due to asbestos and other mineral fibers |
| J620 | Pneumoconiosis due to talc dust |
| J628 | Pneumoconiosis due to other dust containing silica |
| J630 | Aluminosis (of lung) |
| J631 | Bauxite fibrosis (of lung) |
| J632 | Berylliosis |
| J633 | Graphite fibrosis (of lung) |
| J634 | Siderosis |
| J635 | Stannosis |
| J636 | Pneumoconiosis due to other specified inorganic dusts |
| J64 | Unspecified pneumoconiosis |
| J65 | Pneumoconiosis associated with tuberculosis |
| J660 | Byssinosis |
| J661 | Flax-dressers' disease |
| J662 | Cannabinosis |
| J668 | Airway disease due to other specific organic dusts |
| J670 | Farmer's lung |
| J671 | Bagassosis |
| J672 | Bird fancier's lung |
| J673 | Suberosis |
| J674 | Maltworker's lung |
| J675 | Mushroom-worker's lung |
| J676 | Maple-bark-stripper's lung |
| J677 | Air conditioner and humidifier lung |
| J678 | Hypersensitivity pneumonitis due to other organic dusts |
| J679 | Hypersensitivity pneumonitis due to unspecified organic dust |
| J690 | Pneumonitis due to inhalation of food and vomit |
| J691 | Pneumonitis due to inhalation of oils and essences |
| J691 | Pneumonitis due to inhalation of oils and essences |
| J698 | Pneumonitis due to inhalation of other solids and liquids |
| J698 | Pneumonitis due to inhalation of other solids and liquids |
| J700 | Acute pulmonary manifestations due to radiation |
| J701 | Chronic and other pulmonary manifestations due to radiation |
| J702 | Acute drug-induced interstitial lung disorders |
| J703 J704 | Chronic drug-induced interstitial lung disorders |
| J704 J708 | Drug-induced interstitial lung disorders, unspecified Respiratory conditions due to other specified external agents |
| J708 J709 | Respiratory conditions due to unspecified external agents |
| 180 | Acute respiratory distress syndrome |
| J80 J810 | Acute pulmonary edema |
| J810 J811 | Chronic pulmonary edema |
| J811 J82 | Pulmonary eosinophilia, not elsewhere classified |
| J82 J8401 | Alveolar proteinosis |
| 10401 | |

| ICD-10-CM Code | Respiratory Code Description |
|-----------------|--|
| J8402 | Pulmonary alveolar microlithiasis |
| J8403 | Idiopathic pulmonary hemosiderosis |
| J8409 | Other alveolar and parieto-alveolar conditions |
| J8410 | Pulmonary fibrosis, unspecified |
| J84111 | Idiopathic interstitial pneumonia, not otherwise specified |
| J84112 | Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis |
| J84113 | Idiopathic non-specific interstitial pneumonitis |
| J84114 | Acute interstitial pneumonitis |
| J84115 | Respiratory bronchiolitis interstitial lung disease |
| J84116 | Cryptogenic organizing pneumonia |
| J84117 | Desquamative interstitial pneumonia |
| J8417 | Other interstitial pulmonary diseases with fibrosis in diseases classified elsewhere |
| J8417 J842 | Lymphoid interstitial pneumonia |
| J842 J8481 | Lymphangioleiomyomatosis |
| J8481 J8482 | Adult pulmonary Langerhans cell histiocytosis |
| J8483 | Surfactant mutations of the lung |
| J8485 J84841 | Neuroendocrine cell hyperplasia of infancy |
| J84842 | Pulmonary interstitial glycogenosis |
| J84843 | Alveolar capillary dysplasia with vein misalignment |
| J84848 | Other interstitial lung diseases of childhood |
| J8489 | Other specified interstitial pulmonary diseases |
| J849 | Interstitial pulmonary disease, unspecified |
| J849 J851 | Abscess of lung with pneumonia |
| J851 J852 | Abscess of lung with pheumonia |
| J853 | Abscess of mediastinum |
| J855 J860 | Pyothorax with fistula |
| J869 | Pyothorax without fistula |
| J90 | Pleural effusion, not elsewhere classified |
| J90 J910 | Malignant pleural effusion |
| J910 J918 | Pleural effusion in other conditions classified elsewhere |
| J918 J920 | Pleural plaque with presence of asbestos |
| J920 J929 | Pleural plaque without asbestos |
| J930 | Spontaneous tension pneumothorax |
| J930 J9311 | Primary spontaneous pneumothorax |
| J9311 J9312 | Secondary spontaneous pneumothorax |
| | Chronic pneumothorax |
| J9381 | |
| J9382 | Other air leak |
| J9383 | Other pneumothorax Pneumothorax |
| J939 | Pneumothorax, unspecified Chylous effusion |
| J940 | · · |
| J941 | Fibrothorax |
| J942 | Hemothorax Other energified playeral conditions |
| J948 | Other specified pleural conditions |
| J949 | Pleural condition, unspecified |
| J954 | Chemical pneumonitis due to anesthesia |
| J95811 | Postprocedural pneumothorax |

| ICD-10-CM Code | Respiratory Code Description |
|----------------|---|
| J95821 | Acute postprocedural respiratory failure |
| J95822 | Acute and chronic postprocedural respiratory failure |
| J95851 | Ventilator associated pneumonia |
| J9600 | Acute respiratory failure, unspecified whether with hypoxia or hypercapnia |
| J9601 | Acute respiratory failure with hypoxia |
| J9602 | Acute respiratory failure with hypercapnia |
| J9610 | Chronic respiratory failure, unspecified whether with hypoxia or hypercapnia |
| J9611 | Chronic respiratory failure with hypoxia |
| J9612 | Chronic respiratory failure with hypercapnia |
| J9620 | Acute and chronic respiratory failure, unspecified whether with hypoxia or |
| | hypercapnia |
| J9621 | Acute and chronic respiratory failure with hypoxia |
| J9622 | Acute and chronic respiratory failure with hypercapnia |
| J9690 | Respiratory failure, unspecified, unspecified whether with hypoxia or hypercapnia |
| J9691 | Respiratory failure, unspecified with hypoxia |
| J9692 | Respiratory failure, unspecified with hypercapnia |
| J9801 | Acute bronchospasm |
| J9809 | Other diseases of bronchus, not elsewhere classified |
| J9811 | Atelectasis |
| J9819 | Other pulmonary collapse |
| J982 | Interstitial emphysema |
| J983 | Compensatory emphysema |
| J984 | Other disorders of lung |
| J985 | Diseases of mediastinum, not elsewhere classified |
| J9851 | Mediastinitis |
| J9859 | Other diseases of mediastinum, not elsewhere classified |
| J986 | Disorders of diaphragm |
| J988 | Other specified respiratory disorders |
| J989 | Respiratory disorder, unspecified |
| J99 | Respiratory disorders in diseases classified elsewhere |
| M0510 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of unspecified site |
| M05111 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of right shoulder |
| M05112 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of left shoulder |
| M05119 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of unspecified shoulder |
| M05121 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of right elbow |
| M05122 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of left elbow |
| M05129 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of unspecified elbow |
| M05131 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of right wrist |
| M05132 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of left wrist |
| M05139 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of unspecified wrist |
| M05141 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of right hand |
| M05142 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of left hand |
| M05149 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of unspecified hand |
| M05151 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of right hip |
| M05152 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of left hip |
| M05159 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of unspecified hip |

| ICD-10-CM Code | Respiratory Code Description |
|----------------|--|
| M05161 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of right knee |
| M05162 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of left knee |
| M05169 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of unspecified knee |
| M05171 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of right ankle and foot |
| M05172 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of left ankle and foot |
| M05179 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of unspecified ankle and foot |
| M0519 | Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of multiple sites |
| O29011 | Aspiration pneumonitis due to anesthesia during pregnancy, first trimester |
| O29012 | Aspiration pneumonitis due to anesthesia during pregnancy, second trimester |
| O29013 | Aspiration pneumonitis due to anesthesia during pregnancy, third trimester |
| O29019 | Aspiration pneumonitis due to anesthesia during pregnancy, unspecified trimester |
| 0740 | Aspiration pneumonitis due to anesthesia during labor and delivery |
| O8901 | Aspiration pneumonitis due to anesthesia during the puerperium |
| P230 | Congenital pneumonia due to viral agent |
| P231 | Congenital pneumonia due to Chlamydia |
| P232 | Congenital pneumonia due to staphylococcus |
| P233 | Congenital pneumonia due to streptococcus, group B |
| P234 | Congenital pneumonia due to Escherichia coli |
| P235 | Congenital pneumonia due to Pseudomonas |
| P236 | Congenital pneumonia due to other bacterial agents |
| P238 | Congenital pneumonia due to other organisms |
| P239 | Congenital pneumonia, unspecified |
| P251 | Pneumothorax originating in the perinatal period |
| P252 | Pneumomediastinum originating in the perinatal period |
| P285 | Respiratory failure of newborn |
| Q341 | Congenital cyst of mediastinum |
| R0901 | Asphyxia |
| R091 | Pleurisy |
| R092 | Respiratory arrest |

Initial Encounter for Injury (Including Burns)

| ICD-10-CM Code | |
|---|--|
| Range | Injury Code Range Description |
| S00- to S99 | Injuries head, neck, thorax, abdomen, lower back, lumbar spine, pelvis, shoulder, arm, elbow, forearm, wrist, hand, hip, thigh, knee, leg, ankle, and foot |
| T07- to T14- | Injuries involving multiple body regions or unspecified body regions |
| T15- to T19- | Effects of foreign body entering through natural orifice |
| T20- to T34- | Burns and frostbite |
| T36- to T50- with a 6th character of 1, 2, 3, or 4 (Exceptions: T36.9, T37.9, T39.9, T41.4, T42.7, T43.9, T45.9, T47.9, and T49.9 with a 5th character of 1, 2, 3, or 4) | Poisoning by, adverse effect of drugs, medicaments and biological substances |
| T51- to T65- | Toxic effects of substances chiefly nonmedicinal as to source (non-drug poisoning) |
| T66- to T70- | Radiation, effects of health and light, hypothermia, other effects of reduced temperature, effects of air and water pressure |
| T71- | Asphyxiation |
| T72- to T76- | Effects of other deprivation, abuse, neglect, maltreatment and other/unspecified effects of other external causes and adverse effects |
| T79- | Certain early complications of trauma |
| T8404- | Periprosthetic fracture around internal prosthetic joint (valid until September 30, 2016) |
| M97- | Periprosthetic fracture around internal prosthetic joint (valid starting October 1, 2016) |
| 09A2- | Injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium and |
| O9A5- | Psychological abuse complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium |

B-12

Qualifying codes required to have a 7th character of A, B, C or missing indicating an initial encounter.