Description of Data Elements

Nationwide Inpatient Sample (NIS)

Inpatient Core Files

This document contains cumulative descriptions of data elements across all states and years of HCUP data from 1988 to the current data year. Please refer to the Overview of the Nationwide Inpatient Sample for specific information on which states are included in each year of the NIS.

Not all data elements in the NIS are uniformly coded or available across all the states. Please check the "State Specific Notes" section for each data element before analysis.

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TOTCHG_X – Total charges, as received from data source
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ZIPINC – Median household income for patient's zip code

AGE – Age in years at admission

General Notes

Age in years (AGE) is calculated from the birth date (DOB) and the admission date (ADATE) with the following exceptions:

- AGE is set to the supplied age if the age cannot be calculated (ADATE and/or DOB is missing or invalid). Note: If the supplied age is the age at discharge instead of the age at admission, then the supplied age is NOT used.
- AGE is missing (.) if the age cannot be calculated and the supplied age is missing.
- AGE is invalid (.A) if
 - it is out of range (AGE NE 0-124) or
 - the age cannot be calculated and the supplied age is nonnumeric.

An invalid calculated AGE is not replaced by the supplied age.

- If the data source does not provide the necessary dates to calculate age or the reported age at admission, then beginning in the 1998 data, AGE is not present on the HCUP files. In the 1988-1997 data, AGE is retained on the HCUP files and is set to unavailable from source (.B).
- AGE is set to inconsistent (.C) if one of the HCUP edit checks is triggered. The age edit checks vary by year.
 - Beginning in the 1998 data, AGE is less than 0 (EAGE02), is greater than 124 (EAGE03), is inconsistent with neonatal diagnoses (EAGE04), or is inconsistent with maternal diagnoses/procedures (EAGE05).
 - In the 1988-1997 data, AGE is inconsistent with AGEDAY (ED021), neonatal diagnoses (ED3nn), maternal diagnoses (ED4nn), or maternal procedures (ED5nn).

When processing the 1996 HCUP data, no adjustment was made for the leap year when age was calculated from date of birth and admission date. This caused infants admitted on the day before their first birthday to have AGE=1 instead of AGE.

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
Ŭ	Age in years at	0-124	Age in years
	admission	•	Missing
		.A	Invalid
		.В	Unavailable from source (coded in 1988-1997 data only)
		.C	Inconsistent: beginning with 1998 data, EAGE02, EAGE03, EAGE04, EAGE05; in 1988-1997 data, ED021, ED3nn, ED4nnn, ED5nn

State Specific Notes

Arizona

The reported age was not used when AGE could not be calculated because Arizona supplied age at discharge.

California

In all years, California assigned the date of birth to admission date when the admission date was not reported and the discharge had a principal diagnosis indicating a newborn (defined as DX1 equal to V3x.0x). This caused the calculated age to be 0 days.

Prior to 1995, California reported ages at discharge. Only the calculated age was used to assign AGE.

Beginning in 1995, California reported ages at admission. When AGE could not be calculated from dates, the reported age was assigned.

Colorado

Beginning with 1998, the Colorado supplied age at admission was used to assign AGE when the age could not be calculated.

From 1994-1997, Colorado supplied age at admission. For consistency with earlier years of the SASD, however, only the calculated age was used to assign the HCUP variable AGE.

From 1988-1993, Colorado did not supply age at admission. Only the calculated age could be used to assign the HCUP variable age.

Connecticut

Patient age could not be calculated from dates since Connecticut did not report full dates of birth. During HCUP processing, only the reported age could be used to assign AGE.

Florida

In 1997, patient age could not be calculated from dates since Florida did not report admission or birth dates. During HCUP processing, only the reported age could be used to assign AGE.

Beginning in 1998, Florida supplied ADATE and DOB for patients less than 11 years old. Only the reported age in years could be used to assign AGE for patients over 10 years old.

Georgia

Patient age could not be calculated from dates because Georgia did not supply date of birth. During HCUP processing, only the reported age could be used to assign AGE.

Hawaii

Beginning in 1998, Hawaii provided the date of birth (DOB) with a four-digit year.

In prior years, only a two-digit year was available. To compensate for the two-digit birth year, the birth century was assigned as 1800 if the reported date of birth was after the admission date. Birth century was assigned as 1900 for all other records.

Illinois

Only the calculated age could be used to assign AGE because Illinois did not supply age in years.

lowa

AGE may differ by one year from the actual age. When only the year of birth is available, Iowa assigns the day and month of birth to '01', which may cause the age calculated from birth date to be one year less than the actual age.

Massachusetts

Prior to October 1998, ages greater than 100 years should be interpreted with caution. Age is calculated using the birth and admission date, but only a two-digit year for date of birth (DOB) was provided by the data source. An additional indicator variable provided by the data source, the "Century Birth date," indicates whether the age of the patient was greater or less than 100 years. HCUP experience has shown that this indicator was often not set when it should have been. Thus, if the century indicator specified 1800 or the birth date occurred after the admit date, the century for the date of birth was set to 1800. If the birth date is erroneously after the admit date, this rule causes the age in years (AGE) to be incorrectly greater than 100. If the age does not agree with neonatal or maternal diagnoses and/or procedures, the age is set to inconsistent (.C).

Beginning in October 1998, Massachusetts provides a four-digit birth year. The birth century indicator and the admission date are not used to modify the date of birth.

Nebraska

Only the calculated age in years could be used to assign AGE because Nebraska did not supply this information.

New Jersey

Prior to 1994, New Jersey reports age as a two-digit code with a maximum of 99 and provides a birth century indicator. Beginning in 1994, New Jersey provides a four-digit birth year. If age could not be calculated (ADATE or DOB missing or invalid) then age was assigned as follows:

<u>Year of</u> Data	HCUP processing of AGE
1988-1991	If DOB is greater than ADATE, assign AGE as the reported age plus 100. Otherwise, assign AGE as the reported two- digit age.
1992-1993	If DOB is greater than ADATE, assign AGE as the reported age plus 100. Otherwise, assign AGE as the reported two- digit age and add 100 if the birth century flag indicates that the patient is age 100 or older.
Beginning 1994	Assign AGE as the reported age, if the reported AGE was in the range of 1-124 years. Otherwise, assign AGE as invalid (.A).

New York

In the 1988-1997 HCUP New York databases, AGE could not be calculated because New York did not report full admission and birth dates. During HCUP processing, only the reported age in years could be used to assign AGE.

Beginning with the 1998 data, New York provided complete dates and AGE could be calculated.

Oregon

Oregon reports age at discharge. During HCUP processing, reported age was not used when patient age (AGE) could not be calculated from dates.

Pennsylvania

Pennsylvania discharges which are considered as having "sensitive conditions" based on their DRG, diagnoses, and procedures, had AGE set as follows:

If AGE is coded (>= 0), set AGE to the midpoint of 5-year intervals. The age intervals begin with 0-4 and end with 85+. For example,

AGE	New Value
0 - 4	2
5 - 9	7
10 - 14	12
15 - 19	17
20 - 24	22
5 year increment	midpoint of 5 year interval
85+	85

The sensitive conditions and the screens for selecting them are listed below. The DRG and ICD-9-CM code screens are separated by "or" operators. The screen for sensitive conditions is updated as appropriate each year. Some out-of-date diagnoses and procedures, marked by "(D)", were dropped from the screen. Other diagnoses and procedures were added; these are marked by "(A)."

	DRG's OR	Diagnoses OR	Procedures
		634-634.92 (D)	69.01, 69.02
		635-635.99 (A)	69.09 (AD)
		636-636.99 (D)	69.51-69.59
Abortion	380-381	637-637.99 (D)	69.93 (D)
		638-638.99 (D)	74.91, 75.0
		639-639.99 (D)	96.49 (D)
		V61.7	
		042	
		043-044.9 (D)	
AIDS/HIV	488-490	795.71 (A)	
	-00 -30	795.8 (D)	
		V08 (A)	
		V65.44 (A)	
		290-302.9, 306-319	
	424-432	E95.0-E95.90	
Psychiatric		E98.0-E98.99	942.1942.9, 943.1-943.9, 944.1-944.4, 945.1-945.2,
		V11.0-V11.99 (A)	9459
	433-437, 521-523	303-305.93	
Substance		980.0 (A)	944.5-944.6, 945.3-945.4,
Abuse		V65.42 (A)	946.1-946.9
		V791	
Vaparaal		090.0-099.9	
Venereal Disease		V027	

South Carolina

The calculation of AGE differs across years.

Beginning in 2000

South Carolina reported a four-digit year for date of birth (DOB). No adjustments to birth century were made during HCUP processing.

From 1996 to 1999

Only a two-digit year for date (DOB) was provided by the data source.

- If DOB > admission date (ADATE), the birth century was assigned as 18 (e.g., if ADATE = 01/02/88 and DOB = 01/03/88, then the birth year was set to 1888 and the calculated age was 99).
- If DOB <= ADATE, the birth century was assigned as 19 (e.g., if ADATE = 01/02/88 and DOB = 01/01/88, then the birth year was set to 1988 and the calculated age in years was 0).

Using only the admission date to determine births in the 1800s causes no patient ages to be greater than 99 years.

In 1993 and 1995

South Carolina reported a two-digit year for date of birth (DOB). During HCUP processing, the birth century was assigned as 1800 if the reported age was at least 100 or the reported date of birth was after the admission date. Birth century was assigned as 1900 for all other records.

<u>In 1994</u>

South Carolina reported a four-digit year for date of birth (DOB). No adjustments to birth century were made during HCUP processing.

Tennessee

Only the calculated age could be used to assign AGE because Tennessee did not supply age in years.

Texas

Age in years (AGE) was set to the midpoints of age ranges. There are 22 age groups for the general patient population and 5 age groups for the HIV or alcohol/drug use patients. The age groups are shown below:

Texas Restriction on AGE for General Patient Population other than HIV or Drug/Alcohol Use Patients			
Age Range	New value of AGE		
0	0		
1-4	2		
5-9	7		
10-14	12		
15-17	16		
18-19	19		
20-24	22		
25-29	27		
30-34	32		
35-39	37		
40-44	42		
45-49	47		
50-54	52		
55-59	57		
60-64	62		
65-69	67		
70-74	72		
75-79	77		
80-84	82		
85-89	87		
90 and above	90		

Texas Restriction on AGE for HIV or Drug/Alcohol Use Patients			
Age Range	New value of AGE		
0	0		
1-17	8		
18-44	31		
45-64	54		
65-74	69		
75 and above	75		
The HIV or drug/alcohol use patients are identified by any principal or secondary diagnosis code on the record having the first four characters equal to one of the values in the following list: "2910", "2911", "2912", "2913", "2914", "2915", "2918", "2919", "2920", "2921", "2922", "2928", "2929", "3030", "3039", "3040", "3041", "3042", "3043", "3044", "3045", "3046", "3047", "3048", "3049", "3050", "3052", "3053", "3054", "3055", "3056", "3057", "3058", "3059", "7903", and "042".			

Utah

The reported age was not used when AGE could not be calculated because Utah supplied age at discharge.

Virginia

Patient age could not be calculated from dates since Virginia did not report date of birth. During HCUP processing, only the reported age could be used to assign AGE.

Washington

Availability of Reported Age

During HCUP processing of 1988-1992 discharges, the reported age was not used when AGE could not be calculated because Washington reported age at discharge. The appropriate edit check for consistency of reported and calculated ages could not be performed.

Beginning with 1993 discharges, Washington reported age at time of admission, consistent with the HCUP definition of AGE. Therefore, if the patient's age could not be calculated from dates, the reported age was assigned to AGE.

Ages Greater Than 99 Years

For 1988-1992 discharges, due to the coding of date of birth, no patient ages are greater than 99 years. Only a two-digit year for date of birth (DOB) was provided by the data source.

- If DOB is greater than admission date (ADATE), the birth century was assigned as 18 (e.g., if ADATE = 01/02/88 and DOB = 01/03/88, then the birth year was set to 1888 and the calculated age was 99).
- If DOB is less than or equal to ADATE, the birth century was assigned as 19 (e.g., if ADATE = 01/02/88 and DOB = 01/01/88, then the birth year was set to 1988 and the calculated age in years was 0).

For 1993-1996 discharges, the birth century was assigned as 1800 if the reported age was at least 100 or the reported date of birth was after the admission date. Birth century was assigned as 1900 for all other record. The age range is not truncated at 99.

Beginning in 1997, the reported age was no longer used to indicate ages over 100. This is consistent with the coding of AGE in other states. The coding of AGE in 1997 is the same as specified for 1988-1992.

Beginning in 1998, Washington provided a four-digit birth year with the century. If the reported date of birth was greater than the admission date, then the original date of birth remains unchanged and the age at admission (AGE and AGEDAY) was set to inconsistent (.C).

Wisconsin

An error during HCUP processing of 1989-1992 discharges caused age in years (AGE) and date of birth (DOB) to be set to missing (.) for all patients born in the year 1900. Beginning with 1993 discharges, AGE and DOB were processed correctly.

From 1989-1994, only the calculated age could be used to assign AGE because Wisconsin did not supply age in years. The appropriate edit check for consistency of reported and calculated ages could not be performed.

For 1995 discharges, the source supplied an age in years which was used if the age could not be calculated from date of birth and admission date.

Beginning in 1996, only the calculated age could be used to assign AGE because Wisconsin had truncated ages over 96 years to age 96.

AGEDAY – Age in days (when AGE is less than 1 year)

General Notes

Age in days (AGEDAY) is reported for patients less than 1 year old. AGEDAY is calculated from date of birth (DOB) and the admission date (ADATE) with the following exceptions:

- AGEDAY is set to the supplied age in days if the age cannot be calculated (ADATE and/or DOB is missing or invalid).
- AGEDAY is missing (.) if the age cannot be calculated and the reported age in days is missing.
- AGEDAY is missing (.) if the calculated age in years is out of range (AGE NE 0-124).
- AGEDAY is invalid (.A) if the age in days cannot be calculated and the supplied age in days is nonnumeric. An invalid calculated AGEDAY is not replaced by the reported age in days.
- If the data source does not provide the necessary dates to calculate age in days or the reported age in days, then beginning in the 1998 data, AGEDAY is not present on the HCUP files. In the 1988-1997 data, AGEDAY is retained on the HCUP files and is set to unavailable from source (.B).
- AGEDAY is set to inconsistent (.C) if one of the HCUP edit checks is triggered. The age edit checks vary by year.
 - Beginning in the 1998 data, AGEDAY is inconsistent with neonatal diagnoses (EAGE04), or is inconsistent with maternal diagnoses/procedures (EAGE05).
 - In the 1998-1997 data, AGEDAY is inconsistent with AGE (ED021), neonatal diagnoses (ED3nn), maternal diagnoses (ED4nn), or maternal procedures (ED5nn).

When processing the 1996 HCUP inpatient data, no adjustment was made for the leap year when age was calculated from date of birth and admission date. This caused infants admitted on the day before their first birthday to have AGE=1 and AGEDAY = missing (.), instead of AGE=0 and AGEDAY=364.

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
AGEDAY Age in days (when AGE is	0,00,00	0-364	Days
	(when AGE is less than 1 year)	•	Missing
	less than i year)	.A	Invalid
		.В	Unavailable from source (coded in 1988-1997 data only)
		.C	Inconsistent: beginning with 1998 data, EAGE04, EAGE05; in 1988-1997 data, ED021, ED3nn, ED4nnn, ED5nn

State Specific Notes

Arizona

Only the calculated age could be used to assign AGEDAY because Arizona did not supply age in days.

California

California assigned the date of birth to admission date when the admission date was not reported and the discharge had a principal diagnosis indicating a newborn (defined as DX1 equal to V3x.0x). This caused the calculated age to be 0 days.

Connecticut

Patient AGEDAY could not be calculated from dates since Connecticut did not report full dates of birth. During HCUP processing, only the reported age in days could be used to assign AGEDAY.

Georgia

Beginning in the 2001 data, Georgia no longer supplied 30-day intervals for age in days but instead furnished a calculated age in days ranging from 0-365.

AGEDAY is coded differently in Georgia than in the other HCUP states. AGEDAY was assigned from the reported age in days because Georgia did not supply date of birth.

- Patients less than 1 month old are coded in days from 0 to 30 (i.e., 0, 1, 2, 3 etc.).
- Patients between 1 month and 1 year old are coded in 30-day intervals (i.e., 30, 60, 90, 120, etc.)

The maximum value for AGEDAY is 330.

Hawaii

Beginning in 2000, the reported age in days was used when the age in days could not be calculated from dates. Prior to 2000, only the calculated age could be used to assign AGEDAY. From 1996-1998, Hawaii did not supply age in days. In 1998-1999, Hawaii reported age in days, but the coding was not consistent with the HCUP standard coding.

Beginning in 1998, Hawaii provided the date of birth (DOB) with a four-digit year. In prior years, only a two-digit year was available.

Illinois

Only the calculated age could be used to assign AGEDAY because Illinois did not supply age in days.

lowa

AGEDAY may be incorrectly set to invalid (.A) on newborn records. When only the year of birth is available, Iowa codes the day and month of birth to '01'. This causes the calculated age in days to be negative, and therefore set to invalid (.A).

Only the calculated age could be used to assign AGEDAY. Prior to 1998, Iowa did not supply age in days. Beginning in 1998, Iowa supplied age in days, but the coding was inconsistent with HCUP standards.

Kentucky

Only the calculated age in days could be used to assign AGEDAY because Kentucky did not supply this information.

Maine

Only the calculated age could be used to assign AGEDAY because Maine did not supply age in days.

Minnesota

Only the calculated age in days could be used to assign AGEDAY because Minnesota did not supply this information.

Nebraska

Only the calculated age in days could be used to assign AGEDAY because Nebraska did not supply this information.

New Jersey

Beginning in 2001, the reported Age in Days was used when AGEDAY could not be calculated. Only the calculated age could be used to assign AGEDAY because New Jersey did not supply age in days.

New York

In the 1988-1997 HCUP New York databases, AGEDAY could not be calculated because New York did not report full admission and birth dates. During HCUP processing, only the reported age in days could be used to assign AGEDAY.

Beginning with the 1998 data, New York provided complete dates and AGEDAY could be calculated.

North Carolina

Only the calculated age in days could be used to assign AGEDAY because North Carolina did not supply this information.

Oregon

During HCUP processing, only the calculated age in days could be used to assign AGEDAY because:

- Oregon did not report age in days in the data prior to 1998 and
- Oregon reported age in days at discharge beginning in the 1998 data.

Pennsylvania

Pennsylvania discharges which are considered as having "sensitive conditions" based on their DRG, diagnoses, and procedures, had AGEDAY set to missing (.) if AGEDAY was coded (AGEDAY ≥ 0).

The sensitive conditions and the screens for selecting them are listed below. The DRG and ICD-9-CM code screens are separated by "or" operators. The screen for sensitive conditions is updated as appropriate each year. Some out-of-date diagnoses and procedures, marked by "(D)", were dropped from the screen. Other diagnoses and procedures were added; these are marked by "(A)."

	DRG's OR	Diagnoses OR	Procedures	
		634-634.92 (D)	69.01, 69.02	
		635-635.99 (A)	69.09 (AD)	
		636-636.99 (D)	69.51-69.59	
Abortion	380-381	637-637.99 (D)	69.93 (D)	
		638-638.99 (D)	74.91, 75.0	
		639-639.99 (D)	96.49 (D)	
		V61.7		
		042		
		043-044.9 (D)		
AIDS/HIV	488-490	795.71 (A)		
	400-490	795.8 (D)		
		V08 (A)		
		V65.44 (A)		
		290-302.9, 306-319		
	424-432	E95.0-E95.90		
Psychiatric		E98.0-E98.99	942.1942.9, 943.1-943.9, 944.1-944.4, 945.1-945.2,	
		V11.0-V11.99 (A)	9459	
		V790, V798, V799 (A)		
	433-437, 521-523	303-305.93		
Substance		980.0 (A)	944.5-944.6, 945.3-945.4,	
Abuse		V65.42 (A)	946.1-946.9	
		V791		

Vanaraal	090.0-099.9	
Venereal Disease	V027	
	V028	

Rhode Island

Only the calculated age in days could be used to assign AGEDAY because Rhode Island did not supply this information.

Tennessee

Only the calculated age could be used to assign AGEDAY because Tennessee did not supply age in days.

Utah

Only the calculated age could be used to assign AGEDAY because Utah did not supply age in days.

Virginia

Age in days could not be calculated from dates since Virginia did not report the date of birth. During HCUP processing, only the reported age in days could be used to assign AGEDAY.

Vermont

Only the calculated age in days could be used to assign AGEDAY because Vermont did not supply this information.

Washington

Only the calculated age could be used to assign AGEDAY because Washington did not supply age in days.

West Virginia

Only the calculated age in days could be used to assign AGEDAY because West Virginia did not supply this information.

AMONTH – Admission month

General Notes

Admission month (AMONTH) is derived from either the month of the admission date or the supplied admission month. A valid nonmissing month is assigned to AMONTH even if the admission year or day is invalid or missing. Therefore, it is possible to have a valid AMONTH when the admission date is invalid or missing.

If AMONTH is nonnumeric or out of range (month NE 1-12), then AMONTH is invalid (.A).

If the data source does not provide the admission month, then beginning in the 1998 data, AMONTH is not present on the HCUP files. In the 1988-1997 data, AMONTH is retained on the HCUP files and is set to unavailable from source (.B).

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
AMONTH	H Admission month	1-12	Admit month
		•	Missing
		.A	Invalid
		.В	Unavailable from source (coded in 1988-1997 data only)

State Specific Notes

None

ASOURCE – Admission source, uniform coding

General Notes

ASOURCE indicates the source of the admission (emergency department; transfer from a hospital; routine, birth and other; etc.) recoded into HCUP uniform values. Routine, birth, and other (ASOURCE=5) includes referrals from physicians, clinics, and HMOs. Transfer from a hospital may include transfers within the same hospital as well as transfers between hospitals.

If the data source does not provide the admission source, then beginning in the 1998 data, ASOURCE is not present on the HCUP files. In the 1988-1997 data, ASOURCE is retained on the HCUP files and is set to unavailable from source (.B).

Beginning in the 1998 data, the data element ASOURCE_X retains the source of admission as provided by the data source.

	Uniform Values					
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description			
ASOURCE	Admission	1	Emergency department			
	source, uniform coding	2	Another hospital			
Coung		3	Another health facility including long term care			
		4	Court/Law enforcement			
		5	Routine, birth, and other			
		•	Missing			
	.A	Invalid				
		.В	Unavailable from source (coded in 1988-1997 data only)			

State Specific Notes

Arizona

	Arizona			
	ASOURCE_X	ASOURCE		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility including	
6	Transfer from another health care facility		long-term care	
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinic referral			
3	HMO/AHCCCS health plan referral			
1	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5	Routine including births and other sources	
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)			
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
9, Blank	Information not available, Missing	•	Missing	
	Any values not documented by the data source		Invalid	

California

	California			
	ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
nn1	Route was this hospital's emergency room	1	Emergency department	
51n, where n = 0 or 2	Acute inpatient care (this hospital)	2	Another hospital	
52n, where n = 0 or 2	Acute inpatient care (another hospital)			
2mn, where m = 0-3, n = 0 or 2	Residential care facility			
3mn, where m = 0-3, n = 0 or 2	Ambulatory surgery			
4mn, where m = 0-3, n = 0 or 2	Skilled Nursing/Intermediate care	3	Other health facility including long-term care	
5mn, where m = 0 or 3, n = 0 or 2	Acute inpatient hospital care (not a hospital)			
6mn, where m = 0-3, n = 0 or 2	Other inpatient hospital care			
8mn, where m = 0-3, n = 0 or 2	Prison/jail	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1mn, where m = 0-3, n = 0 or 2	Home			
7mn, where m = 0-3, n = 0 or 2	Newborn	5	Routine including births and other sources	
9mn, where m = 0-3, n = 0 or 2	Other			
000, Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
Any values no source	t documented by the data	.A	Invalid	

The <u>first digit</u> of ASOURCE_X describes the <u>site</u> from which the patient originated (e.g., home (1), residential care facility (2), ambulatory surgery (3), skilled nursing/intermediate care (4), acute inpatient hospital care (5), other inpatient hospital care (6), newborn (7), prison/jail (8), other (9)).

The <u>second digit</u> of ASOURCE_X describes the <u>license</u> of site from which the patient originated (e.g., this hospital (1), another hospital (2), not a hospital (3)).

The <u>third digit</u> describes the <u>route</u> by which the patient was admitted (e.g., this hospital's emergency room (1), not this hospital's emergency room (2). Source value 2 includes patients seen in the emergency room of another hospital and patients not seen in any emergency room.).

Newborns

In all years, California assigned all records containing a principal diagnosis code of "newborn, born in hospital" (defined as DX1 equal to V3x.0x) to an admission source of newborn, regardless of the admission source reported by the hospital. These discharges are included under the uniform category routine, birth, and other (ASOURCE = 5).

Home Health Service

Prior to 1995, the categories coded under routine, birth, and other (ASOURCE = 5) included an admission source of "Home Health Service."

Beginning in 1995, home health service is not reported by California as a separate category. No documentation is available from the source to indicate whether home health service is reported under another source category.

Court/Law Enforcement

Prior to 1995, the source documentation supplied by California does not indicate which source categories are used for "Court/Law Enforcement" (ASOURCE=4).

Beginning in 1995, the source reported a separate category for admissions from "Prison/Jail." These discharges are included under the uniform category "Court/Law Enforcement" (ASOURCE = 4).

Ambulatory Surgery

Beginning in 1995, the source reports a separate category for admissions from ambulatory surgery. These discharges are included under the uniform category "Other Facility, Including Long Term Care" (ASOURCE = 3).

Colorado

Colorado				
	ASOURCE_X	ASOURCE		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from a hospital			
А	Transfer from a rural hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from SNF		Other health facility including	
6	Transfer from another facility	3	long-term care	
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinic referral			
3	HMO referral			
1	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5	Routine including births and	
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)		other sources	
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
9, 0, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid	

Connecticut

	Connecticut				
	ASOURCE_X	ASOURCE			
Value	Description	Value	Description		
2	Emergency department	1	Emergency department		
4	Another hospital	2	Another hospital		
3	Outpatient department	3	Other health facility including		
5	SNF/ICF		long-term care		
		4	Court/Law enforcement		
1	Routine from home				
6	Newborn	5	Routine including births and		
7	Still born		other sources		
8	Same day care				
Blank	Missing		Missing		
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid		

Florida

	Florida				
ASOURCE_X			ASOURCE		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
07	Emergency room	1	Emergency department		
04	Transfer from hospital	2	Another hospital		
05	Transfer from skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility including long-term care		
06	Transfer from another health care facility	_ 5			
08	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement		
01	Physician referral	5	Routine including births and other sources		
02	Clinic referral				
03	HMO referral				
10	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)				
11	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)				
12	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)				

13	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)		
09, 14, Blank	Other/Unknown, Other/Unknown (if ATYPE=4), Missing		Missing
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid

Georgia

Georgia				
	ASOURCE_X	ASOURCE		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility including	
6	Transfer from another health care facility	0	long-term care	
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Referral			
2	Clinic referral			
3	HMO referral			
1	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5	Routine including births and	
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)		other sources	
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
0, 9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing	
Any other values including alphabetic characters		.A	Invalid	

Hawaii

Hawaii				
ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from hospital			
A	Transfer from a rural hospital primary care facility	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility	
6	Transfer from another health care facility	5	including long-term care	
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinic referral		Routine including births and other sources	
3	HMO referral			
1	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5		
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)			
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing	
Any valı data so	ues not documented by the urce	.A	Invalid	
and one • If a	on source information was prove of for all other patients. ASOUR f a newborn record (ATYPE=4) admission source, Else ASOUR non-newborns.	CE_X w	as assigned as follows: SOURCE_X = the newborn	

Illinois

Illinois			
	ASOURCE_X	ASOURCE	
Value	Description	Value	Description
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department
4	Transfer from hospital		
A	Transfer from a rural hospital (beginning in 1997)	2	Another hospital
5	Transfer from SNF		Other health facility
6	Transfer from another health care facility	3	including long-term care
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement
1	Physician referral		
2	Clinic referral		
3	HMO referral		
1	Normal Delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5	Routine including births and
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)		other sources
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)		
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)		
9, Blank	Missing	•	Missing
Any val data so	ues not documented by the urce	.A	Invalid

lowa

lowa				
	ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility including	
6	Transfer from another health care facility		long-term care	
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinic referral]		
3	HMO referral]		
1	Normal birth (if ATYPE=4)		Routine including births and	
2	Premature birth (if ATYPE=4)	5	other sources	
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing	
-	Any values not documented by the data source		Invalid	

Kentucky

Kentucky			
	ASOURCE_X	ASOURCE	
Value	Description	Value	Description
07	Emergency room	1	Emergency department
04	Transfer from hospital		
A	Transfer from critical care hospital	2	Another hospital
05	Transfer from SNF		Other health facility including
06	Transfer from another health care facility	3	long-term care
08	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement
01	Physician referral		
02	Clinic referral		
03	HMO referral		Douting including hirths and
11	Normal delivery	5	Routine including births and other sources
12	Premature delivery		
13	Sick baby		
14	Extramural birth		
09, 19, Blank	Missing	•	Missing
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid

Maine

Maine				
ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from a hospital			
А	Transfer from a critical access hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from SNF		Other health facility including long-term care	
6	Transfer from another facility	3		
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinic referral]		
3	HMO referral			
1	Normal newborn (if ATYPE = 4)	5	Routine including births and	
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE = 4)		other sources	
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE = 4)]		
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE = 4)			
0, 9, Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
Any othe the data	r values not documented by source	.A	Invalid	

Maryland

Maryland			
ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE	
Value	Description	Value	Description
05	Admitted from home (when the emergency flag provided by MD indicates the record was admitted from the emergency room)	1	Emergency department
9, 99, Blank	Missing (when the emergency flag provided by MD indicates the record was admitted from the emergency room)		
00	Transferred from on-site acute care unit to rehabilitation unit		Another hospital
01	Transferred from another hospital to a specialty center	2	
02	Transferred from another hospital for any other reason		
11	Transfer from on-site acute care unit to psych unit (Beginning in 2000)		
03	Transferred from a nursing home		
04	Transferred from any other institution		
06	Transferred from Lithotripsy facility		Other health facility including long-term care
07	Transferred from on-site ambulatory outpatient surgery unit		
08	Transferred from off-site ambulatory outpatient surgery unit	3	
12	Admitted from on-site sub-acute facility (beginning in 1996)		
13	Admitted from other sub-acute facility (beginning in 1996)		
		4	Court/Law enforcement
05	Admitted from home (when the emergency flag provided by MD does not indicate the record was admitted from the emergency room)	5	Routine including births and other sources
10	Newborn		
9, 99,	Missing (when the emergency flag	•	Missing

Blank	provided by MD does not indicate the record was admitted from the emergency room)		
Any values not documented by the data source			Invalid
Maryland flagged admissions through emergency rooms as a separate variable from the source of admission. This separate variable was used to recode the source values for "Admitted from Home" (ASOURCE_X = 05) and "Missing" (ASOURCE_X = 9, 99, or blank).			

Massachusetts

Massachusetts				
ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Outside hospital emergency room	1	Emergency department	
R	Within hospital emergency room (beginning in October 1999)	I	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from an acute hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing home			
6	Transfer from Intermediate Care Facility		Other health facility including long-term care	
Т	Transfer from outside ambulatory surgery	3		
Х	Observation			
Y	Within hospital ambulatory surgery			
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Within hospital clinic referral		Routine including births and other sources	
3	HMO referral			
9	Other (to include level 4 nursing facility)			
L	Outside hospital clinic referral			
М	Walk-in / Self Referral	5		
А	Normal delivery (if ATYPE = 4)			
В	Premature delivery (if ATYPE = 4)			
С	Sick baby (if ATYPE = 4)			
W	Extramural birth (if ATYPE = 4)			
D	Extramural birth (if ATYPE = 4)			
0, Z, Bland	Information not available, Missing	•	Missing	
Any valu source	ues not documented by the data	.A	Invalid	

Minnesota

Minnesota				
ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from hospital			
A	Transfer from Critical Access Hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from SNF		Other health facility including long-term care	
6	Transfer from another health facility	3		
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinic referral			
3	HMO referral			
1	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5	Routine including births and	
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)		other sources	
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing	
Any val data so	ues not documented by the urce	.A	Invalid	

Missouri

Missouri				
	ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from hospital			
A	Transfer from a critical access hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility including	
6	Transfer from another health care facility	0	long-term care	
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinic referral			
3	HMO referral			
1	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5	Routine including births and	
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)		other sources	
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid	

Nebraska

	Nebraska			
	ASOURCE_X	ASOURCE		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from hospital			
A	Transfer from critical access hospital	2	Another hospital	
6	Transfer from another health care facility other than an acute care facility		Other bealth facility	
В	Transfer from another home health agency	3	Other health facility including long-term care	
С	Readmission to same home health agency			
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinic referral			
3	HMO referral		Deviting in aludian birthe	
1	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5	Routine including births and other sources	
2	Premature (if ATYPE=4)			
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
9, Blank	Missing	-	Missing	
Any va source	lues not documented by the data	.A	Invalid	

New Jersey

New Jersey				
	ASOURCE_X	ASOURCE		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from an acute care hospital	2	Another hospital	
A	Transfer from a rural primary care hospital	2		
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility including	
6	Transfer from another health care facility	0	long-term care	
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Outpatient or Clinic			
3	HMO			
1	Normal birth (if ATYPE=4)		Routine including births and	
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5	other sources	
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	0	Missing	
Any val data so	ues not documented by the urce	.A	Invalid	

In 1995-1996, the admission source, "Transfer from a Rural Primary Care Hospital" was erroneously recoded to the HCUP uniform category "Other Facility, Including Long Term Care" (ASOURCE = 3). Beginning in 1997, the admission source "Transfer from a Rural Primary Care Hospital" was correctly recoded to the HCUP uniform category "Another Hospital" (ASOURCE = 2). This source value was not available from New Jersey prior to 1995.

New York

Admitted from Outpatient Department

- For 1988-1992, the source category "Admitted From Outpatient Department" was recoded to the HCUP uniform category "Routine, Birth and Other" (ASOURCE = 5).
- For 1993, New York recoded "Admitted From Outpatient Department" into the source category "Emergency Room" and during HCUP processing, it was assigned to the HCUP category "Emergency Department" (ASOURCE = 1).
- Beginning in 1994, New York does not report "Admitted from Outpatient Department."

Transfer from a Rural Primary Care Hospital

 Beginning in 1995, New York reported the admission source, "Transfer from a Rural Primary Care Hospital." This was recoded to the HCUP uniform category "Another Hospital" (ASOURCE = 2).

Other Source

- For 1988-1992, the source category "Other Source" was recoded to the HCUP uniform category "Routine, Birth and Other" (ASOURCE = 5).
- For 1993, New York recoded "Other Source" into the source category "Information Not Available" and during HCUP processing, it was assigned to the HCUP category "Missing" (ASOURCE = .).
- Beginning in 1994, New York does not report "Other Source."

	New York					
	ASOURCE_X	ASOURCE				
Value	Description	Value Description				
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department			
4	Transfer from hospital					
A	Transfer from a rural primary care hospital	2	Another hospital			
5	Transfer from SNF		Other health facility including			
6	Transfer from another health care facility	3	long-term care			
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement			
1	Physician referral	5	Routine including births and			
2	Clinic referral		other sources			
3	HMO referral					

1	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)		
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)		
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)		
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)		
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	0	Missing
	Any values not documented by the data source		Invalid

North Carolina

North Carolina				
	ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility including long-term	
6	Transfer from another health care facility		care	
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinic referral		Routine including births and other sources	
3	HMO referral			
1	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5		
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)			
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
9, 0, 1, N, U, Y; 9,0,5,6,7; Blank	Documented by source as unknown values; Documented by source as unknown values (if ATYPE = 4)	•	Missing	
Any values no	ot documented by the data source	.A	Invalid	

Oregon

Oregon				
	ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE	
Value	Description	Value Description		
07	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
04	Transfer from hospital	2	Another hospital	
05	Transfer from SNF		Other health facility including	
06	Transfer from another health care facility	3	long-term care	
08	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
01	Physician referral			
02	Clinic referral			
03	HMO referral		Routine including births and other sources	
00	Home Health (discontinued in 1999)			
11	Normal delivery			
12	Premature delivery	5		
13	Sick baby			
14	Extramural birth			
21	Admissions office (discontinued in 1998)			
22	Newborn (discontinued in 1998)			
09, 19, Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid	

Pennsylvania

	Pennsylvania			
	ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from hospital			
A	Transfer from a rural primary care facility (Beginning in 1995)	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility			
6	Transfer from another health care facility	3	Other health facility including long-term care	
0	Transfer from psychiatric, substance abuse, or rehabilitation hospital (Beginning in 2000)			
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinic referral			
3	HMO referral			
1	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5	Routine including births and other	
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)		sources	
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
0	Unknown (Valid 1989 - 1999)			
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing	
Any va source	lues not documented by the data	.A	Invalid	

Rhode Island

	Rhode Island			
	ASOURCE_X	ASOURCE		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room			
Z	Emergency room from nursing home	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from SNF		Other health facility including	
6	Transfer from another health facility	3	long-term care	
8	Court/law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinical Referral			
3	HMO Referral			
A	Normal birth (if ATYPE=4)			
В	Premature birth (if ATYPE=4)	5	Routine including births and other sources	
С	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
D	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
E	Newborn (if ATYPE=4)			
F	Stillborn (if ATYPE=4)			
9, Blank	Information not available	•	Missing	
	Any values not documented by the data source		Invalid	

South Carolina

South Carolina				
	ASOURCE_X	ASOURCE		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from hospital			
А	Transfer from a rural primary care hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility including	
6	Transfer from another health care facility		long-term care	
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinic referral			
3	HMO referral			
1	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5	Routine including births and	
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)		other sources	
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
0, 9, Blank	Information not available, Missing	•	Missing	
Any valu data sou	ies not documented by the irce	.A	Invalid	

Tennessee

Tennessee				
	ASOURCE_X ASOURCE			
Value	Description	Value	Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility including	
6	Transfer from another health care facility		long-term care	
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinic Referral			
3	HMO referral			
1	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5	Routine including births and	
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)		other sources	
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid	

Texas

Texas					
	ASOURCE_X	ASOURCE			
Value	Description	Value Description			
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department		
4	Transfer from a hospital				
A	Transfer from a critical access hospital	2	Another hospital		
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility				
6	Transfer from another health care facility	3	Other health facility including long-term		
0	Transfer from a psychiatric, substance abuse, rehabilitation hospital		care		
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement		
1	Physician referral		Routine including births		
2	Clinic Referral				
3	HMO referral	5			
4 **see note below	Newborn		and other sources		
9, Blank	Missing	•	Missing		
"*"" and ar	ny values not documented by purce	.A	Invalid		
Even though Texas data dictionary indicates values for admission source for newborns, admission source is missing for newborns in the data file. Beginning in 2001, these newborn records with missing ASOURCE_X will be recoded to "Routine" (ASOURCE=5).					
**Admission source (ASOURCE_X) is not provided by the data source for newborn discharges. In data year 2000, the HCUP data element for admission source (ASOURCE) is missing on all newborn records. Beginning in 2001, ASOURCE was set to "Routine" (ASOURCE=5) when ASOURCE_X was missing and the admission type indicated a newborn record (ATYPE=4).					

Utah

Utah			
	ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE
Value	Description	Value Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department
4	Transfer from hospital	2	Another hospital
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility
6	Transfer from another health care facility	U	including long-term care
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement
1	Physician Referral		
2	Clinic referral		
3	HMO referral		
1	Normal newborn (if ATYPE=4) (This is not available in the SASD)		
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4) (This is not available in the SASD)	5	Routine including births and other sources
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4) (This is not available in the SASD)		
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4) (This is not available in the SASD)		
0	Newborn		
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing
Any val source	ues not documented by the data	.A	Invalid
SID: Admission source information was provided in two fields; one for newborns and one for all other patients. ASOURCE_X was assigned as follows: If a newborn record (ATYPE=4) then ASOURCE_X = the newborn admission source,			
	SOURCE_X = the admission source	e for no	n-newborns.
SASD:	Only the non-newborn admission s	ource v	vas provided.

Virginia

Virginia			
	ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE
Value	Description	Value Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department
4	Transfer from hospital	2	Another hospital
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility including
6	Transfer from another health care facility		long-term care
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement
1	Physician Referral		
2	Clinic referral		
3	HMO referral		
1	Normal newborn (if ATYPE=4)	5	Routine including births and
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)		other sources
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)		
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)		
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing
Any val data so	ues not documented by the urce	.A	Invalid

Vermont

Vermont				
	ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE	
Value	Description	Value Description		
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from hospital			
A	Transfer from critical access hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility including	
6	Transfer from another health care facility	³ long-term care		
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician Referral			
2	Clinic referral			
3	HMO referral		Routine including births and	
1	Normal newborn (if ATYPE=4)	5		
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)		other sources	
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
9, Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
Any val data so	ues not documented by the urce	.A	Invalid	

Washington

	Washington			
	ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE	
Value	Description	Value Description		
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from a hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility including	
6	Transfer from another health care facility		long-term care	
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinic referral			
3	HMO referral			
9	Other			
1	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5	Routine including births and other sources	
2	Premature delivery (if ATYPE=4)			
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)			
Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
Any va data s	alues not documented by the ource	.Α	Invalid	

West Virginia

West Virginia			
	ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE
Value	Description	Value Description	
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department
4	Transfer from hospital	2	Another hospital
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility including
6	Transfer from another health care facility		long-term care
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement
1	Physician referral		
2	Clinic referral		
3	HMO referral		
1	Normal delivery (if ATYPE=4)	5	Routine including births and
2	Premature birth (if ATYPE=4)		other sources
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE=4)		
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE=4)		
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing
Any val data so	ues not documented by the urce	.A	Invalid

Wisconsin

	Wisconsin			
	ASOURCE_X		ASOURCE	
Value	Description	Value Description		
7	Emergency room	1	Emergency department	
4	Transfer from hospital	2	Another hospital	
5	Transfer from a skilled nursing facility	3	Other health facility including	
6	Transfer from another health care facility		long-term care	
8	Court/Law enforcement	4	Court/Law enforcement	
1	Physician referral			
2	Clinic referral			
3	HMO referral			
1	Normal newborn (if ATYPE = 4)	5	Routine including births and	
2	Premature newborn (if ATYPE = 4)		other sources	
3	Sick baby (if ATYPE = 4)			
4	Extramural birth (if ATYPE = 4)			
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	-	Missing	
Any val data so	ues not documented by the urce	.A	Invalid	

ASOURCE_X – Admission source, as received from source

General Notes

ASOURCE_X retains the source of the admission as provided by the data source. The original values have not been recoded into uniform HCUP values and are source-specific.

The data element ASOURCE indicates the source of the admission recoded into HCUP uniform values

Uniform Values				
Variable Description Value Value Description				
ASOURCE_X	Admission source, as received from source	n(a)	State specific coding - See the "State Specific Notes" section for details	

State Specific Notes

Information on State specific coding for this data element is available under the "State Specific Notes" section for the data element ASOURCE.

ATYPE – Admission type

General Notes

ATYPE indicates the type of admission (emergency, urgent, elective, etc.). Newborn admission types are separated only if that information is available from the data source. No edit check comparing the admission type to diagnosis or procedure codes is performed.

Because it is infrequently available from data sources, the admission type of delivery (ATYPE=5) is discontinued beginning in the 1998 data. If available, deliveries are recoded under urgent (ATYPE=2).

	Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description		
ATYPE	Admission type	1	Emergency		
		2	Urgent		
		3	Elective		
		4	Newborn		
		5	Delivery (coded in 1988-1997 data only)		
		6	Other		
			Missing		
		.A	Invalid		
		.В	Unavailable from source (coded in 1988-1997 data only)		

State Specific Notes

Arizona

Arizona does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation supplied by Arizona does not indicate which source categories were used for deliveries.

Colorado

In 1995, Colorado began collecting admission type, but it was optional for hospitals to report this data to the hospital association.

Colorado does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation supplied by Colorado does not indicate which source categories were used for deliveries. Beginning with 1998 data, the HCUP variable for admission type does not include a value for deliveries (ATYPE = 5).

Connecticut

Connecticut does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation available for Connecticut does not describe which admission type(s) were used for deliveries.

Florida

Florida does not separately classify deliveries. According to the documentation available from the source, most normal deliveries are categorized as urgent (ATYPE = 2), and most cesarean births and some normal deliveries are included under elective (ATYPE = 3).

Georgia

Georgia does not separately classify deliveries nor do they have a separate category for "Other." The source documentation available for Georgia does not describe which admission type(s) were used for these categories.

Hawaii

Hawaii does not separately classify deliveries nor do they have a separate category for "Other." The source documentation available for Hawaii does not describe which admission type(s) were used for these categories.

Illinois

Illinois does not separately classify deliveries. No documentation was available describing which admission type(s) were used for deliveries.

lowa

lowa does not separately classify deliveries. No documentation was available describing which admission type(s) were used for deliveries.

Kansas

Kansas does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation available for Kansas does not indicate which code was used for deliveries.

Kentucky

Kentucky does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation supplied by Kentucky does not indicate which source categories were used for deliveries.

Maine

Maine does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation available for Maine does not describe which admission type(s) were used for deliveries.

Maryland

During HCUP processing of 1993 data, the source category "Rehabilitation" was erroneously recoded to the HCUP category "Invalid" (ATYPE = .A) instead of "Other" (ATYPE = 6). During HCUP processing for other years, the source category Rehabilitation was correctly recoded to the HCUP category "Other" (ATYPE=6).

Beginning in 1997, the source reported a separate category for "Psychiatric" admissions. These discharges are included under the uniform category "Other" (ATYPE = 6).

Beginning in 1998, an admission type of "Delivery" was recoded to "Urgent" (ATYPE = 2).

Massachusetts

Massachusetts does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation supplied by Massachusetts does not indicate which source categories are used for deliveries.

Minnesota

Minnesota does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation supplied by Minnesota does not indicate which source categories were used for deliveries.

Missouri

Missouri does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation supplied by Missouri does not indicate which source categories were used for deliveries.

Nebraska

Nebraska does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation supplied by Nebraska does not indicate which source categories were used for deliveries.

New Jersey

New Jersey does not separately classify deliveries. No documentation was available describing which admission type(s) were used for deliveries.

New York

New York does not separately classify deliveries. No documentation was available describing which admission type(s) were used for deliveries.

North Carolina

North Carolina does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation supplied by North Carolina does not indicate which source categories were used by deliveries.

Oregon

Oregon does not separately classify deliveries. No documentation was available about which admission type(s) were used for deliveries.

Pennsylvania

Pennsylvania does not separately classify deliveries. No documentation was available describing which admission type(s) were used for deliveries.

Rhode Island

Rhode Island reported a separate category for "Court committal" admissions. These discharges were included under the uniform category "Other" (ATYPE=6). Rhode Island does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation supplied by Rhode Island does not include which source categories were used for deliveries.

South Carolina

South Carolina does not separately classify deliveries. No documentation was available describing which admission type(s) were used for deliveries.

Tennessee

Tennessee does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation supplied by Tennessee does not indicate which source categories were used for deliveries.

Texas

Texas does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation supplied by Texas does not indicate which source categories were used for deliveries.

Utah

Utah does not separately classify deliveries nor do they have a separate category for "Other." The source documentation available for Utah does not describe which admission type(s) were used for these categories.

Vermont

Vermont does not necessarily classify deliveries. The source documentation supplied by Vermont does not indicate which source categories were used for deliveries.

Washington

Washington does not separately classify deliveries. No documentation was available about which admission type(s) were used for deliveries.

West Virginia

West Virginia does not separately classify deliveries. The source documentation supplied by West Virginia does not indicate which source categories were used for deliveries.

Wisconsin

Wisconsin does not separately classify deliveries. No documentation was available describing which admission type(s) were used for deliveries.

AWEEKEND - Admission day is on a weekend

General Notes

An indicator of whether the admission day is on the weekend (AWEEKEND) is calculated from the admission date (ADATE). If AWEEKEND cannot be calculated (ADATE is missing or invalid), then

- AWEEKEND is missing (.) if ADATE is missing (.) or
- AWEEKEND is invalid (.A) if ADATE is invalid (.A).

Beginning in the 1998 HCUP files, the data element ADAYWK is replaced by admission weekend (AWEEKEND).

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
AWEEKEND	Admission day	0	Admitted Monday-Friday	
	is on a weekend	1	Admitted Saturday-Sunday	
			Missing	
		.A	Invalid	

State Specific Notes	

Florida

Beginning in 1997, the reported admission day of week was used to assign AWEEKEND. In 1997, Florida did not provide admission date. Beginning in 1998, admission date was provided only for those discharges less than 11 years old.

From data year 1998 to 2000, there may be an error in AWEEKEND. The data source in Florida has reported that during this time period, the reported value was sometimes incorrect. The data source could not specify the magnitude of the problem.

New York

The assignment of AWEEKEND varies by year in New York:

- Beginning in 2000 data, AWEEKEND is assigned form the reported admission day of the week if the admission date is missing.
- In the first version of 1998-1999 data, AWEEKEND was calculated from the admission date. Because New York masked the admission dates on AIDS/HIV* records, AWEEKEND is missing (.) on these discharges.

In the 1998-1999 NIS was purchased from NTIS, an updated version of the 1998-1999 data is available through the HCUP Central Distributor with LOS and LOS_X coded on the New York AIDS/HIV* records. The updated version has LOS and LOS_X calculated using the method described for the 2000 data.

*New York identifies AIDS/HIV records by ICD-9-CM diagnosis code or DRG:

- An admitting, principal, or secondary diagnosis of "042" "043" "044" "7958"
 "27910", "27919", "2793", "1363", "79571", "07951", "07952", "07953" or "V08".
- A DRG of 488 "HIV with Extensive Operating Room Procedure", 489 "HIV with Major related condition", or 490 "HIV with or without Other Related Condition".

Please note that the admitting diagnosis is not retained in the HCUP databases.

DIED – Died during hospitalization

General Notes

Died during hospitalization (DIED) is coded from disposition of patient. The HCUP data element for disposition of the patient varies across years of data.

Beginning in the 1998 data, the HCUP data element DISPUniform is used to code DIED.

- If DISPUniform indicates that a patient was discharged alive (values 1-7), then DIED is coded as 0.
- If DISPUniform indicates that a patient died in the hospital (value 20), then DIED is coded as 1.
- If DISPUniform is missing (.) or invalid (.A), then DIED is also missing (.) or invalid (.A).

Patients that died outside of the hospital are coded as missing (DISPUniform = . and DIED = .).

From 1988-1997 data, the HCUP data element DISP is used to code DIED.

- If DISP indicates that a patient was discharged alive (values 1-7), then DIED is coded as 0.
- If DISP indicates that a patient died in or out of the hospital (value 20), then DIED is coded as 1.
- If DISP is missing (.), invalid (.A), or unavailable from the source (.B), then DIED is also missing (.), invalid (.A), or unavailable from the source (.B).

Patients that died outside of the hospital are included in the same category as patients that died in the hospital (DISP = 20), so for these patients DIED is coded as 1.

In the 1998-2000 HCUP data files, missing values of DIED were erroneously set to invalid (.A).

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
DIED	Died during	0	Did not die	
	hospitalization	1	Died	
			Missing	
		.A	Invalid	
		.В	Unavailable from source (coded in 1988-1997 data only)	

State Specific Notes

New Jersey

In 1994, New Jersey reported that Englewood Hospital and Medical Center (DSHOSPID = 00450) incorrectly reported transfers to other hospitals as deaths.

DISCWT – Weight to discharges in the universe

General Notes

DISCWT is the discharge-level weight on the NIS Core file. To produce national estimates, use DISCWT to weight discharges in the Core file to the discharges from all community hospitals located in the U.S.

- In the 2001 NIS, DISCWT should be used to create all national estimates, including total charge.
- In the 2000 NIS, there are two discharge-level weights (DISCWT and DISCWTcharge). DISCWT should be used to create national estimates for all analyses except those that involve total charge. DISCWTcharge should be used to create national estimates of total charge.
- In the 1998-1999 NIS, DISCWT should be used to create all national estimates, including total charge.
- Prior to 1998, the discharge weight was named DISCWT_U.

For detailed information about the development and use of discharge and hospital weights, see the year-specific report on the Design of the HCUP Nationwide Inpatient Sample.

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
DISCWT	Weight to discharges in the universe.	nn.nnnn	Weight to discharges in the universe.	

State Specific Notes

DISCWT10 – 10% sample weight to discharges in the universe

General Notes

DISCWT10 is the discharge-level weight on the 10% NIS Sample Core file. To produce national estimates, use DISCWT10 to weight discharges in the Core file to the discharges from all community hospitals located in the U.S.

- In the 2001 NIS, DISCWT10 should be used to create all national estimates, including total charge.
- In the 2000 NIS, there are two discharge-level weights (DISCWT10 and DISCWTcharge10). DISCWT should be used to create national estimates for all analyses except those that involve total charge. DISCWTcharge10 should be used to create national estimates of total charge.
- In the 1998-1999 NIS, DISCWT10 should be used to create all national estimates, including total charge.
- Prior to 1998, the discharge weight was named D10CWT_U.

For detailed information about the development and use of discharge and hospital weights, see the year-specific report on the Design of the HCUP Nationwide Inpatient Sample.

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
DISCWT10	10% sample weight to discharges in the universe.	nnn.nnnn	10% sample weight to discharges in the universe.

State Specific Notes

DISCWTcharge – Weight to discharges in the universe for national estimates of total charge in 2000

General Notes

DISCWTcharge is a discharge-level weight that is only available in the 2000 NIS. To produce national estimates of total charge in 2000, use DISCWTcharge to weight total charge (TOTCHG) in the Core file to the total charge from all community hospitals located in the U.S.

- In the 2000 NIS, there are two discharge-level weights (DISCWT and DISCWTcharge). DISCWT should be used to create national estimates for all analyses except those that involve total charge. DISCWTcharge should be used to create national estimates of total charge.
- In all data years <u>except 2000</u>, DISCWT (beginning in 1998) or DISCWT_U (prior to 1997) should be used to create all national estimates.

For detailed information about the development and use of discharge and hospital weights, see the year-specific report on the Design of the HCUP Nationwide Inpatient Sample.

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
DISCWTcharge	Weight to discharges in the universe for national estimates of total charge in 2000.	nn.nnnn	Weight to discharges in the universe for national estimates of total charge in 2000.	

State Specific Notes

DISCWTcharge10 – 10% sample weight to discharges in the universe for national estimates of total charge in 2000

General Notes

DISCWTcharge10 is a discharge-level weight that is only available in the 2000 10% NIS Sample. To produce national estimates of total charge in 2000, use DISCWTcharge10 to weight total charge (TOTCHG) in the 10% Sample Core file to the total charge from all community hospitals located in the U.S.

- In the 2000 NIS, there are two discharge-level weights (DISCWT10 and DISCWTcharge10). DISCWT10 should be used to create national estimates for all analyses except those that involve total charge. DISCWTcharge10 should be used to create national estimates of total charge.
- In all data years except 2000, DISCWT10 (beginning in 1998) or D10CWT_U (prior to 1997) should be used to create all national estimates.

For detailed information about the development and use of discharge and hospital weights, see the year-specific report on the Design of the HCUP Nationwide Inpatient Sample.

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
DISCWTcharge10	10% sample weight to discharges in the universe for national estimates of total charge in 2000.	nnn.nnnn	10% sample weight to discharges in the universe for national estimates of total charge in 2000.

State Specific Notes

DISPUB92 – Disposition of patient, UB92 coding

General Notes

DISPUB92 indicates the disposition of the patient at discharge and uses the same coding as the patient status data element on the UB-92 claim form.

DISPUB92 has more detailed categories for transfers and Home Health Care than the HCUP data element DISPUniform. Some states do not provide enough detail in the coding of the discharge status to accurately code DISPUB92. For these states, the data element DISPUB92 is not available. DISPUniform is available for all states. DISP_X retains the disposition of patient as provided by the data source.

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
DISPUB92	Disposition of patient, UB92 coding	1	Routine	
		2	Short-term hospital	
		3	Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF)	
		4	Intermediate Care Facility (ICF)	
		5	Another type of facility (for inpatient care)	
		6	Home Health Care (HHC)	
		7	Against medical advice (AMA)	
		8	Home IV provider	
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.	
		20	Died in hospital	
		40	Died at home	
		41	Died in a medical facility	
		42	Died, place unknown	
		50	Hospice - home	
		51	Hospice - medical facility	

DISP_X is not available on the HCUP Nationwide Inpatient Sample (NIS).

	61	Within this institution to a Medicare-approved swing bed, beginning in 2000 data
	62	Discharge, transferred to another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data
	63	Discharge, transferred to a long term care hospital swing bed, beginning in 2001 data
	71	Another institution for outpatient services, beginning in 2000 data
	72	This institution for outpatient services, beginning in 2000 data
	99	Discharge alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data
	•	Missing
	.A	Invalid

State Specific Notes

Arizona

	Arizona				
DISP_X			DISPUB92		
Value Description		Value	Description		
1	Home or self care (routine)	1	Routine		
2	Another short term general hospital	2	Short-term hospital		
3	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility		
4	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility		
5	Another type of	5	Another type of facility		

	institution		
6	Home under care of organized home health service organization	6	Home health care
7	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice
8	Home under care of a Home IV provider	8	Home IV provider
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital
		40	Died at home
		41	Died in other medical facility
		42	Died, place unknown
		50	Hospice - home
		51	Hospice - medical facility
		61	Within this institution to a hospital- based Medicare approved swing bed (Beginning in 2000)
		62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.
		63	Long term care hospital, beginning in 2001 data.
		71	Another institution for outpatient services (Beginning in 2000)
		72	This institution for outpatient services (Beginning in 2000)
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.
9	All Other		Missing
Blank	Blank Missing		IVII-SOILIG
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid
DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.			

Colorado

Colorado				
	DISP_X		DISPUB92	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
01	Home/Self- Care/Routine	1	Routine	
02	Short Term Hospital	2	Short-term hospital	
03	SNF	3	Skilled nursing facility	
04	Intermediate Care Facility	4	Intermediate care facility	
05	Other Facility	5	Another type of facility	
06	Home Health Service	6	Home health care	
07	Left Against Medical Advice	7	Against medical advice	
08	Home IV Service	8	Home IV provider	
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.	
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital	
		40	Died at home	
		41	Died in other medical facility	
		42	Died, place unknown	
50	Hospice - Home	50	Hospice - home	
51	Hospice - Medical Facility	51	Hospice - medical facility	
		61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed (beginning in 2000)	
		62	Discharge, transferred to another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.	
		63	Discharge, transferred to a long term care hospital swing bed, beginning in 2001 data.	
		71	Another institution for outpatient services	

			(beginning in 2000)			
///		72	This institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000)			
		99	Discharge alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.			
Blank	Missing		Missing			
Any other values .A		.A	Invalid			
DISPL	DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.					

Connecticut

	Connecticut					
	DISP_X	DISPUB92				
Value	Description	Value	Description			
01	Home	1	Routine			
02	Other hospital					
09	Admitted to this hospital (valid in outpatient databases only). This recode was discontinued in data year 2000.	2	Short-term hospital			
03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility			
04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility			
05	Other facility	5	Another type of facility			
06	Home health care	6	Home health care			
07	Left AMA	7	Against medical advice			
08	Home IV therapy	8	Home IV provider			
09	Admitted to this hospital (valid in outpatient databases only). This recode began in data year 2001.	9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital (beginning in 2001 data). Valid only on outpatient data.			
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital			
		40	Died at home			
		41	Died in other medical facility			
		42	Died, place unknown			
50	Hospice - home	50	Hospice - home			
51	Hospice - medical facility	51	Hospice - medical facility			
		61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare			

			approved swing bed (beginning in 2000)
		62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.
		63	Long term care hospital, beginning in 2001 data.
		71	Another institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000)
		72	This institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000)
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.
Blank	Missing	•	Missing
Any values not documented by the data source .A Invalid			Invalid
DISPL	Iniform is coded directly from D	ISPUE	392.

Florida

	Florida					
DISP_X			DISPUB92			
Value	Description	Value	Description			
01, 1	Home	1	Routine			
02, 2	Short term general hospital	2	Short-term hospital			
03, 3	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility			
04, 4	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility			
05, 5	Another type of institution	5	Another type of facility			
06, 6	Home under care of home health care organization	6	Home health care			
07, 7	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice			

08, 8	Home on IV medications	8	Home IV provider
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital
		40	Died at home
		41	Died in other medical facility
		42	Died, place unknown
		50	Hospice - home
		51	Hospice - medical facility
		61	Within this institution to a hospital- based Medicare approved swing bed (added for 2000 data)
		62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.
		63	Long term care hospital, beginning in 2001 data.
		71	Another institution for outpatient services (added for 2000 data)
		72	This institution for outpatient services (added for 2000 data)
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.
Blank	Missing		
-	Any values not documented .A		Invalid
DISPL	Iniform is coded directly	y from [DISPUB92.

Georgia

	Georgia					
	DISP_X		DISPUB92			
Value Description		Value	Description			
01, 1	Home or self care (routine)	1	Routine			
02, 2	Another short-term general hospital	2	Short-term hospital			
03, 3	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility			
04, 4	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility			
05, 5	Another type of institution	5	Another type of facility			
06, 6	Home health care	6	Home health care			
07, 7	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice			
08, 8	Home under care of Home IV Provider	8	Home IV provider			
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.			
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital			
40	Expired at home	40	Died at home			
41	Expired in medical facility	41	Died in other medical facility			
42	Expired - place unknown	42	Died, place unknown			
50	Hospice - home (Beginning in 2000)	50	Hospice - home			
51	Hospice - medical facility (Beginning in 2000)	51	Hospice - medical facility			
61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed (Beginning in 2000)	61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed (Beginning in 2000)			
		62	Discharge, transferred to another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.			
		63	Discharge, transferred to a long term care hospital swing bed,			

			beginning in 2001 data.	
71	Another institution for outpatient services (Beginning in 2000)	71	Another institution for outpatient services (Beginning in 2000)	
72	This institution for outpatient services (Beginning in 2000)	72	This institution for outpatient services (Beginning in 2000)	
		99	Discharge alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.	
0, 99, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid	
DISPU	DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.			

Hawaii

	Hawaii					
DISP_X			DISPUB92			
Value	Description	Value	Description			
01	Home or self care (routine)	1	Routine			
02	Another short term general hospital	2	short-term hospital			
03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility			
04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility			
05	Another type of institution	5	another type of facility			
06	Home health service organization	6	Home health care			
07	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice			
08	Home under care of Home IV Provider	8	Home IV provider			
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital,			

			beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.		
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital		
40	Expired at home	40	Died at home		
41	Expired in medical facility	41	Died in other medical facility		
42	Expired - place unknown	42	Died, place unknown		
		50	Hospice - home		
		51	Hospice - medical facility		
		61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed (Beginning in 2000)		
		62	Discharge, transferred to another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.		
		63	Discharge, transferred to a long term care hospital swing bed, beginning in 2001 data.		
		71	Another institution for outpatient services (Beginning in 2000)		
		72	This institution for outpatient services (Beginning in 2000)		
		99	Discharge alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.		
Blank	Missing		Missing		
docum	Any values not documented by the data .A source		Invalid		
DISPU	DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.				

Illinois

	Illinois						
	DISP_X		DISPUB92				
Value	Description	Value	Description				
01	Routine	1	Routine				
02	Short-term General Hospital	2	Short-term hospital				
03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility				
04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility				
05	Another type of institution	5	Another type of facility				
06	Home under care of organized home health service	5	Home health care				
07	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice				
08	Home under care of a Home IV drug therapy provider	8	Home under IV provider				
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.				
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital				
		40	Died at home				
		41	Died in other medical facility				
		42	Died, place unknown				
50	Hospice - Home	50	Hospice - home				
51	Hospice - Medical Facility	51	Hospice - medical facility				
		61	Within this institution to a hospital- based Medicare approved swing bed (Beginning in 2000)				
		62	Discharge, transferred to another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.				

		63	Discharge, transferred to a long term care hospital swing bed, beginning in 2001 data.		
		71	Another institution for outpatient services (Beginning in 2000)		
		72	This institution for outpatient services (Beginning in 2000)		
		99	Discharge alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.		
Blank	Missing	•	Missing		
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid		
DISPL	DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.				

lowa

	lowa					
	(Valid beginning in 2001)					
	DISP_X		DISPUB92			
Value	Description	Value	Description			
1	Home or self-care	1	Routine			
3	Other acute hospital	2	Short-term hospital			
4	SNF	3	Skilled nursing facility			
5	ICF	4	Intermediate care facility			
6	Other health care facility	5	Another type of facility			
2	Home health service	6	Home health care			
7	Against medical advice	7	Against medical advice			
		8	Home IV provider			
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.			
8	Expired	20	Died in the hospital			
		40	Died at home			
		41	Died in other medical facility			
		42	Died, place unknown			
		50	Hospice - home			
		51	Hospice - medical facility			

		61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed (beginning in 2000)
62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital	62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.
63	Long term care hospital (beginning in 2001 data)	63	Long term care hospital, beginning in 2001 data.
		71	Another institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000)
		72	This institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000)
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.
Blank	Missing		Missing
Any values not documented by the data source .A Invalid			
DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.			

lowa

	Iowa				
	(Valid through 2000)				
	DISP_X		DISPUB92		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
1	Home or self-care	1	Routine		
3	Other acute hospital	2	Short-term hospital		
4	SNF	3	Skilled nursing facility		
5	ICF	4	Intermediate care facility		
6	Other health care facility	5	Another type of facility		
2	Home health service	6	Home health care		
7	Against medical advice	7	Against medical advice		

		8	Home IV provider	
8	Expired	20	Died in the hospital	
		40	Died at home	
		41	Died in other medical facility	
		42	Died, place unknown	
		50	Hospice - home	
		51	Hospice - medical facility	
		61	Within this institution to a hospital- based Medicare approved swing bed (beginning in 2000)	
		71	Another institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000)	
		72	This institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000)	
Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
	Any values not documented by the data source .A		Invalid	
DISPU	DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.			

Kansas

	Kansas				
	DISP_X		DISPUB92		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
1	Routine	1	Routine		
31	Transfer: other hospital	2	Short-term hospital		
32	Transfer: skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility		
33	Transfer: intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility		
34	Transfer: Rehabilitation center				
35	Transfer: Psychiatric facility	5	Another type of facility		
37	Transfer: Custodial				
38	Transfer: Other				
36	Transfer: Organized home care	6	Home health care		
2	Against medical advice	7	Against medical advice		
		8	Home IV provider		
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital (beginning in 2001). Valid only on outpatient data.		
4	Expired (no autopsy)				
5	Expired (autopsy)				
6	Coroner's case (no autopsy)	20	Died in the hospital		
7	Coroner's case (autopsy)				
		40	Died at home		
		41	Died in other medical facility		
		42	Died, place unknown		
		50	Hospice - home		
		51	Hospice - medical facility		
		61	Within this institution to a hospital-		

			based Medicare approved swing bed (beginning in 2000)
		62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital.
		63	Long-term care hospital (beginning in 2001).
		71	Another institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000)
		72	This institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000)
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown (beginning in 2001).
Blank	Missing		Missing
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid

Information on the disposition of the patient was provided in two fields: discharge status and transfer destination. If the discharge status indicated a transfer, then DISP_X is assigned using both the discharge status (value 3) and the transfer destination (values 1-8) to create a two-digit value 31-38. For non-transfers, DISP_X contains one digit discharge status.

DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.

Kentucky

	Kentucky				
DISP_X			DISPUB92		
Value	Description	Value Description			
01	Routine (home/self-care)	1	Routine		
02	Short-term hospital	2	Short-term hospital		
03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility		
04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility		
05	Another type of facility	5	Another type of facility		
06	Home health care	6	Home health care		
07	Against medical advice	7	Against medical advice		
08	Home IV provider	8	Home IV provider		
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data.		

			Valid only on outpatient data.		
20, 21	Expired	20	Died in the hospital		
40	Died at home	40	Died at home		
41	Died in other medical facility	41	Died in other medical facility		
42	Died, place unknown	42	Died, place unknown		
50	Hospice - home	50	Hospice - home		
51	Hospice - medical facility	51	Hospice - medical facility		
61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed	61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed		
		62	Discharge, transferred to another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.		
		63	Discharge, transferred to a long term care hospital swing bed, beginning in 2001 data.		
71	Another institution for outpatient services	71	Another institution for outpatient services		
72	This institution for outpatient services	72	This institution for outpatient services		
		99	Discharge alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.		
10, 11, Blank	No longer covered by Medicaid, transferred to another category of service, Missing		Missing		
Any values not documented by the data source		.Α	Invalid		
DISPUr	DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.				

Maine

	Maine					
	(Valid beginning in 2000)					
	DISP_X DISPUB92					
Value	Description	Value	Description			
01	Home/Self-Care/Routine	1	Routine			
02	Short Term Hospital	2	Short-term hospital			
03	SNF	3	Skilled nursing facility			
04	Intermediate Care Facility	4	Intermediate care facility			
05	Other Facility	5	Another type of facility			
06	Home Health Service	6	Home health care			
07	7 Left Against Medical Advice		Against medical advice			
08	Home IV Service	8	Home IV provider			
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.			
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital			
40	Expired at home (hospice care)	40	Died at home			
41	Expired in medical facility (hospice care)	41	Died in other medical facility			
42	Expired - place unknown (hospice care)	42	Died, place unknown			
50	Hospice - Home	50	Hospice - home			
51	Hospice - Medical Facility		Hospice - medical facility			
61	Discharged/Transferred/Referred within the same institution to a hospital- based Medicare approved swing bed	61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed, beginning in 2000			

		62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.
		63	Long term care hospital, beginning in 2001 data.
71	Discharged/Transferred/Referred to another institution for outpatient services	71	Another institution for outpatient services, beginning in 2000
72	Discharged/Transferred/Referred to same institution for outpatient services	72	This institution for outpatient services, beginning in 2000
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.
Blank	Missing		Missing
Any values not documented by the data source			Invalid
DISPU	Iniform is coded directly from DISPUB92		

Maine

	Maine					
	(Valid in 1999)					
	DISP_X		DISPUB92			
Value Description		Value	Description			
1	Home	1	Routine			
7	Boarding home					
3	Another acute care hospital	2	Short-term hospital			
4	Skilled Nursing Facility	3 Skilled Nursing Facili				
5	Intermediate care facility	4 Intermediate care fac				
6	Another health care facility	5	Another type of facility			
8	Home health care agency	6	Home health care			
2	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice			

		8	Home IV provider
9	Died	20	Died in the hospital
		40	Died at home
		41	Died in other medical facility
		42	Died, place unknown
		50	Hospice - home
		51	Hospice - medical facility
Blank	Missing		Missing
Any values not documented by the data source			Invalid
DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.			

Massachusetts

	Massachusetts				
	DISP_X		DISPUB92		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
01	Home (routine)				
14	Rest Home (Beginning in 1998)	1	Routine		
15	Shelter (Beginning in 1999)				
02	Another short-term general hospital	2	Short-term hospital		
03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility		
04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility		
05	Further care - Inpatient or OPD				
10	Chronic hospital				
11	Mental health facility	5	5	5	Another type of facility
13	Rehab hospital				
14	Rest Home (Prior to 1998)				
06	Home under care of	6	Home health care		

	,	
 Left against medical advice 	7	Against medical advice
Home for IV drug therapy	8	Home IV provider
	9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.
Expired	20	Died in the hospital
	40	Died at home
	41	Died in other medical facility
	42	Died, place unknown
Hospice - home	50	Hospice - home
Hospice - medical facility	51	Hospice - medical facility
	61	Within this institution to a hospital- based Medicare approved swing bed (beginning in 2000)
	62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.
	63	Long term care hospital swing bed, beginning in 2001 data.
	71	Another institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000)
	72	This institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000)
	99	Discharged alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.
Discharge Other		
), ank Missing].	Missing
Not used (Beginning in 1999)	.A	Invalid
ny values not documented the data source		
		DISPUB92.

Minnesota

Minnesota					
	DISP_X		DISPUB92		
Value	Description	Value Description			
01	Home or self care	1	Routine		
02	Another short-term hospital for inpatient care	2	Short-term hospital		
03	Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF)	3	Skilled nursing facility		
04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility		
05	Another type of institution for inpatient care	5	Another type of facility		
10	Mental Health Center				
06	Home under care of organized home health service organization	6	Home health care		
07	Left against medical advice or discontinued care	7	Against medical service		
08	Home under care of a Home IV provider	8	Home IV provider		
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital. Valid only on outpatient data.		
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital		
40	Expired at home	40	Died at home		
41	Expired in a medical facility	41	Died in other medical facility		
42	Expired, place unknown	42	Died, place unknown		
50	Hospice - home	50	Hospice - home		
51	Hospice - Medical Facility	51	Hospice - medical facility		
61	Within this institution to hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed	61	Within this institution to hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed		
62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital	62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital		
63	Long term care hospital	63	Long term care hospital		
71	Another institution for outpatient services as	71	Another institution for outpatient services		

	specified by the discharge plan of care				
72	This institution for outpatient services as specified by the discharge plan of care	72	This institution for outpatient services		
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown		
Blank	Missing	•	Missing		
Any va data s	alues not documented by the ource	.Α	Invalid		
DISPL	DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.				

Missouri

	Missouri					
DISP_X DISPUB92						
Value	Description	Value Description				
01	Home/self	1	Routine			
02	Another acute care hospital	2	Short-term hospital			
03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility			
04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility			
05	Another type of institution					
61	Hospital-based swing bed this institution (prior to 2000)					
71	Another institution for outpatient services (prior to 2000)	5	Another type of facility			
72	This institution for outpatient services (prior to 2000)					
06	Home health care	6	Home health care			
07	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice			
08	Home IV Service	8	Home IV provider			
09	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital (valid in outpatient databases only).	9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital (beginning in 2001). Valid only on outpatient data.			
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital			
40	Expired at home (hospice care)	40	Died at home			

41	Expired in medical facility (hospice care)	41	Died in other medical facility	
42	Expired - place unknown (hospice care)	42	Died, place unknown	
50	Hospice - Home	50	Hospice - home	
51	Hospice - Medical Facility	51	Hospice - medical facility	
61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed (beginning in 2000).	61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed (beginning in 2000).	
62	Another rehabilitation facility	62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital (beginning in 2001).	
63	Long term care hospital	63	Long term care hospital (beginning in 2001).	
71	Another institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000).	71	Another institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000).	
72	This institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000).	72	This institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000)	
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown (beginning in 2001).	
99, Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		Invalid		
DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.				

Nebraska

Nebraska					
	DISP_X		DISPUB92		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
01	Routine or self care (routine discharge)	1	Routine		
02	Another short-term general hospital for inpatient care	2	Short-term hospital		
03	Skilled nursing facility (SNF) with Medicare certification	3	Skilled nursing facility		
04	Intermediate care facility (ICF)	4	Intermediate care facility		
05	Another type of institution for inpatient care	5	Another type of facility		
06	Home under care of organized home health service organization	6	Home health care		
07	Left against medical advice or discontinued care	7	Against medical advice		
08	Home under care of a Home IV provider	8	Home IV provider		
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital. Valid only on outpatient data.		
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital		
40	Expired at home	40	Died at home		
41	Expired in a medical facility	41	Died in other medical facility		
42	Expired, place unknown	42	Died, place unknown		
50	Hospice - home	50	Hospice - home		
51	Hospice - medical facility	50	Hospice - medical facility		
61	Within this institution to hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed	61	Within this institution to hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed		
62	Inpatient rehabilitation facility (IRF) including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital	62	Inpatient rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital		
63	Medicare certified long term	63	Long term care hospital		
71	Another institution for	71	Another institution for		

	outpatient services as specified by the discharge plan of care		outpatient services	
72	To this institution for outpatient services as specified by the discharge plan of care	72	This institution for outpatient services	
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown	
Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
Any va data s	alues not documented by the ource	.A	Invalid	
DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.				

New Jersey

New Jersey				
	DISP_X		DISPUB92	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
01	Home or self care (routine)	1	Routine	
02	Another short term general hospital	2	Short-term hospital	
03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility	
04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility	
05	Another type of institution	5	Another type of facility	
06	Home under care of organized HHA	6	Home health care	
07	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice	
08	Home with IV therapy	8	Home IV provider	
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.	
20	Expired, no autopsy	20	Died in the hospital	
21	Expired, with autopsy	20		
		40	Died at home	

		41	Died in other medical facility		
		42	Died, place unknown		
50	Hospice - home	50	Hospice - home		
51	Hospice - medical facility	51	Hospice - medical facility		
61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed	61	Within this institution to a hospital- based Medicare approved swing bed (added for 2000 data)		
		62	Discharge, transferred to another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.		
		63	Discharge, transferred to a long term care hospital swing bed, beginning in 2001 data.		
71	Another institution for outpatient services	71	Another institution for outpatient services (added for 2000 data)		
72	This institution for outpatient services	72	This institution for outpatient services (added for 2000 data)		
		99	Discharge alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.		
Blank	Missing		Missing		
Any values not documented by .A		.A	Invalid		
DISPU	DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.				

New York

New York				
	DISP_X		DISPUB92	
Value Description		Value	Description	
01	Home or self care (routine)		Routine	
90	Plan of care completed (Ambulatory Surgery data only)	1		
91	Pre-admission (Ambulatory Surgery data only)			
02	Another acute general hospital	2	Short-term hospital	

09	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital (valid in outpatient databases only). This recode was discontinued in data year 2000.		
10	Neonate discharged another hospital for neonatal aftercare for weight gain (Inpatient data only)		
13	Another hospital for tertiary aftercare (Inpatient data only)		
03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility
04	Intermediate care facility		Intermediate care
12	Intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded	4	facility
05	Another type of institution		
11	Short-term psychiatric, chronic hospital or long-term specialty hospital providing for psychiatric illnesses	5	Another type of facility
14	Domiciliary Care Facility (Inpatient data only)		
06	Home under care of organized home health service organization	6	Home health care
07	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice
08	Home under care of a Home IV provider (Inpatient data only)	8	Home IV provider
09	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital (valid in outpatient databases only). This recode began in data year 2001.	9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital beginning in 2001data. Valid only on outpatient data.
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital
40	Expired at home	40	Died at home
41	Expired in a medical facility		Died in other medical facility
42	Expired, place unknown	42	Died, place unknown
50	Hospice - home	50	Hospice - home
51	Hospice - medical facility	51	Hospice - medical facility

61	Transfer within institution to a Medicare approved swing bed	61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed (added for 2000 data)
62	Discharged/transferred to another type of institution for inpatient care or referred for rehabilitation services	62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital (beginning in 2001 data).
63	Discharged/transferred to another type of institution or referred for Long Term Care Services	63	Long term care hospital (beginning in 2001 data)
71	Discharged/transferred/referred to another institution for outpatient services as specified by the discharge plan of care	71	Another institution for outpatient services (added for 2000 data)
72	Discharged/transferred/referred to this institution for outpatient services as specified by the discharge plan of care	72	This institution for outpatient services (added for 2000 data)
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.
Blank	Missing	•	Missing
Any va source	alues not documented by the data	.A	Invalid
DISPL	Iniform is coded directly from DISPUB92		

North Carolina

North Carolina					
	DISP_X	DISPUB92			
Value	Description	Value	Description		
1	Home or self-care (Routine)	1	Routine		
2	Another short term general hospital	2	Short-term hospital		
3	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility		
4	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility		
5	Another type of institution	5	Another type of facility		
6	Home under care of home health care organization	6	Home health care		
7	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice		
8	Home under care of Home IV provider	8	Home IV provider		
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.		
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital		
40	Died at home	40	Died at home		
41	Died in other medical facility	41	Died in other medical facility		
42	Died, place unknown	42	Died, place unknown		
		50	Hospice - home		
		51	Hospice - medical facility		
		61	Within this institution to a hospital- based Medicare approved swing bed		
		62	Discharge, transferred to another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.		

		63	Discharge, transferred to a long term care hospital swing bed, beginning in 2001 data.	
		71	Another institution for outpatient services	
		72	This institution for outpatient services	
		99	Discharge alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.	
9, 10, 50, 51, Blank	Documented by source as unknown values		Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid	
DISPUni	DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.			

Oregon

	Oregon				
	DISP_X	DISPUB92			
Value	Description	Value	Description		
01	Routine discharge (to home of self care)	1	Routine		
10	Discharged - no longer covered by Medicaid				
02	Another short term hospital	2	Short-term hospital		
03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility		
04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility		
05	Another type of institution				
11	Transferred to another category of service	5	Another type of facility		
06	Home health care service	6	Home health care		
07	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice		
08	Discharged home under care of a Home IV Service	8	Home IV provider		
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.		

20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital	
21	Expired - not covered by Medicaid			
40	Expired at home	40	Died at home	
41	Expired in medical facility	41	Died in other medical facility	
42	Expired - place unknown	42	Died, place unknown	
50	Hospice - Home	50	Hospice - home	
51	Hospice - Medical Facility	51	Hospice - medical facility	
61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed	61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed, beginning in 2000	
62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital.	62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.	
63	Long term care hospital	63	Long term care hospital, beginning in 2001 data.	
71	Another institution for outpatient services	71	Another institution for outpatient services	
72	This institution for outpatient services	72	This institution for outpatient services, added for 2000.	
		99	Discharge alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.	
00, Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid	
DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.				

Pennsylvania

	Pennsylvania				
	DISP_X		DISPUB92		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
01	Home or self care (routine discharge)	1	Routine		
02	Short-term general hospital	2	Short-term hospital		
03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility		
04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility		
05	Another type of institution	5	Another type of facility		
06	Home under care of home health service organization	6	Home health care		
07	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice		
08	Home under care of home IV provider	8	Home IV provider		
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.		
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital		
		40	Died at home		
		41	Died in other medical facility		
		42	Died, place unknown		
50	Discharged to home with hospice care	50	Hospice - home		
51	Discharged to a hospice facility	51	Hospice - medical facility		
61	Discharged/transferred within the facility to a hospital - based Medicare approved swing bed	61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed (Beginning in 2000)		
		62	Discharge, transferred to another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.		
		63	Discharge, transferred to a		

			long term care hospital swing bed, beginning in 2001 data.	
		71	Another institution for outpatient services (Beginning in 2000)	
		72	This institution for outpatient services (Beginning in 2000)	
		99	Discharge alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.	
0, 00, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid	
DISPU	DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.			

Rhode Island

	Rhode Island			
DISP_X			DISPUB92	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
01	Home or self care	1	Routine	
02	Another short-term general hospital	2 Short-term hospital		
03	SNF	3	Skilled nursing facility	
04	ICF	4	Intermediate care facility	
05	Another institution	5	Another type of facility	
06	Home health service	6	Home health care	
07	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice	
08	Home under care of IV provider	8	Home IV provider	
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital. Valid only on outpatient data.	
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital	
21	Autopsied			

22	Expired in operating room			
23	Expired post-op]		
24	Coroner's Case			
		40	Died at home	
		41	Died in other medical facility	
		42	Died, place unknown	
		50	Hospice - home	
		51	Hospice - medical facility	
		61	Within this institution to a hospital- based Medicare approved swing bed	
		62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital.	
		63	Long term care hospital.	
		71	Another institution for outpatient services	
		72	This institution for outpatient services	
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown.	
00, Blank	Error, Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid	
DISPU	DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.			

South Carolina

	South Carolina					
	DISP_X		DISPUB92			
Value	Description	Value	Description			
1, 01	Home or self care (routine)	1	Routine			
2, 02	Another short term general hospital					
9, 09	Admitted to this hospital (valid in outpatient databases only). This recode was discontinued in data year 2000.	2	Short-term hospital			
3, 03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility			
4, 04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility			
5, 05	Another type of institution	5	Another type of facility			
6, 06	Home under care of home health service organization	6	Home health care			
7, 07	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice			
8, 08	Home under care of Home IV Provider	8	Home IV provider			
9, 09	Admitted as inpatient to same hospital	9	Admitted to this hospital (valid in outpatient databases only). This recode began in data year 2001.			
			Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.			
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital			
40	Expired at home	40	Died at home			
41	Expired in medical facility	41	Died in other medical facility			
42	Expired, place unknown	42	Died, place unknown			
50	Hospice - home	50	Hospice - home			
51	Hospice - medical facility	51	Hospice - medical facility			
61	Within this institution to Medicare approved swing bed	61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed (added for 2000 data)			

62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation including distinct part units of a hospital	62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital (beginning in 2001 data)	
63	Long term care hospital	63	Long term care hospital (beginning in 2001 data)	
71	Another institution for outpatient services	71	Another institution for outpatient services (added for 2000 data)	
72	This institution for outpatient services	72	This institution for outpatient services (added for 2000 data)	
99	Discharged alive, destination unknown	99	Discharged alive, destination unknown (beginning in 2001 data)	
0, 00, Blank	Missing	-	Missing	
Any va data sc	lues not documented by the ource	.A	Invalid	
DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.				

Tennessee

	Tennessee				
	DISP_X	DISPUB92			
Value Description		Value	Description		
01	Home or self care (routine)	1	Routine		
02	Another short term general hospital 2		Short-term hospital		
09	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital. (Discontinued in 2001).		onon-term nospital		
03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility		
04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility		
05	Another type of institution				
10	Discharged/transferred to a 5 mental health center		Another type of facility		
06	Home under care of organized home health service organization	6	Home health care		
07	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice		

08	Home under care of a Home IV Provider	8	Home IV provider		
09	Admitted to this hospital (valid in outpatient databases only). This recode began in data year 2001.		Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital (beginning in 2001). Valid only on outpatient data.		
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital		
	Died at home (beginning in 2000)	40	Died at home		
	Died in other medical facility (Beginning in 2000)	41	Died in other medical facility		
	Died, place unknown (Beginning in 2000)	42	Died, place unknown		
	Hospice - home (Beginning in 2000)	50	Hospice - home		
	Hospice - medical facility (Beginning in 2000)	51	Hospice - medical facility		
61	Hospital-based swing bed within this institution	61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed (added for 2000 data)		
62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital	62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital (beginning in 2001 data).		
63	Long-term care hospital	63	Long-term care hospital (beginning in 2001 data).		
71	Another institution for outpatient services	71	Another institution for outpatient services (added for 2000 data)		
72	This institution for outpatient services		This institution for outpatient services (added for 2000 data)		
			Discharged alive, destination unknown (beginning in 2001 data).		
Blank	Missing		Missing		
Any va source	alues not documented by the data	.A	Invalid		
DISPL	DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.				

Texas

Texas					
DISP_X			DISPUB92		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
1	Home or Self-care (routine discharge)	1	Routine		
2	Short-term general hospital	2	Short-term hospital		
3	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility		
4	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility		
5	Other inpatient care facility	5	Another type of facility		
6	Home health service	6	Home health care		
7	Against medical advice	7	Against medical advice		
8	Home IV provider	8	Home IV provider		
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.		
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital		
		40	Died at home		
41	Expired in other medical facility	41	Died in other medical facility		
42	Expired, place unknown	42	Died, place unknown		
50	Hospice - home	50	Hospice - home		
51	Hospice - medical facility	51	Hospice - medical facility		
61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed	61	Within this institution to a hospital- based Medicare approved swing bed		
		62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.		
		63	Long term care hospital, beginning in 2001 data.		
71	Another institution for outpatient services	71	Another institution for outpatient services		
72	This institution for outpatient services	72	This institution for outpatient services		

	99	Discharged alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.			
Blank Missing	-	Missing			
" * " or any values not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid			
DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.					

Utah

Utah						
	DISP_X	DISPUB92				
Value	Description	Value	Description			
01	Discharge to home or self care (routine)	1	Routine			
02	Another short term hospital	2	Short-term hospital			
03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility			
04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility			
05	Another type of institution	5	Another type of facility			
06	Home under care of organized home health service organization	6	Home health care			
07	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice			
08	Discharged home under care of a home IV provider	8	Home IV provider			
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital (beginning in 2001). Valid only on outpatient data.			
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital			
40	Expired at home	40	Died at home			
41	Expired in a medical facility	41	Died in other medical facility			
42	Expired - place unknown	42	Died, place unknown			

		50	Hospice - home	
		51	Hospice - medical facility	
		61	Within this institution to a hospital- based Medicare approved swing bed (Beginning in 2000)	
		62	Discharge, transferred to another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.	
		63	Discharge, transferred to a long term care hospital swing bed, beginning in 2001 data.	
		71	Another institution for outpatient services (Beginning in 2000)	
		72	This institution for outpatient services (Beginning in 2000)	
		99	Discharge alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.	
09, 00, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source.		.A	Invalid	
DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.				

Virginia

	Virginia					
	DISP_X		DISPUB92			
Value	Description	Value Description				
01	Home or self care	1	Routine			
02	Another hospital	2	Short-term hospital			
03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility			
04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility			
05	Another type of institution	5	Another type of facility			
06	Home under care of home health service organization	6	Home health care			

07	Against medical advice	7	Against medical advice	
08	Home under IV provider	8	Home IV provider	
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.	
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital	
		40	Died at home	
		41	Died in other medical facility	
		42	Died, place unknown	
		50	Hospice - home	
		51	Hospice - medical facility	
		61	Within this institution to a hospital- based Medicare approved swing bed (added for 2000 data)	
		62	Discharge, transferred to another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.	
		63	Discharge, transferred to a long term care hospital swing bed, beginning in 2001 data.	
		71	Another institution for outpatient services (added for 2000 data)	
		72	This institution for outpatient services (added for 2000 data)	
		99	Discharge alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.	
Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid	
DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.				

Vermont

	Vermont			
	DISP_X	DISPUB92		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
1	Discharged to home or self care (routine charge)	1	Routine	
2	Discharged/transferred to another short term general hospital		Short-term hospital	
3	Discharged/transferred to skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility	
4	Discharged/transferred to intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility	
5	Discharged/transferred to another facility	5	Another type of facility	
6	Discharged/transferred to home under home health service organization		Home health care	
7	Left against medical advice or discontinued care	7	Against medical advice	
8	Discharged/transferred to home under care of Home IV provider	8	Home IV provider	
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital (beginning in 2001). Valid only on outpatient data.	
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital	
		40	Died at home	
		41	Died in other medical facility	
		42	Died, place unknown	
		50	Hospice - home	
		51	Hospice - medical facility	
61	Discharged/transferred within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed		Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed (added for 2000).	
		62	Another rehabilitation facility including	

			rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital (beginning in 2001).
		63	Long term care hospital (beginning in 2001)
71	Discharged/transferred to another institution for outpatient services	71	Another institution for outpatient services (added for 2000)
72	Discharged/transferred to this institution for outpatient services	72	This institution for outpatient services (added for 2000)
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown (beginning in 2001).
Blank	Missing		Missing
Any va source	alues not documented by the data	.A	Invalid
DISPL	DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.		

Vermont

	Vermont			
	DISP_X	DISPUB92		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
1	Discharged to home or self care (routine charge)	1	Routine	
2	Discharged/transferred to another short term general hospital	2	Short-term hospital	
3	Discharged/transferred to skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility	
4	4 Discharged/transferred to intermediate care facility		Intermediate care facility	
5 Discharged/transferred to another facility		5	Another type of facility	
 Discharged/transferred to home under home health service organization 		6	Home health care	
7	Left against medical advice or discontinued care	7	Against medical advice	

8	Discharged/transferred to home under care of Home IV provider	8	Home IV provider
9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital	9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital (beginning in 2001). Valid only on outpatient data.
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital
		40	Died at home
		41	Died in other medical facility
		42	Died, place unknown
		50	Hospice - home
		51	Hospice - medical facility
61	Discharged/transferred within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed	61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed (added for 2000).
		62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital (beginning in 2001).
		63	Long term care hospital (beginning in 2001)
71	Discharged/transferred to another institution for outpatient services	71	Another institution for outpatient services (added for 2000)
	Discharged/transferred to this institution for outpatient services	72	This institution for outpatient services (added for 2000)
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown (beginning in 2001).
Blank	Missing	•	Missing
Any va source	alues not documented by the data	.A	Invalid
DISPL	Iniform is coded directly from DISP	UB92.	

Washington

	Washington				
	DISP_X		DISPUB92		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
01	Home or self care (routine discharge)	1	Routine		
02	Short term general hospital	2	Short-term hospital		
03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility		
04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility		
05	Another type of institution	5	Another type of facility		
06	Home under care of home health service organization	6	Home health care		
07	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice		
08	Home under care of a home IV provider	8	Home IV provider		
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital (beginning in 2001). Valid only on outpatient data.		
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital		
		40	Died at home		
		41	Died in other medical facility		
		42	Died, place unknown		
50	Hospice - Home	50	Hospice - home		
51	Hospice - Medical Facility	51	Hospice - medical facility		
61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed	61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed (beginning in 2000)		
62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital	62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital (beginning in 2001).		
63	Long term care hospital	63	Long term care hospital (beginning in 2001).		
		71	Another institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000)		
72	This institution for outpatient services	72	This institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000)		

		Discharged alive, destination unknown (beginning in 2001).
Blank Missing		Missing
Any values not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid
DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.		

West Virginia

	West Virginia				
	DISP_X		DISPUB92		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
01	Home/Self-Care/Routine	1	Routine		
02	Sort Term Hospital	2	Short-term hospital		
03	Skilled Nursing Facility	3	Skilled nursing facility		
04	Intermediate Care Facility	4	Intermediate care facility		
05	Other facility	5	Another type of facility		
06	Home Health Service	6	Home health care		
07	Left Against Medical Advice	7	Against medical advice		
08	Home IV Service	8	Home IV provider		
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital, beginning in 2001 data. Valid only on outpatient data.		
20	Expired	20	Died in the hospital		
40	Expired at home (hospice care)	40	Died at home		
41	Expired in medical facility (hospice care)	41	Died in other medical facility		
42	Expired - place unknown (hospice care)	42	Died, place unknown		
50	Hospice - Home	50	Hospice - home		
51	Hospice - Medical Facility	51	Hospice - medical facility		
61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed	61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed		
		62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct		

			part units of a hospital, beginning in 2001 data.	
		63	Long term care hospital, beginning in 2001 data.	
71	Another institution for outpatient services	71	Another institution for outpatient services	
72	This institution for outpatient services	72	This institution for outpatient services	
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001 data.	
Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid	
DISPL	DISPUniform is coded directly from DISPUB92.			

Wisconsin

	Wisconsin					
	DISP_X		DISPUB92			
Value	Description	Value	Description			
1, 01	Home or self care (routine)	1	Routine			
2, 02	Short-term general hospital	2	Short-term hospital			
3, 03	Skilled nursing facility	3	Skilled nursing facility			
4, 04	Intermediate care facility	4	Intermediate care facility			
5, 05	Another type of facility	5	Another type of facility			
6, 06	Home health care	6	Home health care			
7, 07	Against medical advice	7	Against medical advice			
8, 08	Home intravenous provider	8	Home IV provider			
		9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital (beginning in 2001). Valid only on outpatient data.			
20	Died	20	Died in the hospital			

		40	Died at home
		41	Died in other medical facility
		42	Died, place unknown
50	Hospice - Home	50	Hospice - Home
51	Hospice - Medical facility	51	Hospice - Medical facility
61	Medicare approved swing bed	61	Within this institution to a hospital- based Medicare approved swing bed (beginning in 2000).
62	Another rehab facility	62	Another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital (beginning in 2001).
63	Long-term care facility	63	Long term care hospital swing bed (beginning in 2001).
71	Other institution for outpatient services	71	Another institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000).
72	This institution for outpatient services	72	This institution for outpatient services (beginning in 2000).
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown (beginning in 2001).
Blank	Missing		Missing
Any values not documented by the data .A source		.A	Invalid
DISPL	Jniform is coded direc	tly from	DISPUB92.

DISPUniform – Disposition of patient, uniform coding

General Notes

DISPUniform indicates the disposition of the patient at discharge (routine, transfer to another hospital, died, etc.). To ensure uniformity of coding across data sources, DISPUniform combines detailed categories in the more general groups. For example,

- Transfers to facilities other than short-term hospitals (skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities, and other type of facilities) are coded as DISPUniform = 5.
- Transfers to Home Health Care (including IV providers and Hospice home care) are coded as DISPUniform = 6.

DISPUB92 has more detailed categories for transfers and Home Health Care and distinguishes patients that died in the hospital from those that died outside of the hospital. The following table lists how the values of DISPUB92 map to the values of DISPUniform:

	Coding of DISPUB92 into DISPUniform				
	DISPUB92	DISPUniform			
Value	Value Description		Description		
1	Routine				
71	Another institution for outpatient services. Value was added beginning in the 2000 HCUP data.	1	Routine		
72	This institution for outpatient services. <i>Value was added beginning in the 2000 HCUP data</i> .				
2	Short-term Hospital				
9	Admitted as an inpatient to this hospital. Valid only on outpatient data. Value was added beginning in the 2001 HCUP data.	2	Transfer to Short-term Hospital		
3	Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF)	5	Transfer Other: Includes		
4	Intermediate Care Facility (ICF)]	Skilled Nursing Facility		
5	Another Type of Facility		(SNF), Intermediate Care		

51	Hospice - Medical Facility		Facility (ICF), Another	
61	Within this institution to a hospital-based Medicare approved swing bed. <i>Value was</i> added beginning in the 2000 HCUP data.		Type of Facility	
62	Discharge, transferred to another rehabilitation facility including rehabilitation distinct part units of a hospital. Value was added beginning in 2001 HCUP data.			
63	Discharge, transferred to a long term care hospital swing bed. Value was added beginning in the 2001 HCUP data.			
6	Home Health Care (HHC)			
8	Home IV Provider	6	Home Health Care (HHC)	
50	Hospice-Home			
7	Against Medical Advice (AMA)	7	Against Medical Advice (AMA)	
20	Died in Hospital	20	Died	
40	Died at Home. <i>Prior to the 2001</i> <i>data, value 40 "Died at Home"</i> <i>was mapped to missing (.).</i>			
41	Died in Medical Facility. <i>Prior to</i> 2001 data, value 41 "Died in Medical Facility" was mapped to missing (.).	99	Discharge alive, destination unknown. <i>Value was added</i>	
42	Died, place unknown. Prior to the 2001 data, value 42 "Died, place unknown" was mapped to missing (.).		beginning in the 2001 data.	
99	Discharged alive, destination unknown. Value was added beginning in the 2001 data.			
•	Missing		Missing	
.A	Invalid	.A	Invalid	

DISP_X retains the disposition of patient as provided by the data source.

DISP_X is not available on the HCUP Nationwide Inpatient Sample (NIS).

	Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description		
DISPUniform	Disposition of	1	Routine		
	patient, uniform coding	2	Transfer to short-term hospital		
		5	Transfer other: includes Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF), Intermediate Care Facility (ICF), and another type of facility		
		6	Home Health Care (HHC)		
		7	Against medical advice (AMA)		
		20	Died in hospital		
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001		
			Missing		
		.A	Invalid		

State Specific Notes

California

	California			
	DISP_X	DISPUniform		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
01	Routine (Home)	1	Routine	
09	Prison/Jail			
02	Acute care (within this hospital)	2	Transfer to short-term	
05	Acute care (another hospital)		hospital	
03	Other care (within this hospital)	5	Transfer other: includes skilled nursing facility,	
04	Skilled nursing/Intermediate care (within this hospital)		intermediate care facility, and other types of facility	

06	Other care (another hospital)		
07	Skilled nursing/Intermediate care (another hospital)		
08	Residential care facility		
12	Home Health Services	6	Home health care
10	Against medical advice	7	Against medical advice
11	Died	20	Died in hospital
13	Other (beginning in 2001)	99	Discharged alive, destination unknown (beginning in 2001 data)
00, Blank	Missing		Missing (includes died outside of hospital)
Any va data sc	lues not documented by the purce	.A	Invalid
	s not enough detail in the cod e DISPUB92.	ing of	DISP_X to code the HCUP
Beginning in 2001, the DISP_X value of "13" (Other) will be mapped to the HCUP DISPUniform value of "99" (Discharged alive, destination unknown). This change more accurately reflects the documentation provided by California as "Other" does not pertain to "Another Hospital". Prior to 2001, DISP_X value "13" was mapped to the DISPUniform value "5" (Transfer other).			

Maryland

	Maryland				
	DISP_X DISPUniform				
Value	Description	Value	Description		
01	Home or self-care	1	Routine		
05	Acute care general hospital	2	Transfer to short-term hospital		
06	Other health care facility	5	Transfer other: includes skilled nursing facility, intermediate care		
10	Rehabilitation facility		facility, and other types of facility		
11	Rehabilitation unit of other hospital				
12	On-site distinct rehabilitation unit				

13	Transfer to nursing facility		
14	On-site psychiatric unit (inpatient only)		
15	On-site sub-acute unit (inpatient only)		
16	Other sub-acute care facility (inpatient only)		
03	Home health care	6	Home health care
08	Left against medical advice	7	Against medical advice
07	Died	20	Died
		99	Discharged alive, destination unknown, beginning in 2001
09, 99, Blank	Unknown	•	Missing (includes died outside of hospital)
02	Do not use		
04	Do not use	.A	Invalid
Any values not documented by the data source			
	not enough detail in the DISPUB92.	e codin	g of DISP_X to code the HCUP

DQTR – Discharge quarter

General Notes

Discharge quarter (DQTR) is derived from either the month of the discharge date or the supplied discharge quarter. If both of those fields are invalid or missing, DQTR is set to zero. For these cases, a temporary discharge quarter = 3 was used for the DRG grouper and ICD-9-CM verification routines because these algorithms require a valid discharge quarter.

Uniform Values					
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description		
DQTR	Discharge quarter	1	First quarter (Jan - Mar)		
		2	Second quarter (Apr - Jun)		
		3	Third quarter (Jul - Sep)		
		4	Fourth quarter (Oct - Dec)		
		0	Missing or invalid		

State Specific Notes

Florida

Beginning in 1997, Florida did not supply discharge date. DQTR was assigned from the discharge quarter provided by Florida.

DRG – DRG in use on discharge date

General Notes

The Diagnosis Related Group (DRG) appropriate for the date of discharge is assigned by the HCFA DRG Grouper algorithm during HCUP processing.

Diagnosis and Procedures Used for DRG Assignment

Beginning in the 1996 data, the DRG grouper can handle a maximum of 50 diagnosis and 50 procedure codes. Only diagnoses and procedures that are valid on the date of discharge are used by the grouper for DRG assignment.

In the 1988-1995 data, the DRG grouper cannot handle more than 15 diagnoses and 15 procedures. Therefore, the following rules were used when more than 15 diagnoses or 15 procedures were available:

- the principal diagnosis/procedure (regardless of validity) is retained in DX1/PR1. No secondaries are shifted into the principal position.
- the first 14 valid (by HCUP standards) additional diagnosis or procedure codes are passed to the HCFA DRG grouper.

Different Definitions of Diagnosis and Procedure Validity

HCUP validation of diagnosis and procedure codes allows a window of time around the official ICD-9-CM coding changes (usually October 1), for anticipation of or lags in response to official ICD-9-CM coding changes. During the 1988-1997 HCUP data processing, a six-month window (three months before and three months after) was allowed. Beginning in the 1998 data, a year window (six months before and six months after) was after) was allowed.

The DRG Grouper rules differ in two ways:

- diagnosis and procedure codes must be valid on the date of discharge to be used for assigning the DRG; and
- some valid diagnoses (E-codes) are ruled by the DRG Grouper to be invalid if entered as a principal diagnosis.

This inconsistency between the definition of a valid diagnosis or procedure is obvious when a discharge has a valid principal diagnosis under HCUP standards, but the assigned DRG is 470 "Ungroupable." Consider a discharge with DX1="V300" on October 1, 1989. The diagnosis code "V300" is considered valid by HCUP standards because until September 30, 1989 "V300" is a valid ICD-9-CM code. The DRG Grouper does not recognize the "V300" code on October 1, 1989 and therefore groups the record to "Ungroupable," DRG=470 and MDC=0.

Changes in DRG Grouper Logic

Until the eighth DRG version (before October 1, 1990), the first step in the determination of the DRG had been the assignment of the appropriate MDC based on the principal diagnosis. Beginning in October 1990, there are two types of exceptions:

- The principal diagnosis is not the initial data element in DRG assignment when the initial step in DRG assignment is based on a procedure. If a patient has a liver transplant (DRG 480), a bone marrow transplant (DRG 481) or tracheostomy (DRG 482 and 483), then the patient is assigned to these DRGs independent of the MDC assigned from the principal diagnosis.
- Assignment to MDC 24 (multiple trauma) and MDC 25 (patients with HIV infection) is based on BOTH principal diagnosis and procedure.

The Need for a Valid Discharge Date

The DRG grouper needs a valid discharge date because DRG versions change at specific points in time. If the discharge date was invalid or not available from a data source, a temporary discharge date (for use only by the DRG grouper) was created based on the discharge quarter and year according to the following rules:

- Discharge year (YEAR) is always nonmissing.
- Discharge quarter (DQTR) ranges from zero to 4, where zero indicates that the quarter was missing or invalid.

Discharge Quarter (DQTR)	Temporary Date (MM/DD/YY) passed to DRG Grouper	
1	01/01/YY	
2	04/01/YY	
3	07/01/YY	
4	10/01/YY	
0	07/01/YY	

Labels

Labels for the DRGs are provided as an ASCII file in HCUP Tools: Labels and Formats.

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
DRG	DRG in use on discharge date	nnn	DRG value	

State Specific Notes

California

One discharge in 1991 with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1=1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) had the incorrect DRG and MDC assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG should have been 470; and the MDC should have been equal to 0.

No other years are affected.

lowa

Beginning in data year 2001, the Iowa Hospital Association prohibits the release of two types of discharges:

- HIV Infections (defined by MDC of 25) and
- Behavioral Health including chemical dependency care or psychiatric care (defined by a service code of BHV).

These discharges were not included in the source file provided to HCUP and are therefore not included in the HCUP files.

Massachusetts

Some 1989-1990 discharges with a missing principal diagnosis code (DX1=" ") and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG and MDC assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG should be 470; and the MDC should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected: 1 record in 1989 and 1 record in 1990.

Some 1988-1991 discharges with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1=1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG and MDC assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG should be 470; and the MDC should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected:

- for 1988, 34 records;
- for 1989, 30 records;
- for 1990, 44 records; and
- for 1991, 33 records.

Beginning with 1992 discharges, DRG and MDC were processed correctly.

Utah

In one Utah hospital (HOSPID 49018) in data year 2001, a misidentification of coronary care unit (CCU) discharges as long-term care discharges caused the coronary care unit discharges to be excluded from the source files provided to HCUP. In the 2001 NIS, 509 CCU discharges were missing from the source file provided to HCUP and are therefore not included in the 2001 NIS. These missing discharges will include open heart surgeries and other DRGs in the range 103 to 145.

Washington

Some 1988-1992 discharges with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1 = 1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG and MDC assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG should be 470; and the MDC should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected:

- for 1988, 184 records;
- for 1989, 68 records;
- for 1990, 13 records;
- for 1991, 1 record; and
- for 1992, 1 record.

Beginning with 1993 discharges, DRG and MDC were processed correctly.

Wisconsin

According to source documentation, the principal and secondary procedures for one hospital (DSHOSPID="056" and HOSPID=55155) are incorrect in the <u>fourth quarter of 1997</u>. System problems at the hospital caused the last procedure coded on the medical record to be stored as the principal procedure. No secondary procedures were recorded. This affects the DRG, DRG10, MDC, and MDC10 assignment.

Some 1989-1992 discharges with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1=1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG and MDC assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG should be 470; and the MDC should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected:

- for 1989, 23 records;
- for 1990, 4 records;
- for 1991, 1 record; and
- for 1992, 10 records.

Beginning with 1993 discharges, DRG and MDC were processed correctly.

DRG10 – DRG, Version 10

General Notes

The Diagnosis Related Group, Version 10 (DRG10) is assigned by the HCFA DRG Grouper algorithm during HCUP processing.

Diagnosis and Procedures Used for DRG Assignment

Beginning in the 1996 data, the DRG grouper can handle a maximum of 50 diagnosis and 50 procedure codes. Only diagnoses and procedures that are valid on the date of discharge are used by the grouper for DRG assignment.

In the 1988-1995 data, the DRG grouper cannot handle more than 15 diagnoses and 15 procedures. Therefore, the following rules were used when more than 15 diagnoses or 15 procedures were available:

- the principal diagnosis/procedure (regardless of validity) is retained in DX1/PR1. No secondaries are shifted into the principal position.
- the first 14 valid (by HCUP standards) additional diagnosis or procedure codes are passed to the HCFA DRG grouper and 3M Mapper software.

Logically Mapping ICD-9-CM Codes for DRG Version 10

The diagnoses or procedures selected by the above rules are first passed to the 3M Mapper software so that each ICD-9-CM code can be logically translated into codes in effect during fiscal year 1992, the period associated with DRG Version 10. The translated codes are then passed to the DRG Version 10 HCFA Grouper software. Caution: The 3M Mapper can translate only those codes with a discharge date occurring after September 30, 1988. Therefore, codes which changed definition on October 1, 1988 may not be properly handled.

Different Definitions of Diagnosis and Procedure Validity

HCUP validation of diagnosis and procedure codes allows a window of time around the official ICD-9-CM coding changes (usually October 1), for anticipation of or lags in response to official ICD-9-CM coding changes. During the 1988-1997 HCUP data processing, a six-month window (three months before and three months after) was allowed. Beginning in the 1998 data, a year window (six months before and six months after) was after) was allowed.

The DRG Grouper rules differ in two ways:

 diagnosis and procedure codes must be valid on the date of discharge to be used for assigning the DRG; and some valid diagnoses (E-codes) are ruled by the DRG Grouper to be invalid if entered as a principal diagnosis.

This inconsistency between the definition of a valid diagnosis or procedure is obvious when a discharge has a valid principal diagnosis under HCUP standards, but the assigned DRG is 470 "Ungroupable." Consider a discharge with DX1="V300" on October 1, 1989. The diagnosis code "V300" is considered valid by HCUP standards because until September 30, 1989 "V300" is a valid ICD-9-CM code. The DRG Grouper does not recognize the "V300" code on October 1, 1989 and therefore groups the record to "Ungroupable," DRG=470 and MDC=0.

Changes in DRG Grouper Logic

Until the eighth version (before October 1, 1990), the first step in the determination of the DRG had been the assignment of the appropriate MDC based on the principal diagnosis. Beginning in October 1990, there are two types of exceptions:

- The principal diagnosis is not the initial data element in DRG assignment when the initial step in DRG assignment is based on a procedure. If a patient has a liver transplant (DRG 480), a bone marrow transplant (DRG 481) or tracheostomy (DRG 482 and 483), then the patient is assigned to these DRGs independent of the MDC assigned from the principal diagnosis.
- Assignment to MDC 24 (multiple trauma) and MDC 25 (patients with HIV infection) is based on BOTH principal diagnosis and procedure.

Labels

Labels for the DRGs are provided as an ASCII file in HCUP Tools: Labels and Formats.

Uniform Values				
Variable Description Value Value Description				
DRG10	DRG, Version 10	nnn	DRG value	

California

One discharge in 1991 with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1=1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) had the incorrect DRG10 and MDC10 assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG10 should have been 470; and the MDC10 should have been equal to 0.

No other years are affected.

Massachusetts

Some 1989-1990 discharges with a missing principal diagnosis code (DX1=" ") and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG10 and MDC10 assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG10 should be 470; and the MDC10 should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected: 1 record in 1989 and 1 record in 1990.

Some 1988-1991 discharges with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1=1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG10 and MDC10 assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG10 should be 470; and the MDC10 should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected:

- for 1988, 34 records;
- for 1989, 30 records;
- for 1990, 44 records; and
- for 1991, 33 records.

Beginning with 1992 discharges, DRG10 and MDC10 were processed correctly.

Washington

Some 1988-1992 discharges with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1 = 1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG and MDC assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG should be 470; and the MDC should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected:

- for 1988, 184 records;
- for 1989, 68 records;
- for 1990, 13 records;
- for 1991, 1 record; and
- for 1992, 1 record.

Beginning with 1993 discharges, DRG10 and MDC10 were processed correctly.

Wisconsin

According to source documentation, the principal and secondary procedures for one hospital (DSHOSPID="056" and HOSPID=55155) are incorrect in the <u>fourth quarter of 1997</u>. System problems at the hospital caused the last procedure coded on the medical record to be stored as the principal procedure. No secondary procedures were recorded. This affects the DRG, DRG10, MDC, and MDC10 assignment.

Some 1989-1992 discharges with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1=1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG10

and MDC10 assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG10 should be 470; and the MDC10 should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected:

- for 1989, 23 records;
- for 1990, 4 records;
- for 1991, 1 record; and
- for 1992, 10 records.

Beginning with 1993 discharges, DRG10 and MDC10 were processed correctly.

DRG18 – DRG, Version 18

General Notes

The Diagnosis Related Group, Version 18 (DRG18) is assigned by the HCFA DRG Grouper algorithm during HCUP processing.

Diagnosis and Procedures Used for DRG Assignment

Beginning in the 1996 data, the DRG grouper can handle a maximum of 50 diagnosis and 50 procedure codes. Only diagnoses and procedure that are valid on the date of discharge are used by the grouper for DRG assignment.

In the 1988-1995 data, the DRG grouper cannot handle more than 15 diagnoses and 15 procedures. Therefore, the following rules were used when more than 15 diagnoses or 15 procedures were available:

- the principal diagnosis/procedure (regardless of validity) is retained in DX1/PR1. No secondaries are shifted into the principal position.
- the first 14 valid (by HCUP standards) additional diagnosis or procedure codes are passed to the HCFA DRG grouper and 3M Mapper software.

Logically Mapping ICD-9-CM Codes for DRG Version 18

The diagnoses or procedures selected by the above rules are first passed to the 3M Mapper software so that each ICD-9-CM code can be logically translated into codes in effect during fiscal year 2000, the period associated with DRG Version 18. The translated codes are then passed to the DRG Version 18 HCFA Grouper software.

Different Definitions of Diagnosis and Procedure Validity

HCUP validation of diagnosis and procedure codes allows a window of time around the official ICD-9-CM coding changes (usually October 1), for anticipation of or lags in response to official ICD-9-CM coding changes. During the 1988-1997 HCUP data processing, a six-month window (three months before and three months after) was allowed. Beginning in the 1998 data, a year window (six months before and six months after) was after) was allowed.

The DRG Grouper rules differ in two ways:

- diagnosis and procedure codes must be valid on the date of discharge to be used for assigning the DRG; and
- some valid diagnoses (E-codes) are ruled by the DRG Grouper to be invalid if entered as a principal diagnosis.

This inconsistency between the definition of a valid diagnosis or procedure is obvious when a discharge has a valid principal diagnosis under HCUP standards, but the assigned DRG is 470 "Ungroupable." Consider a discharge with DX1="V300" on October 1, 1989. The diagnosis code "V300" is considered valid by HCUP standards because until September 30, 1989 "V300" is a valid ICD-9-CM code. The DRG Grouper does not recognize the "V300" code on October 1, 1989 and therefore groups the record to "Ungroupable," DRG=470 and MDC=0.

Changes in DRG Grouper Logic

Until the eighth version (before October 1, 1990), the first step in the determination of the DRG had been the assignment of the appropriate MDC based on the principal diagnosis. Beginning in October 1990, there are two types of exceptions:

- The principal diagnosis is not the initial data element in DRG assignment when the initial step in DRG assignment is based on a procedure. If a patient has a liver transplant (DRG 480), a bone marrow transplant (DRG 481) or tracheostomy (DRG 482 and 483), then the patient is assigned to these DRGs independent of the MDC assigned from the principal diagnosis.
- Assignment to MDC 24 (multiple trauma) and MDC 25 (patients with HIV infection) is based on BOTH principal diagnosis and procedure.

Labels

Labels for the DRGs are provided as an ASCII file in HCUP Tools: Labels and Formats.

Formats

A format to label DRG18 is documented in HCUP Tools: Variable Labels and Formats.

Uniform Values					
Variable Description Value Value Description					
DRG18	DRG, Version 18	nnn	DRG value		

State Specific Notes

None

DRGVER – DRG grouper version used on discharge date

General Notes

The DRG Grouper Version (DRGVER) is assigned by the HCFA DRG grouper during HCUP processing. For discharges occurring before October 1, 1991, DRGVER contains the DRG "revision" number. For discharges after that date, DRGVER contains the DRG "version" number (which is one value higher than the revision number). This coding scheme is consistent with the labeling of the DRG reference material, including the DRG coding books. Thus, on September 30, 1991 the DRGVER = 7; but on October 1, 1991 the DRGVER = 9.

Uniform Values					
Variable Description		Value	Value Description		
DRGVER	DRG grouper	4	4th revision, eff. Oct 1, 1987		
	version used on discharge date	5	5th revision, eff. Oct 1, 1988		
		6	6th revision, eff. Oct 1, 1989		
		7	7th revision, eff. Oct 1, 1990		
		9	Version 9, eff. Oct 1, 1991		
		10	Version 10, eff. Oct 1, 1992		
		11	Version 11, eff. Oct 1, 1993		
		12	Version 12, eff. Oct 1, 1994		
		13	Version 13, eff. Oct 1, 1995		
		14	Version 14, eff. Oct 1, 1996		
		15	Version 15, eff. Oct 1, 1997		
		16	Version 16, eff. Oct 1, 1998		
		17	Version 17, eff. Oct 1, 1999		
		18	Version 18, eff. Oct 1, 2000		
		19	Version 19, eff. Oct 1, 2001		
		20	Version 20, eff. Oct 1, 2002		

State Specific Notes	

None

DSHOSPID – Data source hospital number

General Notes

There are up to three different types of hospital identifiers included in the HCUP databases.

- The data source's own number scheme for identifying hospitals and facilities (DSHOSPID),
- The hospital identifier used by the American Hospital Association (AHAID and IDNUMBER), and
- A unique HCUP hospital identifier (HOSPID).

The hospital entity as defined by the data source may differ from the hospital entity as defined by the AHA. For example, the data source treats two separate facilities as two hospitals, while the AHA Annual Survey treats the two facilities as a single hospital, or vice versa. For consistency across states, HCUP defines hospitals in accordance with the American Hospital Association Annual Survey of Hospitals. During HCUP data processing, the data source's identification of the hospital is reconciled with the identification of the hospital in the AHA Annual Survey of Hospitals. For detailed information about this linking process, see the special report on HCUP Hospital Identifiers.

DSHOSPID is missing if the data source that contributed discharge data to the NIS prohibits the release of hospital identifiers.

Uniform Values					
Variable Description Value Value Description					
DSHOSPID	Data source hospital number	13(a)	Data source hospital number		

State Specific Notes	

California

Prior to 1998, the variable DSHOSPID is length 9 with the first digit indicating the level of care, the next two digits for state "06", and then a 6-digit hospital identifier that included the county code.

Beginning in 1998, DSHOSPID is length 6 and only contains the unique hospital identifier. The level of care indicator is retained in the HCUP variable LEVELCARE.

Regardless of whether the information on the level of care is stored in the first digit of DSHOSPID or variable LEVELCARE, the values are defined as follows:

0=	Type of unit unknown (beginning in 1996)
1=	General acute care
2=	Not a valid code
3=	Skilled nursing and intermediate care (long term care)
4=	Psychiatric care
5=	Alcohol/chemical dependency recovery treatment
6=	Acute physical medicine rehabilitation care.

The reliability of this indicator for the type of care depends on how it was assigned.

Prior to 1995. The type of care was assigned by California based on the hospital's licensed units and the proportion of records in a batch of submitted records that fall into each Major Diagnostic Category (MDC). Hospitals were permitted to submit discharge records in one of two ways: submit separate batches of records for each type of care OR bundle records for all types of care into a single submission. How a hospital submitted its records to California determined the accuracy of the type of care indicated in the first digit of DSHOSPID. Consider a hospital which is licensed for more than one type of care:

- If the hospital submitted one batch of records per type of care, then the distribution of each batch of discharges into MDCs would clearly indicate the type of care (acute, psychiatric, etc.). The data source could then accurately assign the first digit of DSHOSPID.
- If the same hospital submitted all of its records in one batch, then the distribution
 of discharges into MDCs would be a mixture of acute and other types of care.
 The first digit of DSHOSPID would be set to "general acute care" (value = 1) on
 all records and would not distinguish the types of care.

Prior to 1995, most hospitals submitted only one batch of records to California which meant that the type of care indicated in the first digit of DSHOSPID did not distinguish among types of care.

Beginning in 1995. Hospitals were required to assign type of care codes to individual records for certain discharges. These discharges included:

- general acute care (value = 1),
- skilled nursing and intermediate care (value = 3), and
- rehabilitation care (value = 6).

For discharges from facilities licensed as psychiatric care (value = 4) or alcohol/chemical dependency recovery treatment (value = 5), California continued to assign the type of care code to all discharges from the facility.

Oregon

Beginning with 1995 data, Oregon changed the format of the state-specific hospital identification numbers stored in DSHOSPID. The new format is incompatible with the format used in previous years.

Pennsylvania

The coding of DSHOSPID varies by data year.

- Prior to 1995, the hospital identifier supplied by Pennsylvania contained a three character prefix "PAF".
- From 1995-1997, this prefix was not included in the supplied data. For consistency with previous years of HCUP data, the prefix "PAF" was added to the beginning of the Pennsylvania hospital identifier (DSHOSPID) during HCUP processing.
- Beginning in 1998, the prefix "PAF" is not included in the DSHOSPID for Pennsylvania.

Washington

Included with the records of general acute care stays from community hospitals are records from alcohol dependency units, bone marrow transplant units, extended care units, psychiatric units, rehabilitation units, group health units, and swing bed units. Records for these different types of care can be identified by the fourth digit of the supplied hospital identifier (DSHOSPID) on each patient record:

None	General acute care
A=	Alcohol Dependency Unit
B=	Bone Marrow Transplant Unit
E=	Extended Care Unit
H=	Tacoma General/Group Health Combined
l=	Group Health only at Tacoma Hospital
P=	Psychiatric Unit
R=	Rehabilitation Unit
S=	Swing Bed Unit

Washington assigns this value to DSHOSPID based upon the type of unit discharging the patient.

DXn – Diagnosis

General Notes

The original value of the principal diagnosis (DX1), whether blank or coded, is retained in the first position of the diagnosis vector. Starting at the first secondary diagnosis (DX2), the diagnoses are shifted during HCUP processing to eliminate blank secondary diagnoses. For example, if DX2 and DX4 contain nonmissing diagnoses and DX3 is blank, then the value of DX4 is shifted into DX3. Secondary diagnoses are never shifted into the principal position (DX1).

Diagnoses are compared to a list of ICD-9-CM codes valid for the discharge date. Anticipation of or lags in response to official ICD-9-CM coding changes are permitted for discharges occurring within a window of time around the official ICD-9-CM coding changes (usually October 1). In the 1988-1997 data, a six months window (three months before and three months after) is allowed. Beginning in the 1998 data, a year window (six months before and six months after) is allowed. For example, the code for Single Liveborn changed from "V300 " to "V3000" as of October 1, 1989. Under HCUP validation procedures, "V300 " is classified as valid for discharges on December 31, 1989, and "V3000" is classified as valid for discharges on July 1, 1989. If the diagnosis is not left justified, contains intermittent blanks, or is zero filled, then the diagnosis will be invalid.

Diagnoses are compared to the sex of the patient (EDX03 beginning in the 1998 data and ED1nn in the 1988-1997 data) and the patient's age (EAGE04 and EAGE05 beginning in the 1998 data and ED3nn and ED4nn in the 1988-1997 data) for checking the internal consistency of the record.

How invalid and inconsistent codes are handled varies by data year.

 Beginning in the 1998 data, invalid and inconsistent diagnoses are masked directly. Validity flags are not included on the HCUP record. Clinical Classifications Software (CCS) data elements are coded with respect to the diagnosis.

Invalid Diagnosis		Inconsistent Code
The value of DXn	"invl"	"incn"
DXCCSn	Set to invalid (.A).	Set to inconsistent (.C)

 From 1988-1997 data, invalid and inconsistent diagnoses are retained on the record. Validity flags (DXVn) indicate invalid, inconsistent diagnosis codes. Clinical Classifications Software (CCS) data elements use the former name (DCCHPRn). The CCS was formerly known as the Clinical Classifications for Health Policy Research (CCHPR). The diagnosis related data elements are coded as follows:

	Invalid Diagnosis	Inconsistent Code
The value of DXn	Unchanged	Unchanged
DXVn	Set to 1	Set to inconsistent (.C)
DCCHPRn	Set to invalid (.A).	Retained (values 1-260)

The validity flags (DXVn) need to be used in connection with any analysis of the diagnoses (DXn).

The maximum number of diagnoses reported varies by state. HCUP retains all diagnosis fields provided by the data source.

Number of Diagnoses Provided by the Data Source					
State	1998	1999	2000	2001	
Arizona	11	11	11	11	
California	30	30	30	30	
Colorado	15	15	15	15	
Connecticut	30	30	30	30	
Florida	10	10	10	10	
Georgia	10	10	10	10	
Hawaii	11	11	11	11	
Illinois	9	9	9	9	
Iowa	11	11	11	11	
Kansas	30	30	30	30	
Kentucky	n/a	n/a	10	10	
Maine	n/a	10	10	10	
Maryland	16	16	16	16	
Massachusetts	10	16	16	16	
Michigan	n/a	n/a	n/a	30	
Minnesota	n/a	n/a	n/a	10	
Missouri	30	30	30	30	
Nebraska	n/a	n/a	n/a	10	
New Jersey	10	10	10	10	
New York	17	17	17	17	

North Carolina	n/a	n/a	15	17
Oregon	11	11	11	11
Pennsylvania	10	10	10	10
Rhode Island	n/a	n/a	n/a	12
South Carolina	10	10	10	12
Tennessee	10	10	10	10
Texas	n/a	n/a	10	10
Utah	10	10	10	10
Vermont	n/a	n/a	n/a	21
Virginia	n/a	10	10	10
Washington	10	10	10	10
West Virginia	n/a	n/a	10	10
Wisconsin	10	10	10	10

Since on the NIS the number of diagnoses coded on the discharge (NDX) can be greater than the number of diagnoses available on the inpatient record, caution needs to be taken when using NDX to loop through the diagnoses. A counter for the loop should not extend past 15. Programming code such as the following example SAS statement is needed to take this into account:

DO I = 1 to MIN(15,NDX);Followed by code to process all diagnoses.END;

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
DXn	Diagnosis	annnn	Diagnosis code
		Blank	Missing
		invl	Invalid: beginning with 1998 data, EDX02
		incn	Inconsistent: beginning with 1998 data, EAGE04, EAGE05, EDX03

Arizona

Beginning with 1995 discharges, Arizona reports two "cause of injury" E-codes in separate variables. During HCUP processing, these E-codes are placed after the last non-missing diagnosis code if they are not already recorded as a secondary diagnosis.

Arizona reports some diagnosis codes with an explicit decimal point. The decimal point was removed during HCUP processing.

California

HIV Test Result Diagnoses

California law prohibits the release of HIV test results in patient-identifiable form to any outside party without the patient's consent. Therefore, records that include certain ICD-9-CM codes that indicate HIV test results were not included in the data supplied for HCUP. California eliminated all occurrences of these codes from the diagnosis fields and packed the diagnosis vectors to cover gaps from such removals.

The following ICD-9-CM codes were affected:

- From January 1988 to October 1, 1994, diagnosis codes of 044.x or 795.8 were removed by the data source prior to submitting data to HCUP.
- Beginning October 1, 1994, diagnosis codes of 795.71 or V08 were removed by the data source prior to submitting data to HCUP. These ICD-9-CM codes replaced the earlier codes.

HIV-related diagnoses 042.x and 043.x were unaffected.

The number of such diagnoses eliminated from the principal diagnosis position will be smaller than it otherwise might have been due to a practice in California that actively discourages the reporting of codes for HIV test results (044.x, 795.8, 795.71, and V08) as a principal diagnosis. During data editing, California flags discharges reporting one of these codes in the principal diagnosis position and then calls the submitting hospital to ask if the principal diagnosis should be changed. Hospitals have the option of deleting the code, changing it, or leaving it in place.

Shriner's Hospitals

Shriner's hospitals do not report diagnoses, procedures or total charges.

Psychiatric Diagnoses

Prior to 1995, some hospitals reported psychiatric diagnoses in DSM III which California then converted into ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes. The ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes are included in the HCUP database.

From 1995-1998, some psychiatric hospitals began submitting data for primary diagnosis according to DSM IV criteria. DSM IV codes are indistinguishable in appearance from ICD-9-CM codes but have substantially different meanings. Because of similarities in the coding structure, the source was unable to convert the DSM IV codes to ICD-9-CM codes. DSM IV codes may occur in the HCUP data. Psychiatric hospitals may be included in the California data; no documentation was available on the use of DSM IV codes in psychiatric units of acute care hospitals.

Beginning in 1999, DSM psychiatric codes are not accepted by OSHPD and are not present in the HCUP databases.

E-Codes

Beginning with 1990 discharges, the source reports five "cause of injury" E-codes as separate variables. During HCUP processing, E-codes were placed after the last non-missing diagnosis code.

California does not require the reporting of E-codes in the range E870-E879 (misadventures and abnormal reactions).

Hawaii

Hawaii reports one "cause of injury" E-code as a separate data element. During HCUP processing, this E-code was placed after the last non-missing diagnosis code.

Illinois

Illinois supplied diagnosis codes in a field of length 6. Only the first five characters contained in the left-justified source field were used to assign the HCUP diagnosis codes.

lowa

Beginning in data year 2001, the Iowa Hospital Association prohibits the release of two types of discharges:

- HIV Infections (defined by MDC of 25) and
- Behavioral Health including chemical dependency care or psychiatric care (defined by a service code of BHV).

These discharges were not included in the source file provided to HCUP and are therefore not included in the HCUP files.

Beginning in 1994, Iowa reports one "cause of injury" E-code. Beginning in 1998, Iowa added one "place of injury" E-code. During HCUP processing, these separately reported E-code variables are placed at the end of the diagnosis vector; since the vector is packed during processing to remove blanks, the position of the E-code for a specific discharge depends on the number of diagnoses reported.

Kentucky

Kentucky reports "cause of injury" E-codes as a separate variable. During HCUP processing, this separately reported E-code was placed after the last non-missing secondary diagnosis.

Kentucky supplied diagnosis codes in a field length of 6. Only the first five characters contained in the left-justified source field were used to assign the HCUP diagnosis codes.

Maryland

Maryland reports "cause of injury" E-codes as a separate variable. During HCUP processing, this separately reported E-code was placed after the last non-missing secondary diagnosis.

Maryland supplied diagnosis codes in a field of length 7. Only the first five characters contained in the left-justified source field were used to assign the HCUP diagnosis codes.

The last secondary diagnosis field on the source data was 9-filled instead of blank when no diagnosis was coded. During HCUP processing, the 9-filled diagnosis was set to blank.

Massachusetts

Beginning in 1993, Massachusetts reported one "cause of injury" E-code. During HCUP processing, the separately reported E-code was placed after the last non-missing secondary diagnosis. E-codes can appear in other secondary diagnosis codes.

Minnesota

Minnesota reports "cause of injury" E-codes in a separate variable. During HCUP processing, this E-code was placed after the last non-missing diagnosis code.

Nebraska

The Nebraska Hospital Association prohibits the release of discharge records for patients with HIV diagnoses. These discharges were not included in the source file provided to HCUP and are therefore not included in the HCUP files.

Nebraska reports one "cause of injury" E-codes in a separate variable. During HCUP processing, this E-code was placed after the last non-missing diagnosis code.

New Jersey

Beginning with 1993 discharges, New Jersey reports "cause of injury" E-codes as a separate variable. During HCUP processing, this E-code was placed after the last non-missing diagnosis code.

Before 1994, the diagnosis codes provided by the state were right-padded with zeros (e.g., the diagnosis code '436' was supplied as '43600'). For the HCUP database the following algorithm was used to validate the diagnosis codes:

Check the five-digit code for validity (using a six-month window for coding changes, 3 months before and 3 months after October of each year when ICD-9-CM coding changes occur).

- 1. If the five-digit code is valid, set DXn to the five-digit code and set DXVn = 0.
- If the five-digit code is invalid and the fifth digit is a zero, create a four-digit code by deleting the trailing zero and re-check for validity (using six-month window for coding changes). If the four-digit code is valid, set DXn to the four-digit code and set DXVn = 0.
- 3. If the four-digit code is invalid and the fourth digit is a zero, create a three-digit code by deleting the trailing zero and re-check for validity (using six-month window for coding changes). If the three-digit code is valid, set DXn to the three-digit code and set DXVn = 0.
- 4. If the five-, four- and three-digit codes are invalid, save the original five-digit code and set the validity flag to indicate an invalid code (DXVn = 1).

New Jersey

In 1993 only. An error in HCUP processing caused invalid five-digit codes that ended in non-zeros, as well as zeros, to be processed by the above algorithm. If deleting the rightmost non-zero digits created a valid code, then

- DXn was set to the original invalid five digit code,
- DXVn was set 0 to indicate a valid code,
- DCCHPR was set based on the stripped valid code, and

 DRG, MDC, DRG10, MDC10, NEOMAT and edit check variables ED100, ED1nn, ED3nn, ED4nn, ED600, and ED601 may have been incorrectly assigned based on the stripped valid code.

New York

Beginning in 1993, New York reports "cause of injury" and "place of injury" E-codes. During HCUP processing, these separately reported E-codes were placed after the last nonmissing secondary diagnosis. When a "cause of injury" E-code in the range of E850.0-E869.9 or E880.0-E928.9 was reported, then a "place of injury" E-code was also reported. If the hospital stay involved the possibility of classifying more than one situation or event, only the single cause of injury, poisoning, or adverse effect that was most severe was reported.

North Carolina

North Carolina supplied diagnosis codes in a field length of 6. Only the first five characters contained in the left-justified source field were used to assign the HCUP diagnosis codes.

Oregon

Prior to 1998, Oregon reports one "cause of injury" E-codes as a separate variable. Beginning in 1998. Oregon reports two "cause of injury" E-codes. During HCUP processing, these separately reported E-codes are placed after the last non-missing secondary diagnosis.

Oregon supplied diagnosis codes in a field of length 6. Only the first five characters contained the diagnosis code and were used to assign the HCUP diagnosis codes.

Pennsylvania

Beginning with 1993 discharges, Pennsylvania reports "cause of injury" E-codes as a separate variable. During HCUP processing, this E-code was placed after the last non-missing diagnosis code.

Some of the diagnosis codes in the 1989 Pennsylvania data that were flagged as invalid (DXV=1) appear to be valid codes. These diagnosis fields have four digits followed by a fifth digit that is an unprintable null character. The presence of the null character invalidates these otherwise valid diagnosis codes. Only the 1989 Pennsylvania data are affected. The following list includes all diagnosis codes in the 1989 Pennsylvania data that are valid ICD-9-CM codes but are flagged as invalid because they include null characters.

Code	Frequency	Diagnosis	
1000	929	Leptospirosis Icterohemmorrhagica	
2800	93	Chronic Blood Loss Anemia	
5600	89	Intussusception	
3200	81	Hemophilus Meningitis	
5800	61	Acute Proliferative Nephritis	
0600	48	Sylvatic Yellow Fever	
6200	29	Follicular Cyst of Ovary	
2400	24	Simple Goiter	
1600	11	Malignant Neoplasm of Nasal Cavities	
2100	8	Benign Neoplasm of Lip	
3201	3	Pneumococcal Meningitis	
3202	3	Streptococcal Meningitis	
3208	2	Bacterial Meningitis	
5400	2	Acute Appendicitis with Peritonitis	
0601	1	Urban Yellow Fever	
2801	1	Iron Deficiency Anemic Dietary	
6205	1	Torsion of Ovary	
6208	1	Noninflammatory Disorders of Ovary	

Rhode Island

Rhode Island reports "cause of injury" E-codes in a separate variable. During HCUP processing, this E-code was placed after the last non-missing diagnosis code.

South Carolina

Prior to 2000 data, a small number of discharges explicitly included decimals in the diagnosis field, usually the decimal is implicit. This is problematic because South Carolina supplied diagnoses in a field of length 5. If decimals were included, then a valid 5-digit code would be truncated. For example, the diagnosis for unspecified sickle cell anemia "28260" would be incorrectly reported as "262.6". Prior to 1998, invalid diagnosis codes are marked by a validity flag (DXVn = 1). Beginning in 1998, invalid diagnosis codes are masked (Dxn = "invl").

Beginning in 2000 data this was no longer a problem; explicit decimals were not included in the diagnosis codes.

South Carolina

E-codes

Prior to data year 2001, one cause of injury E-code and one place of injury E-code may be missing from South Carolina discharges even though E-codes are present in the secondary diagnosis fields. Separate E-code fields that are collected by the data organization in South Carolina were not obtained for HCUP. Beginning in 2001, these separate E-code fields were obtained by HCUP.

South Carolina does not require the reporting of E-codes in the range E870-E879 (misadventures and abnormal reactions).

Tennessee

Tennessee reports "cause of injury" E-codes as a separate variable. During HCUP processing, this E-code was placed after the last non-missing diagnosis code.

Texas

Texas reports "cause of injury" E-codes as a separate variable. During HCUP processing, this separately reported E-code was placed after the last non-missing secondary diagnosis.

Texas supplied diagnosis codes in a field length of 6. Only the first five characters contained in the left-justified source field were used to assign the HCUP diagnosis codes.

Utah

Utah reports one "cause of injury" E-code as a separate variable. During HCUP processing, this E-code was placed after the last non-missing diagnosis code.

Virginia

Virginia reports one "external injury code" E-code as a separate data element. During HCUP processing, this E-code was placed after the last non-missing diagnosis code.

Vermont

Vermont reports one "cause of injury" E-code as a separate variable. During HCUP processing, this separately reported E-code was placed after the last non-missing secondary diagnosis.

Vermont supplied diagnosis codes in a field of length 6. Only the first five characters contained in the left-justified source field were used to assign the HCUP diagnosis codes.

Vermont

In 2001, expect secondary diagnosis DX16 - DX21 to be blank. No more than 15 diagnoses were provided by the data source.

It is possible that none of the discharges have all of the diagnosis fields coded. The Vermont inpatient and outpatient source files come to HCUP in the same layout. To simplify HCUP processing, the number of diagnosis fields on the Vermont HCUP SID and SASD is the same.

Washington

Washington reported diagnosis codes in a field of length 6 for 1988-1992 and, beginning in 1993, in a field of length 7. Only the first five characters contain the diagnosis code and were used to assign the HCUP diagnosis code.

In 1988, Washington did not report "cause of injury" E-codes. From 1989-1992, Washington reports two "cause of injury" E-codes. Beginning in 1993, Washington reports only one "cause of injury" E-code. During HCUP processing, any separately reported E-code was placed after the last non-missing secondary diagnosis. Washington does not require hospitals to report E-codes in the range E870-E879 (misadventures and abnormal reactions) to the state data organization.

West Virginia

West Virginia reports "cause of injury" E-codes as a separate variable. During HCUP processing, this separately reported E-code was placed after the last non-missing secondary diagnosis.

West Virginia supplied diagnosis codes in a field length of 6. Only the first five characters contained in the left-justified source field were used to assign the HCUP diagnosis codes.

Wisconsin

To comply with statutory requirements, Wisconsin modified diagnosis and procedure codes that explicitly referenced induced termination of pregnancy to eliminate distinctions between induced and spontaneous termination. The following codes were modified:

• Diagnoses with the first three digit of 634, 635, 636, 637, 638 were recoded to 637, while retaining the reported fourth digit,

- Procedure 6901 was changed to 6902,
- Procedure 6951 was changed to 6952,
- Procedure 6993 was changed to 6999,
- Procedure 7491 was changed to 7499,
- Procedure 750 was changed to 7599, and
- Procedures 9641-9649 were changed to 964 (which would be flagged as invalid, PRV=1).

Wisconsin reports one "cause of injury" E-code. During HCUP processing, this separately reported E-code was placed after the last non-missing secondary diagnosis.

DXCCSn - Clinical Classifications Software (CCS): diagnosis classification

General Notes

Clinical Classifications Software (CCS) consists of over 260 diagnosis categories. This system is based on ICD-9-CM codes. All diagnosis codes are classified.

DXCCSn is coded as follows:

- 1 to 259 if the diagnosis code (DXn) is valid by the HCUP criteria and not an Ecode (External Causes of Injury and Poisoning). The HCUP criteria for diagnosis validation allows a year window (six months before and six months after) around the official ICD-9-CM coding changes (usually October 1), for anticipation of or lags in response to official ICD-9-CM coding changes.
- 2601-2621 if the diagnosis code (DXn) is a valid E-code by the HCUP criteria.
- DXCCSn is missing (.), if there is no diagnosis code (DXn = " ").
- DXCCSn is set to invalid (.A), if the diagnosis code (DXn) is invalid by the HCUP criteria (EDX02).
- DXCCSn is set to inconsistent (.C), if the diagnosis code (DXn) is inconsistent with age (EAGE04 and EAGE05) or sex of the patient (EDX03).

In HCUP databases before 1998, this data element is called DCCHPRn.

Labels

Labels for CCS categories are provided as an ASCII file in HCUP Tools: Labels and Formats.

Formats

Formats to label CCS categories are documented in HCUP Tools: Labels and Formats. A format is also available to map CCS codes into a few broad classes of conditions based on ICD-9-CM chapters.

	Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description		
DXCCSn	Clinical	1-259	CCS Diagnosis Codes		
	Classifications Software (CCS): diagnosis	260	CCS E-code Class (1988- 1997 data)		
	classification	2601-2621	CCS E-code Class (beginning with 1998 data)		
		•	No diagnosis code		
		.A	Invalid diagnosis code: beginning with 1998 data, EDX02		
		.C	Inconsistent: beginning with 1998 data, EAGE04, EAGE05, EDX03		

State	Specific	Notes
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FEMALE – Indicator of sex

General Notes

The sex of the patient (FEMALE) is provided by the data source. All non-male, non-female (e.g., "other") values are set to missing (.).

If FEMALE is inconsistent with diagnoses (EDX03) or procedures (EPR03), FEMALE is set to inconsistent (.C).

In HCUP databases before 1998, this data element is called SEX.

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
FEMALE	Indicator of sex	0	Male	
		1	Female	
			Missing	
		.A	Invalid	
		.C	Inconsistent, EDX03, EPR03	

State Specific Notes

Colorado

According to the documentation available from the source, "Other/Unknown" includes patients undergoing sex changes, undetermined sex, live births with congenital abnormalities, and patients whose sex was unavailable from any source document. The source value for "Other/Unknown" was recoded to missing (.), during HCUP processing of 1988-1992 discharges.

Beginning in 1993, "Other/Unknown" was recoded to invalid (.A) during HCUP processing.

Utah

The source value "E" for "Encrypted patient gender (confidential data)" is recoded to missing (FEMALE = .).

Utah encrypts the patient gender for the following two conditions:

- 1. Patients with the Major Diagnosis Code of "Human Immunodeficiency Virus Infection" (value 25) and
- 2. Diagnosis Related Groups "Alcohol/Drug Abuse or Dependence" (values 433-437).

HOSPID – HCUP hospital identification number

General Notes

There are up to three different types of hospital identifiers included in the HCUP databases.

- The data source's own number scheme for identifying hospitals and facilities (DSHOSPID),
- The hospital identifier used by the American Hospital Association (AHAID and IDNUMBER), and
- A unique HCUP hospital identifier (HOSPID).

The hospital entity as defined by the data source may differ from the hospital entity as defined by the AHA. For example, the data source treats two separate facilities as two hospitals, while the AHA Annual Survey treats the two facilities as a single hospital, or vice versa. For consistency across states, HCUP defines hospitals in accordance with the American Hospital Association Annual Survey of Hospitals. During HCUP data processing, the data source's identification of the hospital is reconciled with the identification of the hospital in the AHA Annual Survey of Hospitals. For detailed information about this linking process, see the special report on HCUP Hospital Identifiers.

The HCUP hospital identifier (HOSPID) is based on the AHA hospital identifier and is defined as:

- SSnnn, where SS = State FIPS Code, and
- nnn = hospital number unique to state.

HOSPID is missing for some hospitals because an AHA hospital identifier cannot be determined. Hospitals may not be registered with the AHA or the source-provided information cannot be matched to the AHA.

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
HOSPID	HCUP hospital identification	5(n)	HCUP hospital identification number
	number	Blank	Missing

The data element HOSPID is available in the Hospital file.

State Specific Notes

HOSPST – Hospital State postal code

General Notes

HOSPST indicates the hospital's two-character state postal code (e.g., "CA" for California).

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
HOSPST	Hospital State postal code	aa	Hospital State postal code	

State Specific Notes	State Specific Nates
	State Specific Notes

HOSPSTCO – Hospital modified FIPS state/county code

General Notes

HOSPSTCO indicates the five-digit state and county modified FIPS code listed for that hospital in the American Hospital Association Annual Survey of Hospitals. Each hospital has only one unique state/county code. If multiple hospital units are in different counties, HOSPSTCO is the county code of the primary facility (as indicated by American Hospital Association Annual Survey information).

HOSPSTCO can be used to link HCUP data to any other data set that uses the modified FIPS county code, such as the Area Resource File and the American Hospital Association Annual Survey of Hospitals. In these modified FIPS county codes, Baltimore City is included in Baltimore County, St. Louis City in St. Louis County, and the independent cities of Virginia in the contiguous counties, Kalawao county, Hawaii is included in Maui County. The four Alaska Judicial Divisions are used as counties.

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
HOSPSTCO	Hospital modified FIPS	5(n)	Hospital modified FIPS State/County code
	state/county code	Blank	Missing

HOSPSTCO is missing if the data source that contributed discharge data to the NIS prohibits the release of hospital identifiers.

State Specific Notes

KEY – Unique record identifier

General Notes

KEY contains a unique record identifier. Beginning in the 1998 data, all HCUP databases are sorted by KEY.

KEY can be used to link within a HCUP database, such as linking records in the Core and Charges files in the SID.

KEY can be used to link across HCUP databases within a data type, i.e., link records in the SID to records in the NIS.

KEY is a unique record identifier and not a person identifier. KEY cannot be used to link records between HCUP inpatient and ambulatory surgery files.

KEY replaces the database-specific record identifiers used in the 1988-1997 HCUP databases (SEQ, SEQ_SID, and SEQ_ASD).

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
KEY	Unique record identifier	14(n)	Unique record identifier	

State Specific Notes

LOS – Length of stay, cleaned

General Notes

Length of stay (LOS) is calculated by subtracting the admission date (ADATE) from the discharge date (DDATE). Same-day stays are therefore coded as 0. Leave days are not subtracted. Before edit checks are performed, LOS and LOS_X have the same value. If LOS is set to inconsistent (.C), the value of LOS_X is retained.

LOS is not equal to the calculated value in the following cases:

- LOS is set to the supplied length of stay if the length of stay cannot be calculated (ADATE and/or DDATE is missing or invalid). Note: If the supplied length of stay codes same-day stays as 1 or subtracts leave days, then the supplied length of stay is NOT used.
- LOS is missing (.) if the length of stay cannot be calculated and the supplied length of stay is missing.
- LOS is invalid (.A) if
 - it is greater than the maximum value allowed during HCUP processing (the maximum allowed in the 1988-1997 data is 32,767; the maximum allowed beginning in the 1998 data is 20 years)
 - - or -
 - the length of stay cannot be calculated and the supplied length of stay is nonnumeric.
- An invalid calculated LOS is not replaced by the supplied length of stay.
- If the data source does not supply either admission date (ADATE) and discharge date (DDATE), or length of stay, then beginning in the 1998 data LOS is not present on the HCUP files. In the 1988-1997 data, LOS is retained on the HCUP files and is set to unavailable from source (.B).
- LOS is inconsistent (.C) if
 - LOS is negative (ELOS03 beginning in the 1998 data and ED011 in the 1988-1997 data),
 - Excessively long (ELOS04 beginning in the 1998 data and ED601 in the 1988-1997 data), or
 - Charges per day are unjustifiably low (ED911) or high (ED921).

Edit checks ED911 and ED921 are only performed on the 1988-1997 data. No charge per day edit checks are performed on the HCUP data beginning in the 1998 data.

	Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description		
LOS	Length of stay, cleaned	0 - 365	Days (In the 1988-1997 data, LOS can be greater than 365 days)		
			Missing		
		.A	Invalid		
		.В	Unavailable from source (coded in 1988-1997 data only)		
		.C	Inconsistent: beginning with 1998 data, ELOS03, ELOS04; in 1988-1997 data, ED011, ED601, ED911n, ED921		

State Specific Notes

Arizona

Beginning in 1995, the source reports same-day stays as zero days so the supplied length of stay was used to assign LOS when length of stay could not be calculated from dates. Prior to 1995, the reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Arizona coded same-day stays with a value of 1 and subtracted days of absence from LOS.

Colorado

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Colorado:

- coded same-day stays with the value 1 and
- subtracted days of absence

Connecticut

Length of stay could not be calculated from dates since Connecticut did not report full admission and discharge dates. During HCUP processing, the reported length of stay and a flag which indicates same-day stays were used to assign LOS. If the same-day

flag was not coded, the reported length of stay was retained as supplied (i.e., if the reported length of stay was 1 and the same-day flag is not coded, then LOS is set to 1 and not reset to 0).

Florida

Beginning in 2000, the supplied length of stay was used to assign LOS and LOS_X because Florida did not provide the admission and discharge date necessary for calculating length of stay. The supplied length of stay was coded according to the HCUP standard that assigns a length of stay of zero (0) to same day stays.

In 1997-1999, the coding of LOS and LOS_X is <u>inconsistent</u> with the coding of length of stay in other states. Florida provided the reported length of stay but not the admission and discharge date necessary for calculating LOS. Florida codes same-day stays as LOS=1; the HCUP standard coding of same-day stays is LOS=0. Usually 2% of a states' discharges are same-day stays.

Prior to 1997, the reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Florida:

- coded same-day stays with the value 1 and
- subtracted days of absence.

Georgia

Beginning with the 2001 data, Georgia no longer codes same day stays with a value of 1. Reported length of stay is used when length of stay cannot be calculated.

Prior to 2001, the reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Georgia coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Hawaii

Only the calculated length of stay could be used to assign LOS because Hawaii did not supply reported length of stay.

Illinois

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Illinois coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

lowa

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because lowa coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Kansas

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Kansas coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Kentucky

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Kentucky coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Maine

The supplied length of stay was not used when length of stay could not be calculated because Maine coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Massachusetts

The supplied length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Massachusetts:

- coded same-day stays with the value 1 and
- subtracted days of absence.

Minnesota

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Minnesota coded same-day stays with the value 1.

Missouri

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Missouri coded same-day stays with a value of 1. The appropriate edit check for consistency of reported and calculated length of stay could not be performed.

Nebraska

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Nebraska coded same-day stays with the value 1.

New York

The assignment of LOS and LOS_X varies by year in New York:

• Beginning in 2000 data, the length of stay (LOS and LOS_X) in New York was calculated from the admission and discharge dates. Because New York masked the dates on AIDS/HIV* records, the calculated length of stay was missing.

During HCUP processing, other information provided by New York was used to determine LOS and LOS_X when the calculated length of stay was missing. The length of stay provided by New York (which did not include leave days), total leave days, and a flag that indicates a same day stay were used to determine a length of stay that was consistent with the coding of length of stay on other HCUP records.

In the 1998-1999 data purchased from NTIS, the length of stay (LOS and LOS_X) in New York was calculated from the admission and discharge dates. Because New York masked the admission and discharge dates on AIDS/HIV* records, LOS and LOS_X was missing (.) on these discharges. An updated version of the 1998-1999 data is available through the HCUP Central Distributor with LOS and LOS_X coded on the New York AIDS/HIV* records. The updated version has LOS and LOS_X calculated using the method described for the 2000 data.

In the 1998-1999 data purchased from HCUP Central Distributor, the length of stay (LOS and LOS_X) in New York was calculated using the method described for the 2000 data.

 In the 1988-1997 HCUP data, LOS and LOS_X could not be calculated from dates because New York did not report full admission and discharge dates. During HCUP processing, the length of stay provided by New York was used to assign LOS and LOS_X. The length of stay provided by New York was adjusted during HCUP processing to be consistent with the coding of length of stay in other states.

*New York identifies AIDS/HIV records by ICD-9-CM diagnosis code or DRG:

- An admitting, principal, or secondary diagnosis of "042" "043" "044" "7958"
 "27910", "27919", "2793", "1363", "79571", "07951", "07952", "07953" or "V08".
- A DRG of 488 "HIV with Extensive Operating Room Procedure", 489 "HIV with Major related condition", or 490 "HIV with or without Other Related Condition".

Please note that the admitting diagnosis is not retained in the HCUP databases.

North Carolina

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because North Carolina coded same-day stays with the value 1.

Oregon

Prior to 1994, the reported length of stay was assigned to LOS if dates were not available. However, the coding of same day stay varies: some Oregon hospitals report discharges on the day of admission as one day stay (LOS=1), in addition to reporting same day stay as zero days (LOS=0).

Beginning in 1994, the reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated from dates because Oregon coded all same-day stays as one day (LOS=1).

Pennsylvania

Prior to 1997, the reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Pennsylvania coded same-day stays with a value of 1 and subtracted days of absence from LOS. The appropriate edit check for consistency of reported and calculated length of stay could not be performed.

Beginning in 1997, Pennsylvania reports same-day stays as zero days. The supplied length of stay was used to assign LOS when length of stay could not be calculated from dates.

South Carolina

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because South Carolina coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Tennessee

Only the calculated length of stay could be used to assign LOS because Tennessee did not report length of stay.

Texas

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Texas coded same-day stays with the value 1.

Utah

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Utah coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Vermont

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Vermont coded same-day stays with the value 1.

Washington

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Washington:

- coded same-day stays with the value 1 and
- subtracted days of absence.

West Virginia

Beginning in 2001, West Virginia provides LOS.

Prior to 2001, only the calculated length of stay was used to assign LOS because West Virginia did not provide the reported length of stay.

Wisconsin

Only the calculated length of stay was used to assign LOS and LOS_X. For 1988-1994, the reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Wisconsin subtracted leave days and coded length of stay greater than 999 days as 999 days. Beginning with 1995, length of stay was not supplied.

LOS_X – Length of stay, uncleaned

General Notes

Length of stay (LOS_X) is calculated by subtracting the admission date (ADATE) from the discharge date (DDATE). Same-day stays are therefore coded as 0. Leave days are not subtracted. Before edit checks are performed, LOS and LOS_X have the same value. If LOS is set to inconsistent (.C), the value of LOS_X is retained. LOS_X may contain negative or excessively large values.

LOS_X is not equal to the calculated value in the following cases:

- LOS_X is set to the supplied length of stay if the length of stay cannot be calculated (ADATE and/or DDATE is missing or invalid). Note: If the supplied length of stay codes same-day stays as 1 or subtracts leave days, then the supplied length of stay is NOT used.
- LOS_X is missing (.) if the length of stay cannot be calculated and the supplied length of stay is missing.
- LOS_X is invalid (.A) if
 - it is greater than the maximum value allowed during HCUP processing (the maximum allowed in the 1988-1997 data is 32,767; the maximum allowed beginning in the 1998 data is 20 years)
 - **or -**
 - the length of stay cannot be calculated and the supplied length of stay is nonnumeric.
- An invalid calculated LOS_X is not replaced by the supplied length of stay.
- If the data source does not supply either admission date (ADATE) and discharge date (DDATE), or length of stay, then beginning in the 1998 data LOS_X is not present on the HCUP files. In the 1988-1997 data, LOS_X is retained on the HCUP files and is set to unavailable from source (.B).

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
LOS_X	Length of stay, uncleaned	+/- 7,305	Days (In the 1988-1997 data, LOS_X can be greater than 7,305 days)	
		•	Missing	
		.A	Invalid (nonnumeric or out of range)	
		.В	Unavailable from source (coded in 1988-1997 data only)	

Arizona

Beginning in 1995, the source reports same-day stays as zero days so the supplied length of stay was used to assign LOS_X when length of stay could not be calculated from dates. Prior to 1995, the reported length of stay was not used when LOS_X could not be calculated because Arizona coded same-day stays with a value of 1 and subtracted days of absence from LOS.

Colorado

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS_X could not be calculated because Colorado:

- coded same-day stays with the value 1 and
- subtracted days of absence.

Connecticut

Length of stay could not be calculated from dates since Connecticut did not report full admission and discharge dates. During HCUP processing, the reported length of stay and a flag which indicates same-day stays were used to assign LOS_X. If the same-day flag was not coded, the reported length of stay was retained as supplied (i.e., if the reported length of stay was 1, and the same-day flag is not coded, then LOS_X is set to 1 and not reset to 0).

Florida

Beginning in 2000, the supplied length of stay was used to assign LOS and LOS_X because Florida did not provide the admission and discharge date necessary for calculating length of stay. The supplied length of stay was coded according to the HCUP standard that assigns a length of stay of zero (0) to same day stays.

In 1997-1999, the coding of LOS and LOS_X is <u>inconsistent</u> with the coding of length of stay in other states. Florida provided the reported length of stay but not the admission and discharge date necessary for calculating LOS_X. Florida codes same-day stays as LOS_X=1; the HCUP standard coding of same-day stays is LOS_X=0. Usually 2% of a states' discharges are same-day stays.

Prior to 1997, the supplied length of stay was not used when length of stay could not be calculated because Florida:

- coded same-day stays with the value 1 and
- subtracted days of absence.

Georgia

Beginning with the 2001 data, Georgia no longer codes same day stays with a value of 1. Reported length of stay is used when length of stay cannot be calculated.

Prior to 2001, the reported length of stay was not used when LOS_X could not be calculated because Georgia coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Hawaii

Only the calculated length of stay could be used to assign LOS_X because Hawaii did not supply reported length of stay.

Illinois

The supplied length of stay was not used when length of stay could not be calculated because Illinois coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

lowa

The reported length of stay was not used when length of stay could not be calculated because lowa coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Kansas

The reported length of stay was not used when length of stay could not be calculated because Kansas coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Kentucky

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS_X could not be calculated because Kentucky coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Maine

The supplied length of stay was not used when length of stay could not be calculated because Maine coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Massachusetts

The supplied length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Massachusetts:

- coded same-day stays with the value 1 and
- subtracted days of absence.

Minnesota

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS_X could not be calculated because Minnesota coded same-day stays with the value 1.

Missouri

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS_X could not be calculated because Missouri coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Nebraska

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS_X could not be calculated because Nebraska coded same-day stays with the value 1.

New York

The assignment of LOS and LOS_X varies by year in New York:

- Beginning in 2000 data, the length of stay (LOS and LOS_X) in New York was calculated from the admission and discharge dates. Because New York masked the dates on AIDS/HIV* records, the calculated length of stay was missing. During HCUP processing, other information provided by New York was used to determine LOS and LOS_X when the calculated length of stay was missing. The length of stay provided by New York (which did not include leave days), total leave days, and a flag that indicates a same day stay were used to determine a length of stay that was consistent with the coding of length of stay on other HCUP records.
- In the 1998-1999 data purchased from NTIS, the length of stay (LOS and LOS_X) in New York was calculated from the admission and discharge dates. Because New York masked the admission and discharge dates on AIDS/HIV* records, LOS and LOS_X was missing (.) on these discharges. An updated version of the 1998-1999 data is available through the HCUP Central Distributor with LOS and LOS_X coded on the New York AIDS/HIV* records. The updated version has LOS and LOS_X calculated using the method described for the 2000 data.

In the 1998-1999 data purchased from HCUP Central Distributor, the length of stay (LOS and LOS_X) in New York was calculated using the method described for the 2000 data.

 In the 1988-1997 HCUP data, LOS and LOS_X could not be calculated from dates because New York did not report full admission and discharge dates. During HCUP processing, the length of stay provided by New York was used to assign LOS and LOS_X. The length of stay provided by New York was adjusted during HCUP processing to be consistent with the coding of length of stay in other states.

*New York identifies AIDS/HIV records by ICD-9-CM diagnosis code or DRG:

- An admitting, principal, or secondary diagnosis of "042" "043" "044" "7958"
 "27910", "27919", "2793", "1363", "79571", "07951", "07952", "07953" or "V08".
- A DRG of 488 "HIV with Extensive Operating Room Procedure", 489 "HIV with Major related condition", or 490 "HIV with or without Other Related Condition".

Please note that the admitting diagnosis is not retained in the HCUP databases.

North Carolina

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS_X could not be calculated because North Carolina coded same-day stays with the value 1.

Oregon

Prior to 1994, the reported length of stay was assigned to LOS_X if dates were not available. However, the coding of same day stay varies: some Oregon hospitals report discharges on the day of admission as one day stay (LOS_X=1), in addition to reporting same day stays as zero days (LOS_X=0).

Beginning in 1994, the reported length of stay was not used when length of stay could not be calculated from dates because Oregon coded all same-day stays as one day (LOS_X=1).

Pennsylvania

Prior to 1997, the reported length of stay was not used when length of stay could not be calculated because Pennsylvania coded same-day stays with the value 1.

Beginning in 1997, Pennsylvania reports same-day stays as zero days. The supplied length of stay was used to assign LOS_X when length of stay could not be calculated from dates.

South Carolina

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS_X could not be calculated because South Carolina coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Tennessee

Only the calculated length of stay could be used to assign LOS_X because Tennessee did not report length of stay.

Texas

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS_X could not be calculated because Texas coded same-day stays with the value 1.

Utah

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS_X could not be calculated because Utah coded same-day stays with a value of 1.

Vermont

The reported length of stay was not used when LOS_X could not be calculated because Vermont coded same-day stays with the value 1.

Washington

The reported length of stay was not used when length of stay could not be calculated because Washington:

- coded same-day stays with the value 1 and
- subtracted days of absence.

West Virginia

Beginning in 2001, West Virginia provides LOS_X.

Prior to 2001, only the calculated length of stay was used to assign LOS_X because West Virginia did not provide the reported length of stay.

Wisconsin

Only the calculated length of stay was used to assign LOS and LOS_X. For 1988-1994, the reported length of stay was not used when LOS could not be calculated because Wisconsin subtracted leave days and coded length of stay greater than 999 days as 999 days. Beginning with 1995, length of stay was not supplied.

MDC – MDC in effect on discharge date

General Notes

The Major Diagnostic Category appropriate for the date of discharge (MDC) is assigned by the HCFA DRG grouper during HCUP processing. Refer to the notes for the data element DRG for complete details.

Labels

Labels for the MDCs are provided as an ASCII file in HCUP Tools: Labels and Formats.

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
MDC	MDC in effect on discharge date	nn	MDC value

State Specific Notes

California

One discharge in 1991 with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1=1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) had the incorrect DRG and MDC assigned because of a error in HCUP processing. The DRG should have been 470; and the MDC should have been equal to 0.

No other years are affected.

Massachusetts

Some 1989-1990 discharges with a missing principal diagnosis code (DX1="") and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG and MDC assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG should be 470; and the MDC should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected:

- 1 record in 1989 and
- 1 record in 1990.

No other years are affected.

Some 1988-1991 discharges with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1=1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG and MDC assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG should be 470; and the MDC should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected:

- for 1988, 34 records;
- for 1989, 30 records;
- for 1990, 44 records; and
- for 1991, 33 records.

Beginning with 1992 discharges, DRG and MDC were processed correctly.

Washington

Some 1988-1992 discharges with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1 = 1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG and MDC assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG should be 470; and the MDC should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected:

- for 1988, 184 records;
- for 1989, 68 records;
- for 1990, 13 records;
- for 1991, 1 record; and
- for 1992, 1 record.

Beginning with 1993 discharges, DRG and MDC were processed correctly.

Wisconsin

According to source documentation, the principal and secondary procedures for one hospital (DSHOSPID="056" and HOSPID=55155) are incorrect in the <u>fourth quarter of 1997</u>. System problems at the hospital caused the last procedure coded on the medical record to be stored as the principal procedure. No secondary procedures were recorded. This affects the DRG, DRG10, MDC, and MDC10 assignment.

Some 1989-1992 discharges with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1=1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG and MDC assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG should be 470; and the MDC should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected:

- for 1989, 23 records;
- for 1990, 4 records;
- for 1991, 1 record; and
- for 1992, 10 records.

Beginning with 1993 discharges, DRG and MDC were processed correctly.

MDC10 – MDC, Version 10

General Notes

The Major Diagnostic Category, Version 10 (MDC10) is assigned by the HCFA DRG Grouper algorithm during HCUP processing. Refer to the notes for the data element DRG10 for complete details.

Labels

Labels for the MDCs are provided as an ASCII file in HCUP Tools: Labels and Formats.

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
MDC10	MDC, Version 10	nn	MDC value

State Specific N	otes
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California

One discharge in 1991 with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1=1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) had the incorrect DRG10 and MDC10 assigned because of a error in HCUP processing. The DRG10 should have been 470; and the MDC10 should have been equal to 0.

No other years are affected.

Massachusetts

Some 1989-1990 discharges with a missing principal diagnosis code (DX1=" ") and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG10 and MDC10 assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG10 should be 470; and the MDC10 should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected:

- 1 record in 1989 and
- 1 record in 1990.

No other years are affected.

Some 1988-1991 discharges with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1=1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG10

and MDC10 assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG10 should be 470; and the MDC10 should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected:

- for 1988, 34 records;
- for 1989, 30 records;
- for 1990, 44 records; and
- for 1991, 33 records.

Beginning with 1992 discharges, DRG10 and MDC10 were processed correctly.

Washington

Some 1988-1992 discharges with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1 = 1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG and MDC assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG should be 470; and the MDC should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected:

- for 1988, 184 records;
- for 1989, 68 records;
- for 1990, 13 records;
- for 1991, 1 record; and
- for 1992, 1 record.

Beginning with 1993 discharges, DRG10 and MDC10 were processed correctly.

Wisconsin

According to source documentation, the principal and secondary procedures for one hospital (DSHOSPID="056" and HOSPID=55155) are incorrect in the <u>fourth quarter of 1997</u>. System problems at the hospital caused the last procedure coded on the medical record to be stored as the principal procedure. No secondary procedures were recorded. This affects the DRG, DRG10, MDC, and MDC10 assignment.

Some 1989-1992 discharges with an invalid principal diagnosis code (DXV1=1) and at least one non-missing secondary diagnosis code (DX2, etc.) have the incorrect DRG10 and MDC10 assigned because of an error in HCUP processing. The DRG10 should be 470; and the MDC10 should be equal to 0. The following number of records are affected:

- for 1989, 23 records;
- for 1990, 4 records;
- for 1991, 1 record; and
- for 1992, 10 records.

Beginning with 1993 discharges, DRG10 and MDC10 were processed correctly.

MDC18 – MDC, Version 18

General Notes

The Major Diagnostic Category, Version 18 (MDC18) is assigned by the HCFA DRG Grouper algorithm during HCUP processing. Refer to the notes for the data element DRG18 for complete details.

Labels

Labels for the MDCs are provided as an ASCII file in HCUP Tools: Labels and Formats.

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
MDC18	MDC, Version 18	nn	MDC value

	State Specific Notes
<u></u>	

MDID_S – Synthetic attending physician number

General Notes

Beginning in 2001, this data element is called MDNUM1_S.

MDID_S contains a fixed-key (one-to-one) encryption of the supplied attending physician number (MDID), according to the following rules:

- All alphanumeric digits are used in the encryption.
- All symbols such as ".,:;'*@" are retained in the encrypted value, but not in the same location.
- Leading zeros are encrypted so that the two original physician identifiers "000A6" and "A6" are distinctly different.
- When the original attending physician and primary surgeon identifiers are the same, the synthetic identifiers, MDID_S and SURGID_S, are the same.
- When the MDID in the ambulatory surgery data and the inpatient data are the same, the synthetic identifier, MDID_S is the same.

Except in those data sources where physician license numbers are supplied, it is not known whether the physician identifier MDID_S refers to individual physicians or to groups. If the attending physician numbers supplied by the data source are not restricted to license numbers, the state-specific note includes available information about reporting practices, including whether MDID_S refers to individual physicians or to groups.

Beginning in the 1993 data, supplied physician identifiers were checked for null characters. If null characters were found, they were replaced by blanks before the identifier was encrypted. Since this conversion was not done in prior years of HCUP data, the encrypted physician identifiers from 1993 on may not match those in earlier years. However, null characters are rarely included.

Beginning with the 1993 NIS, supplied physician identifiers were checked for null characters. If null characters were found, they were replaced by blanks before the identifier was encrypted. Since this conversion was not done in prior years of HCUP inpatient data, the encrypted physician identifiers from 1993 on may not match those in earlier years. However, no null characters were found in the 1994 identifiers, and they were rare in prior years.

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
MDID_S		16(a)	Synthetic physician identifier
	attending physician number	Blank	Missing

State Specific Notes

Arizona

The attending physician identification number (MDID_S) may not accurately track physicians across hospitals for the following reasons:

- Some hospitals assign their own internal attending physician identification numbers rather than using the license numbers issued by the licensing agency of the physician or other health care practitioner. Information was not available about the prevalence of this practice.
- Some hospitals use one attending physician identification number for several physicians that are part of the same physician practice group. Information was not available about the prevalence of this practice.

The attending physician identification number includes license numbers from the following board of examiners: Medical, Osteopathic, Podiatrists, and Nurses. In addition, Arizona accepts licensing numbers from other health practitioner licensing boards, but these boards are unspecified.

Colorado

The attending physician identification number (MDID_S) may not accurately track physicians across hospitals. The state encourages hospitals to use the Professional State License Number as an identifier, but some hospitals continue to use their own internal identification number. Also, some hospitals appear to pad the Professional State License Number (a 5-digit code). Information was not available from the data source about the prevalence of these practices.

Some hospitals may use one license number for all physicians in order to protect physician confidentiality. Information was not available from the data source about the prevalence of this practice.

Florida

Florida reports state license numbers for the attending physician identifiers. During HCUP processing, physician identifiers were encrypted (MDID_S).

lowa

Iowa reports Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs) as attending physician identification numbers.

Maine

Maine provides state-specific encrypted physician identifiers for attending physicians that allow for tracking physicians across hospitals.

Caution should be used when tracking physicians back to 1999. The encrypted values supplied by the source in the 1999 inpatient data contained slightly different coding than the values supplied in the 2000 inpatient data. During HCUP processing, physician identifiers were re-encrypted (MDID_S).

Maryland

Maryland reports a state license number assigned by the Medical Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland (MED CHI) for the attending physician. Source documentation describes strict assignment and verification rules for this field.

Missouri

The attending physician identification number (MDID_S) may not accurately track physicians across hospitals. Missouri accepts Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs), state license numbers, and hospital-assigned physician identification numbers as attending physician numbers (MDID_S). According to the source, the majority of physician identifiers are UPINs.

New Jersey

The coding of attending physician identification number (MDID_S) varies across years:

Year	Physician Identifier	
1988-93	New Jersey state license numbers	
1994-95	Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs)	
Beginning in 1996	New Jersey state license numbers.	

New York

New York reports state license numbers as physician identifiers. Source documentation indicates that if the attending physician did not possess a valid New York state license number, the license number of the Chief of Service should have been reported.

New York does not limit this field to physicians; dentists, podiatrists, psychologists, nurse/midwives, and other licensed health care professionals may be included. It is impossible to identify the different types of providers in the HCUP data.

Source physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

In the 1998-2000 data, physician identifiers are missing (" ") on discharges with an indication of an induced abortion. New York identifies an indication of induced abortion by ICD-9-CM diagnosis or procedure code:

- An admitting, principal, or secondary diagnosis of "6350" through "6399", or "7796".
- A principal or secondary procedure of "690", "695", "696", "6993", "738", "7491", "750", "751", or "9649".

Please note that the admitting diagnosis is not retained in the HCUP databases.

North Carolina

North Carolina provides the Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs) for the attending physician. During HCUP processing, this identifier is encrypted.

Oregon

Beginning in the 1997 data files, Oregon supplied the attending physician number (MDID_S). This identifier may not accurately track physicians across hospitals. Oregon encourages hospitals to use Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs), but not all hospitals do. Information was not available from the data source about the prevalence of this practice.

Pennsylvania

Pennsylvania reports the state license number for attending physicians (MDID_S).

South Carolina

South Carolina reports six-character state license numbers for attending physician identifiers. When the source values were shorter than six characters, the HCUP value was padded to bring it into conformity with South Carolina's format before the value was encrypted.

Tennessee

The attending physician identification number (MDID_S) may not accurately track physicians across hospitals. Tennessee collects two different types of physician identifiers, depending on the type of identifier provided by the hospitals. Tennessee prefers Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs) but also accepts state license numbers.

Texas

Texas provides the state license number of the attending physician. During HCUP processing, physician identifiers are re-encrypted (MDID_S).

Virginia

Virginia reports Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs). During HCUP processing, physician identifiers were encrypted (MDID_S).

West Virginia

The attending physician identifier (MDID_S) does not accurately track physicians across patients and hospitals. West Virginia collects different types of physician identifiers depending on the payer:

- The Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs) are coded on Medicare patients.
- A West Virginia Medicaid physician identifier is coded on Medicaid patients. The same physician treating two different Medicaid patients can have two different physician identifiers. One identifier is used for new Medicaid patients; the other identifier is used for established Medicaid patients.
- The physician's state license number which starts with "WV" is coded on most commercial patients.

Some hospitals use their own physician identifiers and do not provide the UPIN, Medicaid and state license numbers.

MDNUM1_S – Physician 1 number (synthetic)

General Notes

Prior to 2001, this data element is called MDID_S.

MDNUM1_S contains a fixed-key (one-to-one) encryption of the supplied physician 1 number (MDNUM1), according to the following rules:

- All alphanumeric digits are used in the encryption.
- All symbols such as ".,:;'*@" are retained in the encrypted value, but not in the same location.
- Leading zeros are encrypted so that the two original physician identifiers "000A6" and "A6" are distinctly different.
- When the original physician 1 number and physician 2 number identifiers are the same, the synthetic identifiers, MDNUM1_S and MDNUM2_S, are the same.
- When the MDNUM1 in the ambulatory surgery data and the inpatient data are the same, the synthetic identifier, MDNUM1_S is the same.

Except in those data sources where physician license numbers are supplied, it is not known whether the physician identifier MDNUM1_S refers to individual physicians or to groups. If the physician 1 numbers supplied by the data source are not restricted to license numbers, the state-specific note includes available information about reporting practices, including whether MDNUM1_S refers to individual physicians or to groups.

Beginning in the 1993 data, supplied physician 1 identifiers were checked for null characters. If null characters were found, they were replaced by blanks before the identifier was encrypted. Since this conversion was not done in prior years of HCUP data, the encrypted physician 1 identifiers from 1993 on may not match those in earlier years. However, null characters are rarely included.

Beginning with the 1993 NIS, supplied physician 1 identifiers were checked for null characters. If null characters were found, they were replaced by blanks before the identifier was encrypted. Since this conversion was not done in prior years of HCUP inpatient data, the encrypted physician 1 identifiers from 1993 on may not match those in earlier years. However, no null characters were found in the 1994 identifiers, and they were rare in prior years.

Uniform Values					
Variable Description Value Value Description					
MDNUM1_S	Physician 1	16(a)	Synthetic physician identifier		
	number (synthetic)	Blank	Missing		

State Specific Notes

Arizona

In Arizona two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Physician that performed the primary procedure is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers may not accurately track physicians across hospitals for the following reasons:

- Some hospitals assign their own internal physician identification numbers rather than using the license numbers issued by the licensing agency of the physician or other health care practitioner. Information was not available about the prevalence of this practice.
- Some hospitals use one physician identification number for several physicians that are part of the same physician practice group. Information was not available about the prevalence of this practice.

The physician identification number includes license numbers from the following board of examiners: Medical, Osteopathic, Podiatrists, and Nurses. In addition, Arizona accepts licensing numbers from other health practitioner licensing boards, but these boards are unspecified. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

Colorado

In Colorado two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Physician that performed the principal procedure is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers may not accurately track physicians across hospitals. The state encourages hospitals to use the Professional State License Number as an identifier, but some hospitals continue to use their own internal identification number. Also, some hospitals appear to pad the Professional State License Number (a 5-digit code). Information was not available from the data source about the prevalence of these practices.

Some hospitals may use one license number for all physicians in order to protect physician confidentiality. Information was not available from the data source about the prevalence of this practice. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

Florida

In Florida two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Operating physician is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers may be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. Florida reports state license numbers for the physician identifiers. During HCUP processing, physician identifiers were encrypted.

lowa

In Iowa three types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S.
- 2. Physician that performed the principal procedure is provided in MDNUM2_S.
- 3. Admitting physician is provided in MDNUM3_S.

Physician identification numbers may be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. Iowa reports Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs). The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

Maine

In Maine, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S.
- 2. Operating surgeon is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Maine provides state-specific encrypted physician identifier numbers that allow for tracking physicians within and across hospitals. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted again during HCUP processing.

Caution should be used when tracking physicians back to 1999 inpatient data. The encrypted values supplied by the data source in the 1999 inpatient data contained

slightly different coding than the values supplied beginning in the 2000 inpatient and ambulatory surgery data.

Maryland

In Maryland, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Operating physician is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers can be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. Maryland reports a state license number assigned by the Medical Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland (MED CHI). Source documentation describes strict assignment and verification rules for this field. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

Missouri

In Missouri, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Primary surgeon is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification number may not accurately track physicians within and across hospitals. Missouri accepts Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs), state license numbers, and hospital-assigned physician identification numbers. According to the source, the majority of physician identifiers are UPINs. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

New Jersey

In New Jersey, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S,
- 2. Surgeon is provided in MDNUM2_S

Physician identification numbers may not accurately track physicians within and across hospitals. During HCUP processing, physician identifiers are encrypted. The coding of the physician identification number varies across years:

Year	Physician Identifier	
1988-93	New Jersey state license numbers	
1994-95	Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs)	
Beginning in 1996	New Jersey state license numbers.	

New York

In New York, three types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S,
- 2. Operating physician is provided in MDNUM2_S, and
- 3. Other physician is provided in MDNUM3_S.

Physician identification numbers can be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. New York reports state license numbers as physician identifiers. Source documentation indicates that if the reported physician number did not possess a valid New York state license number, the license number of the Chief of Service should have been reported.

New York does not limit this field to physicians; dentists, podiatrists, psychologists, nurse/midwives, and other licensed health care professionals may be included. It is impossible to identify the different types of providers in the HCUP data.

The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

In the 1998-2000 data, physician identifiers are missing (" ") on discharges with an indication of an induced abortion. New York identifies an indication of induced abortion by ICD-9-CM diagnosis or procedure code:

- An admitting, principal, or secondary diagnosis of "6350" through "6399", or "7796".
- A principal or secondary procedure of "690", "695", "696", "6993", "738", "7491", "750", "751", or "9649".

Please note that the admitting diagnosis is not retained in the HCUP databases.

Oregon

In Oregon, three types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S,
- 2. 1st other physician is provided in MDNUM2_S, and
- 3. 2nd other physician is provided in MDNUM3_S.

Physician identification numbers may not accurately track physicians across hospitals. Beginning in the 1997 data files, Oregon supplied the physician identifier number. Oregon encourages hospitals to use Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs), but not all hospitals do. Information was not available from the data source about the prevalence of this practice. During HCUP processing, the physician identifiers were encrypted.

Pennsylvania

In Pennsylvania, three types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S,
- 2. Operating physician is provided in MDNUM2_S, and
- 3. Referring physician is provided in MDNUM3_S.

Physician identification numbers can be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. Pennsylvania reports the state license numbers. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

South Carolina

In South Carolina, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Other physician is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers can be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. South Carolina reports six-character state license numbers. When the source values were shorter than six characters, the HCUP value was padded to bring it into conformity with South Carolina's format before the value was encrypted.

Tennessee

In Tennessee, three types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S,
- 2. 1st other physician is provided in MDNUM2_S, and
- 3. 2nd other physician is provided in MDNUM3_S.

Physician identification number may not accurately track physicians within and across hospitals. Tennessee collects two different types of physician identifiers from hospitals: Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs) and state license numbers. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

Texas

In Texas, three types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S,
- 2. Operating physician is provided in MDNUM2_S, and
- 3. Other physician is provided in MDNUM3_S (not available in 2001).

Physician identification numbers can be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. Texas provides the state license numbers. During HCUP processing, the provided physician identifiers are encrypted.

Virginia

In Virginia, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Physician that performed the first procedure is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers can be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. Virginia reports Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs). During HCUP processing, the reported physician identifiers are encrypted.

West Virginia

In West Virginia, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Other physician is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers do not accurately track physicians within and across hospitals. West Virginia collects different types of physician identifiers depending on the payer:

- The Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs) are coded on Medicare patients.
- A West Virginia Medicaid physician identifier is coded on Medicaid patients. The same physician treating two different Medicaid patients can have two different physician identifiers. One identifier is used for new Medicaid patients; the other identifier is used for established Medicaid patients.
- The physician's state license number which starts with "WV" is coded on most commercial patients.

Some hospitals use their own physician identifiers and do not provide the UPIN, Medicaid and state license numbers. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

MDNUM2_S – Physician 2 number (synthetic)

General Notes

Prior to 2001, this data element is called SURGID_S.

MDNUM2_S contains a fixed-key (one-to-one) encryption of the supplied physician 2 number (MDNUM2), according to the following rules:

- All alphanumeric digits are used in the encryption.
- All symbols such as ".,:;'*@" are retained in the encrypted value, but not in the same location.
- Leading zeros are encrypted so that the two original physician identifiers "000A6" and "A6" are distinctly different.
- When the original physician 1 number and physician 2 identifiers are the same, the synthetic identifiers, MDNUM1_S and MDNUM2_S, are the same.
- When the MDNUM1 in the ambulatory surgery data and the inpatient data are the same, the synthetic identifier, MDUNM2_S is the same.

Except in those data sources where physician license numbers are supplied, it is not known whether the physician identifier MDNUM2_S refers to individual physicians or to groups. If the physician 2 numbers supplied by the data source are not restricted to license numbers, the state-specific note includes available information about reporting practices, including whether MDNUM2_S refers to individual physicians or to groups.

Beginning in the 1993 data, supplied physician identifiers were checked for null characters. If null characters were found, they were replaced by blanks before the identifier was encrypted. Since this conversion was not done in prior years of HCUP data, the encrypted physician identifiers from 1993 on may not match those in earlier years. However, null characters are rarely included.

Beginning with 1993 NIS, supplied physician 2 identifiers were checked for null characters. If null characters were found, they were replaced by blanks before the identifier was encrypted. Since this conversion was not done in prior years of HCUP inpatient data, the encrypted physician 2 identifiers from 1993 on may not match those in earlier years. However, no null characters were found in the 1994 identifiers, and they were rare in prior years.

Uniform Values					
Variable Description Value Value Description					
MDNUM2_S	Physician 2	16(a)	Synthetic physician identifier		
number (synthetic)		Blank	Missing		

State Specific Notes

Arizona

In Arizona two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Physician that performed the primary procedure is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers may not accurately track physicians across hospitals for the following reasons:

- Some hospitals assign their own internal physician identification numbers rather than using the license numbers issued by the licensing agency of the physician or other health care practitioner. Information was not available about the prevalence of this practice.
- Some hospitals use one physician identification number for several physicians that are part of the same physician practice group. Information was not available about the prevalence of this practice.

The physician identification number includes license numbers from the following board of examiners: Medical, Osteopathic, Podiatrists, and Nurses. In addition, Arizona accepts licensing numbers from other health practitioner licensing boards, but these boards are unspecified. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

Colorado

In Colorado two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Physician that performed the principal procedure is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers may not accurately track physicians across hospitals. The state encourages hospitals to use the Professional State License Number as an identifier, but some hospitals continue to use their own internal identification number. Also, some hospitals appear to pad the Professional State License Number (a 5-digit code). Information was not available from the data source about the prevalence of these practices.

Some hospitals may use one license number for all physicians in order to protect physician confidentiality. Information was not available from the data source about the prevalence of this practice. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

lowa

In Iowa three types of physician identifiers are available:

- 4. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S.
- 5. Physician that performed the principal procedure is provided in MDNUM2_S.
- 6. Admitting physician is provided in MDNUM3_S.

Physician identification numbers may be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. Iowa reports Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs). The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

Florida

In Florida two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Operating physician is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers may be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. Florida reports state license numbers for the physician identifiers. During HCUP processing, physician identifiers were encrypted.

Kentucky

In Kentucky three types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S,
- 2. Physician that performed the primary procedure is provided in MDNUM2_S, and
- 3. 1st other physician is provided in MDNUM3_S.

Physician identification numbers may not accurately track physicians within and across hospitals. Kentucky collects two different types of physician identifiers, Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs) and state license numbers. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

Maine

In Maine, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S.
- 2. Operating surgeon is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Maine provides state-specific encrypted physician identifier numbers that allow for tracking physicians within and across hospitals. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted again during HCUP processing.

Caution should be used when tracking physicians back to 1999 inpatient data. The encrypted values supplied by the data source in the 1999 inpatient data contained slightly different coding than the values supplied beginning in the 2000 inpatient and ambulatory surgery data.

Maryland

In Maryland, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Operating physician is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers can be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. Maryland reports a state license number assigned by the Medical Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland (MED CHI). Source documentation describes strict assignment and verification rules for this field. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

Missouri

In Missouri, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Primary surgeon is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification number may not accurately track physicians within and across hospitals. Missouri accepts Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs), state license numbers, and hospital-assigned physician identification numbers. According to the source, the majority of physician identifiers are UPINs. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

New Jersey

In New Jersey, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S,
- 2. Surgeon is provided in MDNUM2_S

Physician identification numbers may not accurately track physicians within and across hospitals. During HCUP processing, physician identifiers are encrypted. The coding of the physician identification number varies across years:

Year	Physician Identifier	
1988-93	New Jersey state license numbers	
1994-95	Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs)	
Beginning in 1996	New Jersey state license numbers.	

New York

In New York, three types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S,
- 2. Operating physician is provided in MDNUM2_S, and
- 3. Other physician is provided in MDNUM3_S.

Physician identification numbers can be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. New York reports state license numbers as physician identifiers. Source documentation indicates that if the reported physician number did not possess a valid New York state license number, the license number of the Chief of Service should have been reported.

New York does not limit this field to physicians; dentists, podiatrists, psychologists, nurse/midwives, and other licensed health care professionals may be included. It is impossible to identify the different types of providers in the HCUP data.

The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

In the 1998-2000 data, physician identifiers are missing (" ") on discharges with an indication of an induced abortion. New York identifies an indication of induced abortion by ICD-9-CM diagnosis or procedure code:

- An admitting, principal, or secondary diagnosis of "6350" through "6399", or "7796".
- A principal or secondary procedure of "690", "695", "696", "6993", "738", "7491", "750", "751", or "9649".

Please note that the admitting diagnosis is not retained in the HCUP databases.

Oregon

In Oregon, three types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S,
- 2. 1st other physician is provided in MDNUM2_S, and
- 3. 2nd other physician is provided in MDNUM3_S.

Physician identification numbers may not accurately track physicians across hospitals. Beginning in the 1997 data files, Oregon supplied the physician identifier number. Oregon encourages hospitals to use Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs), but not all hospitals do. Information was not available from the data source about the prevalence of this practice. During HCUP processing, the physician identifiers were encrypted.

Pennsylvania

In Pennsylvania, three types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S,
- 2. Operating physician is provided in MDNUM2_S, and
- 3. Referring physician is provided in MDNUM3_S.

Physician identification numbers can be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. Pennsylvania reports the state license numbers. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

South Carolina

In South Carolina, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Other physician is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers can be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. South Carolina reports six-character state license numbers. When the source values were shorter than six characters, the HCUP value was padded to bring it into conformity with South Carolina's format before the value was encrypted.

Tennessee

In Tennessee, three types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S,
- 2. 1st other physician is provided in MDNUM2_S, and
- 3. 2nd other physician is provided in MDNUM3_S.

Physician identification number may not accurately track physicians within and across hospitals. Tennessee collects two different types of physician identifiers from hospitals: Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs) and state license numbers. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

Texas

In Texas, three types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S,
- 2. Operating physician is provided in MDNUM2_S, and
- 3. Other physician is provided in MDNUM3_S (not available in 2001).

Physician identification numbers can be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. Texas provides the state license numbers. During HCUP processing, the provided physician identifiers are encrypted.

Virginia

In Virginia, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Physician that performed the first procedure is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers can be used to track physicians within and across hospitals. Virginia reports Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs). During HCUP processing, the reported physician identifiers are encrypted.

Washington

In Washington, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Other physician is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers do not accurately track physicians within and across hospitals. Washington collects several different types of physician identifiers, depending on the type of identifier provided by the hospitals. Hospitals provide Medicaid, Universal

Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs), and DOH/HPQAD license numbers as physician identifiers. During HCUP processing, the physician identifiers are encrypted.

West Virginia

In West Virginia, two types of physician identifiers are available:

- 1. Attending physician is provided in MDNUM1_S and
- 2. Other physician is provided in MDNUM2_S.

Physician identification numbers do not accurately track physicians within and across hospitals. West Virginia collects different types of physician identifiers depending on the payer:

- The Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs) are coded on Medicare patients.
- A West Virginia Medicaid physician identifier is coded on Medicaid patients. The same physician treating two different Medicaid patients can have two different physician identifiers. One identifier is used for new Medicaid patients; the other identifier is used for established Medicaid patients.
- The physician's state license number which starts with "WV" is coded on most commercial patients.

Some hospitals use their own physician identifiers and do not provide the UPIN, Medicaid and state license numbers. The provided physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

NDX – Number of diagnoses on this discharge

General Notes

NDX indicates the total number of diagnoses (valid and invalid) coded on the discharge record. In assigning NDX, the principal diagnosis is included in the count, even if it is blank, so long as there is a secondary diagnosis present (see table below).

Value	Description			
0	No diagnoses are coded on the record.			
1	Only the principal diagnosis (DX1) is coded. All secondary diagnoses are blank.			
2	One secondary diagnosis (DX2) is coded. The principal diagnosis (DX1) may be coded or blank.			
3	The second and third diagnoses (DX2 and DX3) are coded. The principal diagnosis (DX1) may be coded or blank.			
etc.				

A maximum of 15 diagnoses has been retained on a NIS inpatient record. States that provide fewer than 15 diagnoses have had the diagnosis vector padded with blank values. For example, if a state supplied 5 diagnoses, DX6 through DX15 are blank (" ") on all records from that state. States that provide more than 15 diagnoses may have information truncated. If an inpatient record from these states had more than 15 non-missing diagnoses, diagnoses in positions 16 and above were not included in the NIS file. If the number of diagnoses coded on this discharge (NDX) is greater than 15, secondary diagnoses have been truncated from the record.

Refer to the general note for the diagnosis fields (DXn) for the number of diagnoses provided in each state.

Since on the NIS the number of diagnoses coded on the discharge (NDX) can be greater than the number of diagnoses available on the inpatient record, caution needs to be taken when using NDX to loop through the diagnoses. A counter for the loop should not extend past 15. Programming code such as the following example SAS statement is needed to take this into account:

DO I = 1 to MIN(15,NDX); Followed by code to process all diagnoses. END;

Uniform Values					
Variable Description Value Value Description					
NDX	Number of diagnoses on this discharge	0 - 30	Number of diagnoses		

State Specific Notes

None

NEOMAT – Neonatal and/or maternal DX and/or PR

General Notes

NEOMAT identifies discharges with neonatal and/or maternal diagnoses and procedures.

Uniform Values				
Variable Description		Value	Value Description	
NEOMAT Neonatal and/o maternal DX and/or PR		0	No neonatal or maternal diagnosis or procedure on record	
		1	Maternal diagnosis or procedure on record	
		2	Neonatal diagnosis on record	
		3	Neonatal diagnosis and maternal diagnoses or procedures on the same record	

State Specific Notes

None

NIS_STRATUM – Stratum used to post-stratify hospital

General Notes

NIS_STRATUM is a four-digit stratum identifier used to post-stratify hospitals for the calculation of universe and frame weights. NIS_STRATUM includes the hospital's census region, ownership/control, location/teaching, and bedsize. Information was obtained from the AHA Annual Survey of Hospitals.

- A metropolitan statistical area is considered urban, and a non-metro statistical area is rural.
- Teaching hospitals have an AMA-approved residency program, are a member of the Council of Teaching Hospitals (COTH) or have a ratio of full-time equivalent interns and residents to beds of .25 or higher.
- Control categories include government nonfederal (public), private not-for-profit (voluntary), and private investor-owned (proprietary). When there were enough hospitals of each type to allow it, hospitals were stratified as public, voluntary, and proprietary. This stratification was used for Southern rural, Southern urban nonteaching, and Western urban nonteaching. For smaller strata, the Midwestern rural and Western rural hospitals, a collapsed stratification of public versus private was used, with the voluntary and proprietary hospitals combined to form a single "private" category. For all other combinations of region, location, and teaching status, no stratification based on control was advisable given the number of hospitals in these cells.
- Bedsize assesses the number of short-term acute beds in a hospital.

BEDSIZE CATEGORIES					
Location and Teaching Status	Hospital Bedsize				
	Small	Medium	Large		
NORTHEAST REGION					
Rural	1-49	50-99	100+		
Urban, nonteaching	1-124	125-199	200+		
Urban, teaching	1-249	250-424	425+		
MIDWEST REGION					
Rural	1-29	30-49	50+		
Urban, nonteaching	1-74	75-174	175+		
Urban, teaching	1-249	250-374	375+		
SOUTHERN REGION					
Rural	1-39	40-74	75+		

The hospital's bedsize category is nested within location and teaching status.

Urban, nonteaching	1-99	100-199	200+		
Urban, teaching	1-249	250-449	450+		
WESTERN REGION					
Rural	1-24	25-44	45+		
Urban, nonteaching	1-99	100-174	175+		
Urban, teaching	1-199	200-324	325+		

Some strata were combined for sampling and weight calculations. Consequently, a given hospital's actual value for a stratifier may differ from those indicated by the value of NIS_STRATUM. Each hospital's actual values of stratifiers are contained in separate variables:

Stratifier	1988-1992 NIS	1993-1997 NIS	Beginning in 1998 NIS
Region	ST_REG	H_REGION	HOSP_REGION
Ownership/Control	ST_OWNER	H_CONTRL	HOSP_CONTROL
Location/Teaching	LOCTEACH	H_LOCTCH	HOSP_LOCTEACH
Bedsize	ST_BEDSZ	H_BEDSZ	HOSP_BEDSIZE

For detailed information about the NIS sampling design, see the year-specific report on the Design of the HCUP Nationwide Inpatient Sample.

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
NIS_STRATUM	Stratum used to post-stratify	Geographic region	Northeast (1)	
	hospital		Midwest (2)	
			South (3)	
			West (4)	
		Control	Government or Private (0)	
			Government, nonfederal (1)	
			Private, not-for-profit (2)	
			Private, investor-owned (3)	
			Private, either not-for-profit or investor-owned (4)	
		Location / Teaching	Rural (1)	

	Urban nonteaching (2)
	Urban teaching (3)
Bedsize	Small (1)
	Medium (2)
	Large (3)

State Specific Notes

None

NPR – Number of procedures on this discharge

General Notes

NPR indicates the total number of ICD-9-CM procedures (valid and invalid) coded on the discharge record. In assigning NPR, the principal procedure is included in the count, even if it is blank, so long as there is a secondary procedure present (see table below).

Value	Description
0	No procedures are coded on the record.
1	Only the principal procedure (PR1) is coded. All secondary procedures are blank.
2	One secondary procedure (PR2) is coded. The principal procedure (PR1) may be coded or blank.
3	The second and third procedures (PR2 and PR3) are coded. The principal procedure (PR1) may be coded or blank.
etc.	

A maximum of 15 procedures have been retained on a NIS inpatient record. States that provide fewer than 15 procedures have had the procedure vector padded with blank values. For example, if a state supplied 5 procedures, PR6 through PR15 are blank (" ") on all records from that state. States that provide more than 15 procedures may have information truncated. If an inpatient record from these states had more than 15 non-missing procedures, procedures in positions 16 and above were not included in the NIS file. If the number of procedures coded on this discharge (NPR) is greater than 15, secondary procedures have been truncated from the record. Refer to the general note for the procedure codes (PRn) for the number of procedures provided in each state.

Since on the NIS the number of procedures coded on the discharge record (NPR) can be greater than the number of procedures available on the inpatient record, caution needs to be taken when using NPR to loop through the procedures. A counter for the loop should not extend past 15. Programming code such as the following example SAS statement is needed to take this into account:

DO I = 1 to MIN(15,NPR); Followed by code to process all procedures. END;

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
NPR	Number of procedures on this discharge	0 - 30	Number of procedures	

State Specific Notes

Pennsylvania

For 1995-1996 data only, some discharges have NPR greater than 0, and yet all procedure codes are missing. This is due to constraints of the HCUP processor in handling CPT and HCPCS codes. Pennsylvania reports ICD-9-CM procedure codes on most of their discharges, but some use CPT and HCPCS procedure codes. CPT and HCPCS procedure codes could not be retained in the HCUP data because they are 5 characters and the HCUP procedure fields are 4 characters in length. Discharges with CPT and HCPCS procedure codes were processed by HCUP as follows:

- PRSYS identifies the procedure coding system as CPT or HCPCS.
- NPR is the number of non-missing CPT or HCPCS procedure codes supplied by Pennsylvania.
- The HCUP procedure codes are set to missing (PRn = blank).

In other years, CPT and HCPCS codes are either masked or were handled differently in other years. See the Pennsylvania note on procedures (PRn) for specific details.

PAY1 – Expected primary payer, uniform

General Notes

PAY1 indicates the expected primary payer (Medicare, Medicaid, private insurance, etc.). To ensure uniformity of coding across data sources, PAY1 combines detailed categories in the more general groups. For example,

- Medicare includes both fee-for-service and managed care Medicare patients.
- Medicaid includes both fee-for-service and managed care Medicaid patients.
- Private insurance (PAY1 = 3) includes Blue Cross, commercial carriers, and private HMOs and PPOs.
- Other (PAY1 = 6) includes Worker's Compensation, CHAMPUS, CHAMPVA, Title V, and other government programs.

In the 1988-1997 data, the data element PAY1_N provides more detailed categories for private insurance and other payers. This data element is discontinued beginning in the 1998 data because of the difficulty of coding the information uniformly across States.

The HCUP data element PAY1_X retains the expected primary payer as provided by the data source. The State Specific Notes for PAY1 include information on how the source values contained in the PAY1_X are recoded into the HCUP uniform values of PAY1.

If information on secondary or tertiary payers is provided by the data source, the coding of the associated HCUP variables (PAY2, PAY2_X, and PAY3_X) is included under the State Specific Notes for PAY1.

HCUP is in the process of defining two new uniform payer variables that identify HMO and PPO payers (HMOPPO1 and HMOPPO2). These variables are under development and are not yet available on the HCUP Nationwide Inpatient Sample (NIS).

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
PAY1	•		Medicare	
	primary payer, uniform	2	Medicaid	
		3	Private insurance	
		4	Self-pay	
		5	No charge	
		6	Other	
		•	Missing	

.A	Invalid
.В	Unavailable from source (coded in 1988-1997 data only)

State Specific Notes

Arizona

Arizona (Valid beginning in 1995)				
Value	Description	Value	Description	
05, 5	Medicare	1	Medicare	
11	Medicare Risk			
04	Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS) Health Care Group	2	Medicaid	
06	AHCCCS/Medicaid			
01	Commercial (Indemnity)		Private Insurance	
02	НМО	3		
03, 3	PPO			
00	Self pay	4	Self pay	
12	Charity	5	No charge	
07	CHAMPUS/MEDEXCEL			
08	Children's Rehab Services			
09	Worker's Compensation		Other	
10	Indian Health Services	6		
13	Foreign National			
14	Other			
15	Tobacco Tax (Beginning in 1998)			
Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
Any va	lues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid	

	Arizona		
	(Valid from 1989-1994)		
	PAY1_X		PAY1
Value	Description	Value	Description
3	Medicare	1	Medicare
4	AHCCCS/Medicaid	2	Medicaid
1	Commercial	3	Private
2	HMO/PHP/Blue Cross	5	Insurance
		4	Self-pay
		5	No charge
5	Other (self-pay, unknown, charity, etc.)	6	Other
Blank		•	Missing
Other Values		.A	Invalid

California

	California				
(Valid beginning in 1999)					
	PAY1_X		PAY1		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
010	Medicare	1	Medicare		
011	Medicare (HMO)	1	Medicare		
012	Medicare (Managed care - Other)	1	Medicare		
013	Medicare (fee for service)	1	Medicare		
020	Medi-Cal	2	Medi-Cal		
021	Medi-Cal (HMO)	2	Medi-Cal		
022	Medi-Cal (Managed care - Other)	2	Medi-Cal		
023	Medi-Cal (fee for service)	2	Medi-Cal		
030	Private Coverage	3	Private insurance		
031	Private Coverage (HMO)	3	Private insurance		
032	Private Coverage (Managed care - Other)	3	Private insurance		
033	Private Coverage (fee for	3	Private insurance		

	service)			
08n, where n=0-3	Self-pay	4	Self-pay	
		5	No charge	
04n, where n=0-3	Worker's Compensation			
05n, where n=0-3	County Indigent Programs			
06n, where n=0-3	Other Government	6	Other	
07n, where n=0-3	Other Indigent (includes charity care)			
09n, where n=0-3	Other			
0, 000	Not reported	•	Missing	
Any values no source	ot documented by the data	.A	Invalid	
The <u>first two digits</u> of PAY1_X describes the payer category (e.g., Medicare (01), Medi-Cal (02), Private coverage (03), Workers' Compensation (04), County Indigent Programs (05), Other Government (06), Other Indigent (07), Self Pay (08), and Other Payer (09)). The third digit of PAY1_X describes the type of coverage (e.g., Knox- Keene (HMO)* or Medi-Cal County Organized Health Systems (MCOHS) plan (1), Managed Care Other (PPO, IPO, POS, etc.) (2), traditional coverage (fee for service) (3), and no coverage (0).				

* HMOs are regulated in California under the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975.

	California (Valid from 1995-1998)				
PAY1_X PAY1					
Value	Description	Value	Descriptio n		
01	Medicare (Even if HMO or PPO)	1	Medicare		
02	Medi-Cal (even if HMO or PPO)	2	Medicaid		
07	НМО	3	Private		
08	PPO		insurance		

09	Private Insurance Company (not HMO, not PPO)		
10	Blue Cross/Blue Shield (not HMO, not PPO)		
11	Self-pay	4	Self-pay
12	Charity	5	No charge
13	No Charge		No charge
03	Worker's Compensation		
04	County Indigent Programs		Other
05	CHAMPUS/CHAMPVA/VA	6	
06	Other Governmental		
14	Other Non-Governmental		
00, Blank	Missing		Missing
Any valu	ues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid

California						
	(Valid from 1988-1994)					
	PAY1_X		PAY1			
Value	Description	Value	Description			
01	Medicare	1	Medicare			
02	Medi-Cal	2	Medicaid			
06	Blue Cross/Blue Shield		Driveta			
07	Insurance Company	3	Private insurance			
08	HMO/PHP					
09	Self-pay	4	Self-pay			
10	No-charge (free charity, special research, or teaching)	5	No charge			
04	Title V					
03	Workers' Compensation					
05, 12	Other government; Medically indigent services under Section 17000	6	Other			
11	Other non-government					
Blank	Valid before 1994		Missing			
00	Valid in 1994		Missing			
Other		.A	Invalid			

-		
values		

Colorado

Colorado					
	(Valid beginning in 1998)				
PAY1_X PAY1					
Value	Description	Value	Description		
04	Medicare	1	Medicare		
05	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
01	Blue Cross/Blue Shield	3	Private insurance		
02	Commercial Ins/Indemnity Plans/Self Insured	3	Private Insurance		
03	Other Liability Ins/No Fault/Casualty	3	Private Insurance		
08	HMO-PPO/Managed Care/Discounted	3	Private Insurance		
12	Self-Pay	4	Self-pay		
13	No Charge/Charity Research	5	No charge		
06	Worker's Comp				
09	CHAMPUS				
11	Other Government	6	Other		
14	Other				
15	Colorado Medically Indigent				
00, Blank	Missing	•	Missing		
Any oth	er values	.A	Invalid		

	Colorado (Valid from 1993-1997)			
	PAY1_X PAY1			
Value	Description	Value	Description	
04	Medicare	1	Medicare	
05	Medicaid	2	Medicaid	
01	Blue Cross/Blue Shield	3		

02, 03	Commercial insurance/Indemnity plans/Self-insured; Other liability insurance/No fault/ Casualty		Private insurance
08	HMO-PPO/Managed Care/Discounted		
12	Self-Pay	4	Self-pay
13	No Charge/Charity/Research	5	No charge
06	Workers' Comp		
09	CHAMPUS		Other
11, 15	Other government; Colorado Medically Indigent	6	
14	1993-1996: Other		
Blank	Unknown	•	Missing
00	Starting in 1996: Missing		Missing
Other Values		.A	Invalid

Colorado					
(Valid from 1988-1992)					
	PAY1_X		PAY1		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
3	Medicare	1	Medicare		
4	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
7	Blue Cross/Blue Shield				
8	Commercial insurance	3	Private insurance		
В	HMO-PPO				
1	Self-Pay	4	Self-pay		
9	No Charge	5	No charge		
5	Title V				
2	Workers' Compensation	6	Other		
6	Other government		Outer		
A, C	Other; Other non-gov				
"00", blank	Unknown	•	Missing		
Other Values		.A	Invalid		

Connecticut

	Connecticut (Valid beginning in 1998)				
	PAY1_X and PAY2_X PAY1 and PAY2				
Value	Description	Value	Description		
С	Medicare	1	Medicare		
М	Medicare managed care	1	Medicare		
D	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
J	Medicaid managed care (beginning in 1998)	2	Medicaid		
F	Commercial Insurance	3	Private insurance		
G	Blue Cross (Blue Cross PPOs are coded as PPOs, value "T")	3	Private insurance		
S	НМО	3	Private insurance		
Т	PPO	3	Private insurance		
А	Self-pay	4	Self-pay		
R	No charge	5	No charge		
В	Worker's Comp				
E	Federal Program				
Н	Champus	6	Other		
I	Other				
Q	Title V				
Blank	Missing	•	Missing		
Any va	alues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid		

Connecticut					
	(Valid from 1993-1997)				
PAY	PAY1_X and PAY2_X PAY1 and PAY2				
Value	Description	Value	Description		
C, M (1997 only)	Medicare	1	Medicare		
D	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
G	Blue Cross	3	Private Insurance		

F, T	Commercial Insurance: PPO		
S	НМО		
А	Self-pay	4	Self-pay
R	No charge	5	No charge
Q	Title V		
В	Workers' Compensation		
Н	CHAMPUS	6	Other
E	Other federal programs		
1	Other		
Blank		•	Missing
Other Values		.A	Invalid

Florida

	Florida				
	(Valid beginning in 1998)				
	PAY1_X PAY1				
Value	Description	Value	Description		
A	Medicare	1	Medicare		
В	Medicare HMO	1	Medicare		
С	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
D	Medicaid HMO	2	Medicaid		
E	Commercial Insurance	3	Private Insurance		
F	Commercial HMO	3	Private Insurance		
G	Commercial PPO	3	Private Insurance		
L	Self pay/Under-insured (No third party coverage or less than 30% estimated insurance coverage)	4	Self-pay		
Ν	Charity	5	No charge		
Н	Worker's Compensation				
I	Champus				
J	VA	6	Other		
K	Other State/Local Government				
М	Other				

Blank Missing	-	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid	

	Florida				
	(Valid for 1997)				
	PAY1_X PAY1				
Value	Description	Value	Description		
А, В	Medicare, Medicare HMO	1	Medicare		
C, D	Medicaid, Medicaid HMO	2	Medicaid		
E, G	Commercial insurance (includes self- insured and Blue Cross/Blue Shield); Commercial PPO	3	Private Insurance		
F	Commercial HMO				
L	Self-pay, charity, underinsured	4	Self-pay		
Ν	Charity	5	No charge		
Н	Workers' Compensation		Other		
I, J	CHAMPUS; VA	6			
K	Other state/local government	0			
М	Other				
Blank			Missing		
Other values		.A	Missing		

	Florida				
	(Valid from 1992-1996)				
	PAY1_X PAY1				
Value	Description	Value	Description		
А, В	Medicare, Medicare HMO	1	Medicare		
C, D	Medicaid, Medicaid HMO	2	Medicaid		
E, G	Commercial insurance (includes self- insured and Blue Cross/Blue Shield); Commercial PPO	3	Private Insurance		
F	Commercial HMO				
L	Self-pay, charity, underinsured	4	Self-pay		
		5	No charge		

Н	Workers' Compensation		Other
I, J	CHAMPUS; VA	6	
К	Other state/local government		
М	Other		
Blank		•	Missing
Other values		.A	Invalid

Florida (Valid from 1988-1991)			
Value	Description	Value	Description
А	Medicare	1	Medicare
С	Medicaid	2	Medicaid
E	Commercial insurance (includes self- insured and Blue Cross/Blue Shield)	3	Private Insurance
		4	Self-pay
		5	No charge
М	Other	6	Other
Blank			Missing
Other values		.A	Invalid

Georgia

Georgia (Valid beginning in 1998) PAY1_X PAY1								
					Value	Description	Value	Description
					Μ	Medicare	1	Medicare
U	Medicare Managed Care	1	Medicare					
D	Medicaid	2	Medicaid					
A	Medicaid Managed Care	2	Medicaid					
F	Medicaid Applicants	2	Medicaid					
G	Georgia Better Health	2	Medicaid					
В	Blue Cross/Blue Shield	3	Private Insurance					
Н	НМО	3	Private Insurance					
I	Commercial Insurance	3	Private Insurance					
к	Other Non-Specific Managed Care	3	Private Insurance					
х	PPO	3	Private Insurance					
6	POS (Point of Service)	3	Private Insurance					
P	Self-pay	4	Self-pay					
		5	No charge					
С	Champus							
E	County or State	6	Other					
N	Other Government Assistance							
W	Workers Compensation							
O, S, Y, Z, 8, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing					
Any values not	documented by the data source	.A	Invalid					

Georgia (Valid for 1997)				
Value	Description	Value	Description	
Μ	Medicare	1	Medicare	
D	Medicaid	2	Medicaid	
В	Blue Cross and Blue Shield			
I, S	Other Insurance Companies; Self Insured	3	Private Insurance	
Н	HMO-PPO			
Р	Self-pay	4	Self-pay	
Z	Free	5	No charge	
W	Workers' Comp			
С	CHAMPUS	6	Other	
E, N	Other Government	0	Other	
L, O	Other			
3, 5, A, F, G, J, K, Y	Unknown	•	Missing	
Other values		.A	Invalid	

Hawaii

	Hawaii (Valid beginning in 1998)				
	PAY1_X PAY1				
Value	Description	Value	Description		
1	Medicare	1	Medicare		
2	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
13	QUEST	2	Medicaid		
4	HMSA (Blue Cross/Blue Shield affiliate that provides HMO, PPO and Fee for Service plans)	3	Private Insurance		
5	Kaiser	3	Private Insurance		
6	Other Insurance	3	Private Insurance		

8	No Fault	3	Private Insurance	
7	Self pay	4	Self pay	
		5	No charge	
9	Worker's Compensation		Other	
10	CHAMPUS/VA/Other Government	6		
12	Department of Defense			
11, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing	
Any va	lues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid	

Hawaii				
(Valid from 1996-1997)				
PAY1_X PAY1				
Value	Description	Value	Description	
"Medicare"	Medicare	1	Medicare	
"Medicaid", "SHIP", "Quest"	Medicaid; SHIP; Quest	2	Medicaid	
"Other Insurance", "HMSA", "No Fault"	Other Insurance, HMSA, No Fault	3	Private Insurance	
"Kaiser"	Kaiser			
"Self Pay"	Self-pay	4	Self-pay	
		5	No charge	
"Workers Comp"	Worker's Comp			
"Champus", "DOD"	CHAMPUS/VA/Other Government; Department of Defense	6	Other	
"Unknown", Blank	Unknown		Missing	
Other values		.A	Invalid	

Illinois

Illinois				
(Valid beginning in 1998)				
PAY1_X, PAY2_X, and PAY3_X PAY1 and PAY2				
Value	Description	Value	Description	
A98910	Medicare	1	Medicare	
B98916	Illinois Medicaid	2	Medicaid	
B98917	Other Medicaid	2	Medicaid	
Cnnn, where nnn is a 3-digit number	Blue Cross Insurance	3	Private Insurance	
Cnnnnnnnn, where nnnnnnnn is a 9-digit number	Commercial Insurance (may include TPA and Worker's Compensation coverage)	3	Private Insurance	
C98920	Other Commercial Insurance	3	Private Insurance	
Dnnnnnnnn, where nnnnnnnn is a 9-digit number	Commercial HMO	3	Private Insurance	
Ennnnnnnn, where nnnnnnnn is a 9-digit number	Self-administered or Self- insured plans	3	Private Insurance	
E98930	Other Self-administered or Self-insured plans	3	Private Insurance	
F98918	Self-pay	4	Self-pay	
H98912	Charity	5	No charge	
H98913	Hill Burton Free Care		rio charge	
H98911	Black Lung			
H98914	CHAMPUS	6	Other	
H98915	CHAMPVA			
H98919	Miscellaneous			
Blank	Missing		Missing	
Any values not docume	ented by the data source	.A	Invalid	

Illinois		
(Valid from 1995-1997)		
PAY1_X, PAY2_X	PAY1 and PAY2	

Value	Description	Value	Description	
A98910	Medicare	1	Medicare	
B98916	Illinois Medicaid	2	Medicaid	
B98917	Other Medicaid	2	Medicaid	
Cnnn, where nnn is a 3-digit number	Blue Cross Insurance			
Cnnnnnnnn, where nnnnnnnn is a 9- digit number	Commercial Insurance (may include TPA and Worker's Compensation coverage)			
C98920	Other Commercial Insurance		Private	
Dnnnnnnnn, where nnnnnnnn is a 9- digit number	Commercial HMO	3	Insurance	
Ennnnnnnn, where nnnnnnnn is a 9- digit number	Self-administered or Self- insured plans			
E98930	Other Self-administered or Self-insured plans			
F98918	Self-pay	4	Self-pay	
H98912	Charity	5	No charge	
H98913	Hill Burton Free Care	5		
H98911	Black Lung			
H98914	CHAMPUS		Other	
H98915	CHAMPVA	6	Other	
H98919	Miscellaneous			
Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid	

Primary, secondary, and tertiary expected payer information was provided in two fields: a one character payer category ("A" through "H") and detailed payer identifier of 3, 5, or 9 digits. The 3-digit identifiers refer to Blue Cross plans, but no source documentation was available to link the 3-digit identifier to a Blue Cross plan name. The 9-digit identifiers refer to commercial, HMO, and self-administered plans, but no source documentation was available to link the 9-digit identifier to a plan name. The Illinois Department of Insurance may have a list of the plan names for the 9-digit codes. All 5-digit identifiers were named. This information is included in the above table.

The one-character payer category and the detailed payer identifier were

concatenated together to create the HCUP variables PAY1_X, PAY2_X, and PAY3_X.

During HCUP processing, PAY1/PAY2 were assigned using the first character of PAY1_X/PAY2_X (e.g., "A", "B", "C", etc.) with the following exception. When PAY1_X/PAY2_X started with "H", PAY1/PAY2 were assigned using the 6 character code.

Illinois					
(Valid from 1993-1994)					
PAY1_X, PAY2_X PAY1 and PAY2					
Value	Value Description Value D				
А	Medicare	1	Medicare		
В	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
C, E	Commercial, PPO; Self- administered	3	Private Insurance		
D	НМО				
F	Self-pay	4	Self-pay		
		5	No charge		
Н	Other	6	Other		
Blank			Missing		
Other Values		.A	Invalid		

Illinois (Valid from 1988-1992)				
Value	Description	Value	Description	
98910	Medicare	1	Medicare	
98916	Illinois Medicaid	2	Medicaid	
98917	Other Medicaid	č	Medicald	
3-digit codes	Blue Cross Insurance	3	Private Insurance	
061055955	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance	
232312490	HMO/PHP	3	Private	

363156930	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363208585	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363232147	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363242084	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363251800	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363257067	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363261533	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363280214	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363290114	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363293099	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363300107	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363303922	HMO/PHP	3	Private

HMO/PHP

HMO/PHP

HMO/PHP

HMO/PHP

HMO/PHP

HMO/PHP

HMO/PHP

HMO/PHP

237137598

361236610

362171705

362302593

362748320

362835382

362858588

363050287

Insurance Private

Insurance

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

			Insurance
363303927	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363333675	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363334929	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363346492	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363357619	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363359925	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363363036	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363379945	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363385638	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363387762	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363410844	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363426222	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363447577	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363464332	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363513970	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363576982	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363617971	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363617971	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363784962	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363807756	HMO/PHP	3	Private

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			Insurance
363837523	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
363864486	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
371076964	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
371105481	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
371139917	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
371153402	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
371190216	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
371192892	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
371216698	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
371221007	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
371241037	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
371260731	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
376000511	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
421172640	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
421282065	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
431131852	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
431141117	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
431361841	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
431372307	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
431386495	HMO/PHP	3	Private

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			Insurance
541252797	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
611013183	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
611056884	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
741844335	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
953762261	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
954053288	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
963762261	HMO/PHP	3	Private Insurance
98920	Other commercial insurance	3	Private Insurance
98930	Other self-administered or self- insured plans	3	Private Insurance
98918	Self-pay	4	Self-pay
98912	Charity	5	No charge
98913	Hill Burton Free Care	5	No Charge
020140690	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
020172170	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
020177030	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
020304627	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
020308052	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
020311919	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
020342937	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
020349547	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
030316876	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
041027270	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
041282020	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
041288420	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
041543470	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
041590940	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
041924000	Workers' Compensation	6	Other

042177185	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
042475442	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
042656602	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
042680300	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
042739160	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
042794993	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
042974375	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
043058503	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
043058504	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
046017710	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
050303803	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
050393243	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060237820	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060291290	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060294398	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060303275	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060303520	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060336212	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060383030	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060464510	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060480695	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060529570	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060566050	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060640218	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060732738	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060848755	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060876835	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060907370	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
060949141	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
061008026	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
061008792	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
061010609	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
061024360	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
061053492	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
061055955	Workers' Compensation	6	Other

061067463	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
061092819	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
061117063	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
061182357	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
061206728	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
061222527	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
061325038	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
066032187	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
066033504	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
066033509	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
066105395	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
131675535	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
131941868	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
131941984	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
131963495	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
131963496	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
131988169	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
132559805	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
132611663	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
132653231	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
132661002	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
132669000	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
132673100	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
132758523	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
132781282	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
132791458	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
132832845	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
135277930	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
135283360	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
135303710	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
135316370	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
135339725	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
135358230	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
135379820	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
135459190	Workers' Compensation	6	Other

135460208	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
135481330	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
135539046	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
135540698	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
135616275	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
135617450	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
135669461	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
136081895	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
136104845	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
136107326	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
136108722	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
150476880	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
156020948	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
160366830	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
220731810	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
221608585	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
221708002	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
221721944	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
221721950	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
221964135	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
221964136	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
222005057	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
222053189	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
222227328	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
222227331	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
222342710	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
230342560	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
230580680	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
230723970	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
230959220	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
230961349	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
231330959	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
231471444	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
231502700	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
231614367	Workers' Compensation	6	Other

231620527	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
231624911	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
231641984	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
231642962	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
231740414	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
231742051	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
231892289	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
231903575	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
232182777	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
232640501	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
232643432	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
250410420	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
250687550	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
251118791	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
310396250	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
310501234	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
310542366	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
310708754	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
310826946	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
310926059	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
310970750	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
311160863	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
311241230	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
314177100	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
314177110	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
314316080	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
314423946	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
340368340	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
340438190	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
341022544	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
341172650	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
341316396	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
341532771	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
346513736	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
346516838	Workers' Compensation	6	Other

350145400	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
350198580	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
350293728	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
350293730	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
350410010	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
350410420	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
350913391	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
350988041	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
351044900	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
351288885	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
351372324	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
351492884	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
351495207	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
351495208	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
351524574	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
356018566	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
356021485	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
360705950	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
360719665	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
360727430	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
360727470	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
360810360	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
360901240	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
361022580	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
361236610	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
361404320	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
361410470	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
361412255	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
361475332	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
361649210	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
361877247	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
361999760	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362114545	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362349119	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362403971	Workers' Compensation	6	Other

362467238	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362489372	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362490086	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362512064	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362542404	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362545393	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362594678	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
36260579	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362661515	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362661954	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362663083	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362667627	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362674180	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362678778	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362690333	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362694846	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362704643	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362704802	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362705935	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362709121	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362711653	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362719165	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362722478	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362738349	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362742183	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362748320	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362748795	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362753986	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362755546	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362756532	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362759195	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362760101	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362763106	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362781080	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362789296	Workers' Compensation	6	Other

362797073	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362797074	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362811124	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362857399	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362874262	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362930605	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362944577	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362950161	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362994662	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362999368	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
362999370	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363027848	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363028761	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363030511	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363040078	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363051031	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363078103	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363101262	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363105508	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363105737	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363141762	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363155373	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363186541	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363230348	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363312218	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363316692	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363341779	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363423817	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363426425	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363432551	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363441652	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363468793	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363492700	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363510294	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363522250	Workers' Compensation	6	Other

363529298	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363530161	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363579407	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363585968	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363586255	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363614264	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363649555	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363672824	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363714287	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363715387	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363765116	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363774557	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363789786	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363789787	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
363806723	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
366033855	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
366033921	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
366042949	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
366043106	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
366049887	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
366054328	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
366064756	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
366067575	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
366071400	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
366077839	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
366084669	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
366115679	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
370268670	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
370277830	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
370301640	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
370344310	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
370396180	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
370420520	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
370530080	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
370533080	Workers' Compensation	6	Other

370533100	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
370558630	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
370637646	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
370807507	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
370815476	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
370855395	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
370915434	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
371054042	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
371111076	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
371184187	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
371277771	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
376028411	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
380315280	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
380828980	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
380829210	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
380865250	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
381184490	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
381630841	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
381869912	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
382145898	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
382312731	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
382430150	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
390264050	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
390273710	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
390301590	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
390333950	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
390475300	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
390712210	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
390941450	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
390972608	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
391190263	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
391338397	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
391341459	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
391401314	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
396058596	Workers' Compensation	6	Other

396062860	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
410299900	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
410406690	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
410417460	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
410729473	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
410881659	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
410963301	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
410986076	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
411232071	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
411353943	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
520976199	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
521050076	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
420111280	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
420223390	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
420234980	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
420245990	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
420301440	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
420594770	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
420618271	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
420645088	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
420645088	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
421015537	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
421019055	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
421234898	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
426054959	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
430613000	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
431037123	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
431139865	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
431245798	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
431249228	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
436028696	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
440194612	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
440237557	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
440307890	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
440648645	Workers' Compensation	6	Other

440652707	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
440666926	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
460368854	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
470159155	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
470355979	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
470360368	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
470444314	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
470490411	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
470498866	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
470574325	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
470698507	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
476022701	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
476024508	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
480470690	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
480921045	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
510098159	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
520266645	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
520403120	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
520515280	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
520616768	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
521137203	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
586020487	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
590733942	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
591027412	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
591320184	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
591847174	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
610904881	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
621101490	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
630598629	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
741280541	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
741296673	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
750620550	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
751444207	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
751670124	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
756013587	Workers' Compensation	6	Other

756013697	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
756017952	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
756020448	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
760154296	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
840513811	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
840583213	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
840982643	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
850165753	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
850277191	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
850282785	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
860274508	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
880119246	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
910341780	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
910449750	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
910895822	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
911115311	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
920040526	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
940781581	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
941032958	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
941390273	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
941517098	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
941610280	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
942532388	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
946078058	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
951077060	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
951078160	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
951429618	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
951479095	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
951542353	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
952371728	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
952575892	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
956016640	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
980032627	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
980033230	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
990041610	Workers' Compensation	6	Other

98914	CHAMPUS	6	Other
98915	CHAMPVA	6	Other
98911	Black Lung	6	Other
98919	Miscellaneous	6	Other
Blank, "000000000"	Unknown		Missing
Other Values		.A	Invalid

lowa

	lowa			
	(Valid beginning in 1998)			
	PAY1_X		PAY1	
Value	Description	Value	Descriptio n	
01	Medicare (Title 18)	1	Medicare	
11	Medicare Managed Care (Presently no predominant plans in Iowa)	1	Medicare	
02	Medicaid (Title 19)	2	Medicaid	
12	Medicaid Managed Care (e.g., Medipass, Heritage National, Care Choices, Principal Health Care)	2	Medicaid	
06	Blue Cross (e.g., Blue Cross Alliance Select should be recorded as PPO; Blue Cross Unity Choice should be recorded as HMO)	3	Private Insurance	
07	Commercial (private or group plans other than HMO, PPO, ODS)	3	Private Insurance	
13	HMO (e.g., Care Choices, Medical Associates Health Plan, Inc., Principal Health Care of Iowa, Heritage National Healthplan, Inc., John Deere Family Health Plan, Principal Health Care of Nebraska, United Healthcare of the Midlands, Unity Choice)	3	Private Insurance	
14	PPO (e.g., Alliance Select, Healthcare Preferred, Plaines Health Network)	3	Private Insurance	
15	Organized Delivery Systems (ODS) (e.g., SecureCare of Iowa)	3	Private Insurance	
08	Self-pay (the patient has no insurance, is	4	Self-pay	

	ineligible for governmental assistance and is not a "no charge" patient)		
10	No charge	5	No charge
03	Other State (including State Papers)		Other
04	County	6	
05	CHAMPUS		
09	Workers Compensation		
Blank	Missing	•	Missing
Any va	alues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid

	Iowa				
	(Valid from 1991-1997)				
	PAY1_X PAY1				
Value	Description	Value	Description		
01	Medicare (Title 18)	1	Medicare		
02	Medicaid (Title 19)	2	Medicaid		
06	Blue Cross (of Iowa, Western Iowa, or other state Blue Cross plans)	3	Private Insurance		
08	Self-pay or relative	4	Self-pay		
		5	No charge		
09	Workers' Compensation				
03, 04, 05	Other state; county (including state papers); Other federal government (including CHAMPUS, Veterans, Title V, Railroad, Hill- Burton, Crippled Children, etc.)	6	Other		
Blank			Missing		
Other Values		.A	Invalid		

	lowa			
(Valid from 1988-1990)				
PAY1_X PAY			PAY1	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
01	Medicare (Title 18)	1	Medicare	
02	Medicaid (Title 19)	2	Medicaid	
06	Blue Cross (of Iowa, Western Iowa, or other state Blue Cross plans)	3	Private Insurance	
07	Commercial (private or group)			
08	Self-pay or relative	4	Self-pay	
		5	No charge	
09	Workers' Compensation			
03, 04, 05	Other state government; Other county government; Other federal government	6	Other	
10	Other non-government			
Blank			Missing	
Other Values		.A	Invalid	

Kansas

Kansas					
(Valid beginning in 1993)					
PAY1_X and PAY2_X PAY1 and PAY2					
Value	Description	Value	Description		
1	Medicare	1	Medicare		
2	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
3	Blue Cross	3	Private Insurance		
4	Commercial				
5	Self-pay	4	Self-pay		
		5	No charge		
6	Other	6	Other		
Blank	Missing	•	Missing		
Any values not documented by the data source .A Invalid					
Separate infor	Separate information on HMO and PPO providers is not provided.				

Kentucky

Kentucky					
	PAY1_X, PAY2_X, PAY3_X PAY1 and PAY2				
Value	Description	Value	Description		
С	Medicare	1	Medicare		
D	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
F	Commercial - Unknown	3	Private insurance		
G	Commercial - Unknown (BC/BS)	3	Private insurance		
J	Commercial - Indemnity	3	Private insurance		
K	Commercial - Preferred Provider	3	Private insurance		
L	Commercial - HMO	3	Private insurance		
М	Commercial - Managed Care	3	Private insurance		
А	Self Pay	4	Self-pay		
		5	No charge		
В	Workers' Compensation				
E	Other Federal programs	6	Other		
Н	Champus	0	Other		
I	Other				
Blank	Missing		Missing		
Any va	ues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid		

Maine

	Maine					
	(Valid beginning in 1999)					
	PAY1_X, PAY2_X, PAY3_X PAY1, PAY 2					
Value	Description	Value	Description			
01	Medicare	1	Medicare			
02	Medicaid	2	Medicaid			
05	Blue Cross	3	Private insurance			
06	Other commercial carriers	3	Private insurance			
10	НМО	3	Private insurance			
08	Self-pay	4	Self-pay			
07	Charity	5	No charge			
03	U.S. Title V	6	Other			
04	CHAMPUS/USVA					

09	Worker's Compensation		
11	Other or Unknown		Missing
Blank	Missing]	
Any valu	ues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid

Maryland

	Maryland				
	(Valid beginning in 1998)				
	PAY1_X and PAY2_X	PA	Y1 and PAY2		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
01	Medicare	1	Medicare		
15	Medicare HMO (payer specified in PAYER1_X/PAYER2_X)	1	Medicare		
02	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
14	Medicaid HMO (payer specified in PAYER1_X/PAYER2_X)	2	Medicaid		
04	Blue Cross of MD	3	Private Insurance		
16	Blue Cross of the National Capital Area (HMO)	3	Private Insurance		
17	Blue Cross (other state)	3	Private Insurance		
05	Commercial/PPO	3	Private Insurance		
12	Managed Care (payer specified in PAYER1_X/ PAYER2_X)	3	Private Insurance		
08	Self-pay	4	Self-pay		
09	Charity - no charge	5	No charge		
03	Title V				
06	Other government program				
07	Worker's Compensation	6	Other		
10	Other				
11	Donor				
77	Not Applicable (Secondary payer only)	-	Missing		
99	Unknown				

Blank	Missing		
13	Do not use	Δ	Invalid
Any va	alues not documented by the data source	./ `	Invalid

	Maryland					
	(Valid from 1996-1997)					
	PAY1_X and PAY2_X	PA	Y1 and PAY2			
Value	Description	Value	Description			
1, 15	Medicare; Medicare HMO	1	Medicare			
2,14	Medicaid; Medicaid HMO	2	Medicaid			
4, 16, 17	Blue Cross; Blue Cross NCA; Blue Cross - other State		Private			
5	Commercial Insurance	3	Insurance			
12	НМО					
8	Self-pay	4	Self-pay			
9	Charity	5	No charge			
3	Title V					
7	Workers' Compensation	6	Other			
6	Other government program		Other			
10, 11	Other; Donor					
99, blank	Primary Payer Unknown; missing		Missing			
99, 77, blank	Secondary Payer Unknown; not applicable; missing	•	Missing			
Other Values		.A	Invalid			

Maryland (Valid from 1993-1995)					
PAY1_X and PAY2_X PAY1 and PAY2					
Value	Description	Value	Description		
1	Medicare	1	Medicare		
2, 13,14	Medicaid; Medicaid (state only); Medicaid HMO	2	Medicaid		
4	Blue Cross	3			

5	Commercial Insurance		Private
12	HMO		Insurance
8	Self-pay	4	Self-pay
9	Charity	5	No charge
3	Title V		
7	Workers' Compensation	6	Other
6	Other government program		
10, 11	Other; Donor		
99, blank	Primary Payer Unknown; missing		Missing
99, 77, blank	Secondary Payer Unknown; not applicable; missing	•	Missing
Other Values		.A	Invalid

Maryland						
(Valid from 1990-1992)						
	PAY1_X and PAY2_X PAY1 and PAY2					
Value	Description	Value	Description			
1	Medicare	1	Medicare			
2, 13,14	Medicaid; Medicaid (state only); Medicaid HMO	2	Medicaid			
4	Blue Cross					
5	Commercial Insurance	3	Private Insurance			
12	НМО					
8	Self-pay	4	Self-pay			
9	Charity	5	No charge			
3	Title V					
7	Workers' Compensation	6	Other			
6	Other government program		Other			
10, 11	Other; Donor					
99, blank	Unknown; missing		Missing			
Other Values		.A	Invalid			

Massachusetts

	Massachusetts				
	(Valid beginning in 1998)				
	PAY1_X and PAY2_X	PA	Y1 and PAY2		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
3	Medicare	1	Medicare		
F	Medicare Managed Care	1	Medicare		
4	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
В	Medicaid Managed Care	2	Medicaid		
6	Blue Cross				
С	Blue Cross Managed Care				
7	Commercial Insurance		Private Insurance		
D	Commercial Managed Care	1			
8	НМО	3			
E	PPO and Other Managed Care not listed elsewhere				
J	Point of Service Plan				
K	Exclusive Provider Plan				
1	Self-pay	4	Self-pay		
9	Free care (no charge)	5	No charge		
2	Worker's Compensation				
5	Other government payment				
0	Other non-managed care plans	6	Other		
A	Other or principal source of payment covered in full				
N, Blank	None, Missing		Missing		
Any val	ues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid		

	Massachusetts				
	(Valid from 1996-1997)				
	PAY1_X and PAY2_X	PAY	1 and PAY2		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
3, F	Medicare; Medicare managed care	1	Medicare		
4, B	Medicaid; Medicaid managed care	2	Medicaid		
6, C	Blue Cross; Blue Cross managed care				
7, D, E	Commercial Insurance; Commercial managed care; PPO and other managed care not listed elsewhere	3	Private Insurance		
8, J	HMO; Point of Service (added 4th Qtr 1997)				
1	Self-pay	4	Self-pay		
9	Free care (no charge)	5	No charge		
2	Worker's Compensation				
5	Other government payment				
0	Primary Payer: Other non-managed care	6	Other		
0, A	Secondary Payer: Other non-managed care; Other or principal source of payment covered in full				
Blank	Primary Payer:	•	Missing		
Blank	Secondary Payer:		Missing		
Other values		.A	Invalid		

	Massachusetts (Valid from Quarter 4 1993 through 1995)				
	PAY1_X and PAY2_X	PAY	1 and PAY2		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
3, F	Medicare; Medicare managed care	1	Medicare		
4, B	Medicaid; Medicaid managed care	2	Medicaid		
6, C	Blue Cross; Blue Cross managed care		Private Insurance		
7, D	Commercial Insurance; Commercial managed care	3			
8, J	НМО				
1	Self-pay	4	Self-pay		

9	Free care (no charge)	5	No charge
2	Workers' Compensation		Other
5	Other government payment		
0, E	Primary Payer: Other non-managed care; PPO and other managed care not listed elsewhere	6	
0, A, E	Secondary Payer: Other non-managed care; Other or principal source of payment covered in full; PPO and other managed care not listed elsewhere		
Blank	Primary Payer:		Missing
"N",Blank	Secondary Payer:None	•	Missing
Other values		.A	Invalid

Massachusetts						
	(Valid from 1988 through Quarters1-3, 1995)					
	PAY1_X and PAY2_X	ΡΑΥ	1 and PAY2			
Value	Description	Value	Description			
3	Medicare	1	Medicare			
4	Medicaid	2	Medicaid			
6	Blue Cross		Driverte			
7	Commercial Insurance	3	Private Insurance			
8	HMO					
1	Self-pay	4	Self-pay			
9	Free care (no charge)	5	No charge			
2	Workers' Compensation					
5	Other government payment					
0	Primary Payer: Other	6	Other			
0, A	Secondary Payer: Other; Other or principal source of payment covered in full					
Blank	Primary Payer:		Missing			
"N",Blank	Secondary Payer:None		Missing			
Other values		.A	Invalid			

Minnesota

Minnesota (Valid beginning in 1995)					
					PAY1_X, PAY2_X and PAY3_X PAY1 and PAY2
Value	Description	Value	Description		
2000000	Medicare				
6000103	Blue Cross, MN, Medicare				
7000102	Medica - Choice, Medicare				
7000402	Medica - Primary, Medicare				
7000602	UCare, Medicare				
7000702	Blue Plus, Medicare				
7001002	Health Partners, Medicare	1	Medicare		
7001402	Altru Health Plan, Medicare		Medicale		
7001502	Sioux Valley, Medicare		Medicaid		
7009902	Other HMO, Medicare				
8000402	Preferred One, Medicare				
8000502	ARAZ (Ethix Midwest), Medicare				
8000902	Blue Cross PPO, Medicare				
8001502	LaborCare PPO, Medicare				
3000000	Medicaid	2			
3000001	Medicaid Pending				
3000100	Medicaid, Minnesota				
3000101	Pending, MN, Medicaid				
3000200	Medicaid, Wisconsin				
3000201	Medicaid, Wisconsin, Pending				
3000900	Medicaid, South Dakota				
3001000	Medicaid, North Dakota				
3001100	Medicaid, Iowa				
3009900	Medicaid, Other				
7000101	Medica - Choice, Medicaid				
7000401	Medica - Primary, Medicaid				
7000601	Ucare, Medicaid				
7000701	Blue Plus, Medicaid				
7000801	Metro. Health Plan, Medicaid				

7000901 Unidentified HMO, Medicaid 7001001 Health Partners, Medicaid 7001301 First Plan HMO, Medicaid 7001401 Altru Health Plan, Medicaid 7001501 Sioux Valley, Medicaid 7009901 Other HMO, Medicaid 8000401 Preferred One, Medicaid 8000401 Preferred One, Medicaid 800101 Unidentified PPO, Medicaid 800102 LaborCare PPO, Medicaid 8009030 Commercial 5009000 Commercial 5009001 Commercial 6000100 Blue Cross, MN 6000101 Blue Cross, Non-MN 6000102 Blue Cross, Non-MN 6000900 Blue Cross, Non-MN 6009001 Blue Cross, Non-MN Aware 7000100 Medica - Primary 7000400 Medica - Primary 7000800 Metro. Health Plan 7001000 Health Partners 7001000 Health Partners 7001000 Health Plan 7001000 Health Plan 7001000 First Plan HMO 7001400 Altru Heal			1	
7001301First Plan HMO, Medicaid7001401Altru Health Plan, Medicaid7001501Sioux Valley, Medicaid7009901Other HMO, Medicaid8000301Unidentified PPO, Medicaid8000401Preferred One, Medicaid8000901Blue Cross PPO, Medicaid8001001Unidentified PPO, Medicaid8001001LaborCare PPO, Medicaid8009901Other PPO, Medicaid8009901Commercial5009000Commercial5009001Commercial6000100Blue Cross, MN6000101Blue Cross, Non-MN6000102Blue Cross, Non-MN6000103Blue Cross, Non-MN6009004Blue Cross, Non-MN6009005Blue Cross, Non-MN6009006Ucare7000100Medica - Primary7000600Ucare7000700Blue Plus7001000Health Plan7001000First Plan HMO7001000First Plan HMO7001000Karu Health Plan7001000Joint Health Plan7001000Joint Health Plan7001000Joint HMO7001000Joint HMO7001000Joint HMO7001000Joint HMO7001000Joint HMO7001000Joint HMO7001000Joint HMO7003000Jointentified PPO80004000Preferred One			1	
7001401Altru Health Plan, Medicaid7001501Sioux Valley, Medicaid7009901Other HMO, Medicaid8000301Unidentified PPO, Medicaid8000401Preferred One, Medicaid8000901Blue Cross PPO, Medicaid8001001Unidentified PPO, Medicaid8001001LaborCare PPO, Medicaid8009901Other PPO, Medicaid8009901Commercial5009000Commercial5009001Blue Cross, MN6000100Blue Cross, MN, Aware6000102Blue Cross, Non-MN6000103Blue Cross, Non-MN6009004Blue Cross, Non-MN6009005Blue Cross, Non-MN6009006Ucare7000100Medica - Primary7000600Ucare7000700Blue Plus7001000Health Plan7001000First Plan HMO7001000First Plan HMO7001000Sioux Valley7009900Other HMO8000300Unidentified PPO8000300Unidentified PPO8000300Unidentified PPO8000300Unidentified PPO8000400Preferred One	7001001	Health Partners, Medicaid		
7001501Sioux Valley, Medicaid7009901Other HMO, Medicaid8000301Unidentified PPO, Medicaid8000401Preferred One, Medicaid8000901Blue Cross PPO, Medicaid8001001Unidentified PPO, Medicaid8009901LaborCare PPO, Medicaid8009901Other PPO, Medicaid8009900Commercial5009000Commercial5009001Commercial6000000Blue Cross, MN6000100Blue Cross, MN, Aware6000101Blue Cross, Non-MN Aware6000102Blue Cross, Non-MN Aware6000103Blue Cross, Non-MN Aware7000100Medica - Choice7000000Ucare7000000Ucare7000000Metro. Health Plan7001000Health Partners7001000First Plan HMO7001000Sioux Valley7001000Other HMO7001000Unidentified PPO8000300Unidentified PPO8000300Unidentified PPO8000400Preferred One	7001301	First Plan HMO, Medicaid		
7009901Other HMO, Medicaid8000301Unidentified PPO, Medicaid8000401Preferred One, Medicaid8000901Blue Cross PPO, Medicaid8001011Unidentified PPO, Medicaid8009901Other PPO, Medicaid8009901Other PPO, Medicaid8009000Commercial5009001Commercial6000000Blue Cross, MN6000000Blue Cross, MN, Aware6000101Blue Cross, Non-MN6000102Blue Cross, Non-MN6009001Blue Cross, Non-MN6009001Blue Cross, Non-MN Aware7000100Medica - Choice7000100Medica - Primary7000600Ucare7000700Blue Plus7000800Metro. Health Plan7001000Health Partners7001300First Plan HMO7001400Altru Health Plan7001500Sioux Valley7009900Other HMO8000300Unidentified PPO8000400Preferred One	7001401	Altru Health Plan, Medicaid		
8000301Unidentified PPO, Medicaid8000401Preferred One, Medicaid8000901Blue Cross PPO, Medicaid8001001Unidentified PPO, Medicaid8001501LaborCare PPO, Medicaid8009901Other PPO, Medicaid8009901Other PPO, Medicaid5009900Commercial5009901Commercial6000000Blue Cross6000100Blue Cross, MN6000101Blue Cross, NN, Aware6000102Blue Cross, Nor-MN6009900Blue Cross, Nor-MN6009001Blue Cross, Nor-MN Aware7000100Medica - Choice7000100Medica - Primary7000600Ucare7000700Blue Plus7000800Metro. Health Plan7001000First Plan HMO7001400Altru Health Plan7001300First Plan HMO7001300Sioux Valley7009900Other HMO8000300Unidentified PPO8000400Preferred One	7001501	Sioux Valley, Medicaid		
8000401Preferred One, Medicaid8000901Blue Cross PPO, Medicaid800101Unidentified PPO, Medicaid8001501LaborCare PPO, Medicaid8009901Other PPO, Medicaid5009000Commercial50099001Commercial6000000Blue Cross6000100Blue Cross, MN6000101Blue Cross, NN, Aware6000102Blue Cross, Non-MN6009900Blue Cross, Non-MN6009901Blue Cross, Non-MN6009901Blue Cross, Non-MN Aware7000100Medica - Choice7000400Medica - Primary7000600Ucare7000700Blue Plus7000800Metro. Health Plan7001000Health Partners7001400Altru Health Plan7001500Sioux Valley7009900Other HMO8000300Unidentified PPO8000400Preferred One	7009901	Other HMO, Medicaid		
8000901Blue Cross PPO, Medicaid8001001Unidentified PPO, Medicaid8001501LaborCare PPO, Medicaid8009901Other PPO, Medicaid5000000Commercial5009900Commercial5009901Commercial6000000Blue Cross6000100Blue Cross, MN6000101Blue Cross, NN, Aware6000102Blue Cross, Non-MN6009903Blue Cross, Non-MN6009904Blue Cross, Non-MN6009905Blue Cross, Non-MN Aware7000100Medica - Choice7000400Medica - Primary7000600Ucare7000700Blue Plus7000800Metro. Health Plan7001000Health Partners7001300First Plan HMO7001300First Plan HMO7001300Sioux Valley7009900Other HMO8000300Unidentified PPO8000400Preferred One	8000301	Unidentified PPO, Medicaid]	
8001001Unidentified PPO, Medicaid8001501LaborCare PPO, Medicaid8009901Other PPO, Medicaid5009000Commercial5009901Commercial5009901Commercial6000000Blue Cross6000100Blue Cross, MN6000101Blue Cross, NN, Aware6000102Blue Cross, Non-MN6009003Blue Cross, Non-MN600904Blue Cross, Non-MN Aware7000100Medica - Choice7000100Medica - Choice7000400Medica - Primary7000600Ucare7000800Metro. Health Plan7000900Unidentified HMO7001000Health Partners7001300First Plan HMO7001300First Plan HMO7001300Sioux Valley700900Other HMO8000300Unidentified PPO8000400Preferred One	8000401	Preferred One, Medicaid		
8001501LaborCare PPO, Medicaid8009901Other PPO, Medicaid5009000Commercial5009900Commercial5009901Commercial6000000Blue Cross6000100Blue Cross, MN6000101Blue Cross, MN, Aware6000102Blue Cross, Non-MN6009900Blue Cross, Non-MN6009901Blue Cross, Non-MN6009901Blue Cross, Non-MN Aware7000100Medica - Choice7000400Medica - Primary7000600Ucare7000700Blue Plus7000800Metro. Health Plan7001000Health Partners7001300First Plan HMO7001400Altru Health Plan7001500Sioux Valley7009900Other HMO8000300Unidentified PPO8000400Preferred One	8000901	Blue Cross PPO, Medicaid		
8009901Other PPO, Medicaid5000000Commercial35009900Commercialinsurance5009901Commercial60000006000000Blue Cross6000100Blue Cross, MN6000101Blue Cross, MN, Aware6000102Blue Cross, Non-MN60099006009900Blue Cross, Non-MN60099016009901Blue Cross, Non-MN Aware70001007000100Medica - Choice70004007000400Medica - Primary7000600Ucare7000700Blue Plus7000800Metro. Health Plan7000900Unidentified HMO7001300First Plan HMO7001400Altru Health Plan7001500Sioux Valley7009900Other HMO8000300Unidentified PPO8000400Preferred One	8001001	Unidentified PPO, Medicaid		
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7000400Medica - Primary7000600Ucare7000700Blue Plus7000800Metro. Health Plan7000900Unidentified HMO7001000Health Partners7001300First Plan HMO7001400Altru Health Plan7001500Sioux Valley7009900Other HMO8000300Unidentified PPO8000400Preferred One	6009901	Blue Cross, Non-MN Aware		
7000600Ucare7000700Blue Plus7000800Metro. Health Plan7000900Unidentified HMO7001000Health Partners7001300First Plan HMO7001400Altru Health Plan7001500Sioux Valley7009900Other HMO8000300Unidentified PPO8000400Preferred One	7000100	Medica - Choice		
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7001000Health Partners7001300First Plan HMO7001400Altru Health Plan7001500Sioux Valley7009900Other HMO8000300Unidentified PPO8000400Preferred One	7000800	Metro. Health Plan		
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8000400 Preferred One	7009900	Other HMO		
	8000300	Unidentified PPO		
	8000400	Preferred One		
8000500 ARAZ (Ethix Midwest)	8000500	ARAZ (Ethix Midwest)		

8000520	ARAZ (Ethix Midwest)		
8000600	Aetna PPO		
8000700	Unidentified PPO		
8000800	HealthEast Care, Inc.		
8000900	Blue Cross PPO		
8001000	Unidentified PPO		
8001300	Private Health Care System		
8001400	Prudential Plus		
8001500	LaborCare PPO		
8001520	LaborCare PPO, Union		
8500100	Self Insured, Choice Plus		
8509900	Other Self Insured		
8009900	Other PPO		
8009920	Other PPO, union		
9001000	Other, Self-Insured Co.		
9002000	Other, Unions		
1000000	Self-Pay		Self-Pay
1000100	Self-Pay	4	
1000200	Self-Pay, No Charge		
		5	No charge
3060000	Minnesota Care	6	Other
3060100	Minnesota Care		
400000	Other Government		
4000100	Title V		
4000200	Worker's Comp		
4000300	CHAMPUS		
4000400	MN Comp. Health Care		
4000500	General Assistance Medical Care (GAMC)/GA/Welfare		
4000600	Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC)		
4000700	Children's Health Plan		
	Other Govt., Other		
4009900	Other Govt., Other Medica - Choice, GAMC		

7000703	Blue Plus, GAMC, etc		
7000803	Metro. Health Plan, GAMC, etc		
7001003	Health Partners, GAMC, etc.		
7009903	Other HMO, GAMC/GA/Welfare		
9000000	Other		
9009900	Other		
Blank	Missing		
8888888	Missing/Unknown	-	Missing
9999999	Missing/Unknown		
Any value	es not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid

Missouri

Missouri						
(Valid beginning in 1995)						
PAY1_X and PAY2_X			PAY1 and PAY2			
Value	Description	Value	Description			
01	Medicare	1	Medicare			
02	Medicaid	2	Medicaid			
04	Blue Cross/Blue Shield	3	Private Insurance			
07	Commercial/Private Insurance	5	Filvale insulance			
06	Self-pay	4	Self-pay			
08	No charge (charity)	5	No charge			
03	Maternal and Child Health					
05	Worker's Compensation	6	Other			
09	Other government (CHAMPUS)					
10	Other					
99, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing			
Any values not documented by the data source			Invalid			
Separate information on HMO and PPO providers is not provided.						

Nebraska

Nebraska						
	PAY1_X, PAY2_X and PAY3_X PAY1					
Value	Description	Value Description				
02	Medicare	1	Medicare			
04	Medicaid	2	Medicaid			
12	Medicaid	~	Medicald			
01	Commercial Insurance					
03	Commercial Insurance					
08	Commercial Insurance	3	Private Insurance			
11	Commercial Insurance	0				
13	Commercial Insurance					
14	Commercial Insurance					
09	Self-pay	4	Self-pay			
		5	No charge			
05	Worker's Compensation					
06	Champus/Champva	6	Other			
07	Other Federal and State Programs	U				
10	Other					
Blank	Missing		Missing			
Any va	lues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid			

New Jersey

New Jersey						
(Valid beginning in 1998)						
PAY1_X	and PAY2_X and PAY3_X		PAY1 and PAY2			
Value	Description	Value Description				
011	Title XVII (Medicare) Part A	1	Medicare			
015	Title XVII (Medicare) Part B	1	Medicare			
017	Title XVII (Medicare) Part B - Physician Charges	1	Medicare			
012	Title XIX (Medicaid)	2	Medicaid			

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		Private Insurance
Blue Cross Plan		Private Insurance
Blue Cross Plan		Private Insurance
Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
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410	Blue Cross plan	3	Private Insurance
415	Blue Cross plan	3	Private Insurance
423	Blue Cross plan	3	Private Insurance
424	Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
430	Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
441	Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
443	Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
444	Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
450	Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
460	Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
470	Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
471	Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
865	Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
932	Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
936	Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
971	Blue Cross Plan	3	Private Insurance
105	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
106	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
107	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
115	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
120	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
125	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
131	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
135	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
142	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
145	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
151	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
155	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
161	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
165	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
171	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
175	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
181	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
185	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
186	Commercial	3	Private Insurance

187	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
188	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
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191	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
192	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
193	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
194	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
195	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
196	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
197	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
198	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
199	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
032	HMO	3	Private Insurance
033	HMO	3	Private Insurance
034	HMO	3	Private Insurance
035	HMO	3	Private Insurance
036	HMO	3	Private Insurance
037	HMO	3	Private Insurance
043	HMO	3	Private Insurance
044	HMO	3	Private Insurance
045	HMO	3	Private Insurance
046	HMO	3	Private Insurance
047	HMO	3	Private Insurance
048	HMO	3	Private Insurance
049	HMO	3	Private Insurance
051	HMO	3	Private Insurance
052	HMO	3	Private Insurance
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054	HMO	3	Private Insurance
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056	HMO	3	Private Insurance
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058	HMO	3	Private Insurance
059	HMO	3	Private Insurance
061	HMO	3	Private Insurance

062	HMO	3	Private Insurance
063	HMO	3	Private Insurance
064	HMO	3	Private Insurance
065	HMO	3	Private Insurance
066	HMO	3	Private Insurance
067	HMO	3	Private Insurance
068	HMO	3	Private Insurance
069	HMO	3	Private Insurance
071	HMO	3	Private Insurance
072	HMO	3	Private Insurance
073	HMO	3	Private Insurance
074	HMO	3	Private Insurance
075	HMO	3	Private Insurance
077	HMO	3	Private Insurance
078	HMO	3	Private Insurance
081	HMO	3	Private Insurance
082	HMO	3	Private Insurance
083	HMO	3	Private Insurance
084	HMO	3	Private Insurance
085	HMO	3	Private Insurance
086	HMO	3	Private Insurance
087	HMO	3	Private Insurance
088	HMO	3	Private Insurance
089	HMO	3	Private Insurance
094	HMO	3	Private Insurance
097	HMO	3	Private Insurance
076	Miscellaneous: Premier Preferred Care of New Jersey	3	Private Insurance
091	Miscellaneous: Union Insurance	3	Private Insurance
093	Miscellaneous: MAGNET (Magna Care) (effective 1/95)	3	Private Insurance
096	Miscellaneous: QualCare (effective 1/95)	3	Private Insurance

309	No Fault: Allstate	3	Private Insurance		
311	No Fault: New Jersey Manufacturers	3	Private Insurance		
315	No Fault: State Farm	3	Private Insurance		
399	No Fault: Other	3	Private Insurance		
095	Miscellaneous: Indigent				
031	Patient: Direct	4	Self-pay		
039	Patient: Other Source of Patient Pay				
098	Miscellaneous: Hospital Responsibility	5	No charge		
014	Champus				
016	Other Government				
092	Miscellaneous: Personal Health Program				
099	Miscellaneous: Other				
018	New Jersey State Health Benefits Plan				
019	Other Government				
013	Title V (Material and Child Health)	6	Other		
205	Worker's Compensation				
211	Worker's Compensation				
215	Worker's Compensation				
221	Worker's Compensation				
225	Worker's Compensation				
231	Worker's Compensation				
299	Worker's Compensation				
000, Blank	Not Available, Missing		Missing		
Any values not documented by the data source			Invalid		

New York

New York				
(Valid beginning in 1993)				
PAY1_X, PAY2_X, and PAY3_X PAY1 and PAY2				

Value	Description	Value	Description
03	Medicare	1	Medicare
16	Medicare HMO		
04	Medicaid	2	Medicaid
17	Medicaid HMO		
06	Blue Cross		
08	Commercial Insurance Company		Private
11	HMO (Other)	3	Insurance
13	No-fault		
15	Self-insured, Self-administered plans		
01	Self-pay	4	Self-pay
09	No charge	5	No charge
02	Worker's Compensation		
07	Other Government		
10	Other		
12	CHAMPUS/VA		
14	Corrections (federal, state, or local) (1993- 1995 only)	6	Other
18	Corrections Federal (beginning in 1996)		
19	Corrections State (beginning in 1996)		
20	Corrections Local (beginning in 1996)		
Blank	Missing	•	Missing
Any va	alues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid

	New York				
(Valid for 1992)					
PAY1_X, PAY2_X PAY1 and PAY2					
Value	Description	Value	Description		
03	Medicare	1	Medicare		
04	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
06	Blue Cross		Private Insurance		
08, 13, 15	Commercial Insurance; no-fault; self- insured, self-administered plan	3			
11	Other HMO				
01	Self-pay	4	Self-pay		

09	No charge	5	No charge	
02	Workers' Compensation	6		
12	CHAMPUS/VA		Other	
07, 14	Other government; Corrections (state, county, or city)			
10	Other			
Blank	Primary	-	Missing	
Blank, 00	Secondary		Missing	
Other Values		.A	Invalid	

New York(Valid from 1988-1991)PAY1_X, PAY2_XPAY1 and PAY2								
					Value	Description	Value	Description
					03	Medicare	1	Medicare
04	Medicaid	2	Medicaid					
06	Blue Cross							
08	Commercial Insurance	3	Private Insurance					
11	Other HMO							
01	Self-pay	4	Self-pay					
09	No charge	5	No charge					
02	Workers' Compensation							
07	Other government; Corrections (state, county, or city)	6	Other					
10	Other							
Blank	Primary:	•	Missing					
Blank, 00	Secondary:		Missing					
Other Values		.A	Invalid					

North Carolina

North Carolina

PAY1_X, PAY2	2_X, and PAY3_X	PAY	1 and PAY2	
Value Description		Value	Description	
М	Medicare	1	Medicare	
D	Medicaid	2	Medicaid	
В	Blue Cross			
Н	HMO - PPO			
I	Other Insurance Companies	3	Private insurance	
S	Self-Insured (administered plan)			
Р	Self-pay	4	Self-pay	
		5	No charge	
С	Champus			
E	Other Government			
N	Other Government	6	Other	
0	Other			
W	Workers' Compensation			
0, 1, 3, 8, 9, A, F, G, J, K, L, R, T, U, Y, Z, Blank	Documented by source as unknown values	•	Missing	
Any values not documer	ited by the data source	.A	Invalid	

Oregon

	Oregon					
	(Valid beginning in 1998)					
PAY1_)	PAY1_X, PAY2_X, and PAY3_X PAY1 and PAY2					
Value	Description	Value	Description			
М	Medicare	1	Medicare			
D	Medicaid	2	Medicaid			
X	HMO/Oregon Health Plan (Medicaid)	2	Medicaid			
В	Blue Cross/Blue Shield	3	Private Insurance			
I	Commercial Insurance	3	Private Insurance			
S	Self-Insured	3	Private Insurance			
Н	HMO/Managed Care	3	Private Insurance			

Р	Self Pay	4	Self-pay
Z	Medically Indigent, Free, Research	5	No charge
W	Workers Compensation		
С	CHAMPUS		
E	County or State	6	Other
L	Managed Assistance	U U	
Ν	Division of Health Services		
0	Other		
Blank	Missing	•	Missing
Any values not data source	documented by the	.A	Invalid

	Oregon				
	(Valid from 1995-1997)				
	PAY1_X, PAY2_X, and PAY3_X PAY1 and PAY2				
Value	Description	Value	Description		
Μ	Medicare	1	Medicare		
D, X	Medicaid: HMO/Oregon Health Plan (Medicaid)	2	Medicaid		
В	Blue Cross/Blue Shield				
I, Y, S	Commercial Insurance; PPO; Self- insured	3	Private Insurance		
H, K	HMO/Managed Care; Kaiser Permanente				
Ρ	Self Pay	4	Self-pay		
Z	Medically Indigent/Free/Research	5	No charge		
Т	Title V				
W	Workers' Compensation				
С	CHAMPUS	6	Other		
E, L, N	County of State; Managed Assistance; Division of Health Services				
0	Other				
Blank	Missing	•	Missing		
Other		.A	Invalid		

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Values		

	Oregon					
(Valid from 1993-1994)						
PAY1_X PAY1						
Value	Description	Value	Description			
1	Medicare	1	Medicare			
2	Medicaid	2	Medicaid			
6	Blue Cross	3	Private Insurance			
7	Other commercial insurance		r invale insulance			
8	Self-pay	4	Self-pay			
		5	No charge			
3	Title V					
5	Workers' Compensation	6	Other			
4	Other government		Uner			
9	Other					
0, blank	Missing		Missing			
Other Values		.A	Invalid			

Pennsylvania

	Pennsylvania (Valid beginning in 1998)				
	PAY1_X, PAY2_X and PAY3_X	PAY	1 and PAY2		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
10	Medicare - Other (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1999, but because it was still used, HCUP allowed the value in the 2000 data)	1	Medicare		
12	Medicare - PPO (Beginning in 7/99)	1	Medicare		
13	Medicare - POS (Beginning in 1/00)	1	Medicare		
14	Medicare Part A - Fee for Service (Beginning in 7/99)	1	Medicare		
15	Medicare - HMO/PPO (Discontinued 12/99) Medicare - HMO (Valid 7/99 - 12/99)	1	Medicare		
15	Medicare - HMO (Beginning 1/00)	1	Medicare		

20	Medicaid - Other (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1999, but because it was still used, HCUP	2	Medicaid
22	allowed the value in the 2000 data) Medicaid - PPO (Beginning in 7/99)	2	Medicaid
24	Medicaid - Fee for Service (Beginning in 7/99)	2	Medicaid
25	Medicaid - HMO/PPO (Discontinued 12/99) Medicaid - HMO (Valid 7/99 - 12/99)	2	Medicaid
25	Medicaid - HMO (Beginning in 1/00)	2	Medicaid
30	Blue Cross - Other (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1999, but because it was still used, HCUP allowed the value in the 2000 data)	3	Private Insurance
32	Blue Cross - PPO (Beginning in 7/99)	3	Private Insurance
33	Blue Cross - POS (Beginning in 7/99)	3	Private Insurance
34	Blue Cross - Fee for Service (Beginning in 7/99)	3	Private Insurance
35	Blue Cross - HMO/PPO (Discontinued 12/99) Blue Cross - HMO (Valid 7/99 - 12/99)	3	Private Insurance
35	Blue Cross - HMO (Beginning in 1/00)	3	Private Insurance
38	Blue Cross - United Health & Welfare Fund (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1998, but because it was still used, HCUP allowed the value in the 1999-2000 data)	3	Private Insurance
39	Blue Cross - Association (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1999, but because it was still used, HCUP allowed the value in the 2000 data)	3	Private Insurance
40	Commercial - Other (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1999, but because it was still used, HCUP allowed the value in the 2000 data)	3	Private Insurance
42	Commercial - PPO (Beginning in 7/99)	3	Private Insurance

43	Commercial - POS (Beginning in 7/99)	3	Private Insurance
44	Commercial - Fee for Service (Beginning in 7/99)	3	Private Insurance
45	Commercial - HMO/PPO (Discontinued 12/99) Commercial - HMO (Valid 7/99 - 12/99)	3	Private Insurance
45	Commercial - HMO (Beginning in 1/00)	3	Private Insurance
46	Commercial - Union Health & Welfare Fund (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1999, but because it was still used, HCUP allowed the value in the 2000 data)	3	Private Insurance
48	Commercial - Automobile	3	Private Insurance
49	Commercial - Association (Discontinued 12/99)	3	Private Insurance
49	Commercial - Unknown (Beginning in 1/00)	3	Private Insurance
50	Employer Funded Plans - Other (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1999, but because it was still used, HCUP allowed the value in the 2000 data)	3	Private Insurance
55	Employer Funded Plans - HMO/PPO (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1999, but because it was still used, HCUP allowed the value in the 2000 data)	3	Private Insurance
56	Employer Funded Plans - Union Health & Welfare Fund (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1999, but because it was still used, HCUP allowed the value in the 2000 data)	3	Private Insurance
59	Employer Funded Plans - Association Group (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1999, but because it was still used, HCUP allowed the value in the 2000 data)	3	Private Insurance
00	Patient Direct Bill (Discontinued 12/99) Uninsured - Self Pay or Charity/Indigent	4	Self-pay

	Care (Beginning in 7/99)		
		5	No charge
47	Commercial - Workers' Compensation		Other
57	Employer Funded Plans - Workers' Compensation (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1999, but because it was still used, HCUP allowed the value in the 2000 data)		
80	Other government - Other/Unknown (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1999, but because it was still used, HCUP allowed the value in the 2000 data)		
82	Government - PPO (Beginning in 7/99)]	
84	Government - Fee for Service (Beginning in 7/99)	6	
85	Government - HMO (Beginning in 7/99)]	
87	Other Government - State Workers Insurance Fund (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1999, but because it was still used, HCUP allowed the value in the 2000 data)		
88	Other Government - Catastrophic Loss Fund (Source documentation states that this code was discontinued in 1999, but because it was still used, HCUP allowed the value in the 2000 data)	-	
89	Government - Unknown/Not Listed (Beginning in 7/99)		
90, 99, Blank	Unknown, Not Listed, Missing	•	Missing
Any val	ues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid

	Pennsylvania			
	(Valid from 1994-199	7)		
	PAY1_X, PAY2_X and PAY3_X	PA	(1 and PAY2	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
10	Medicare - Other	1	Medicare	
15	Medicare - HMO/PPO		Medicale	

20	Medicaid - Other	2	Medicaid	
25	Medicaid - HMO/PPO		Medicald	
30	Blue Cross - Other			
35	Blue Cross - HMO/PPO			
36	BC - union health & welfare fund (1994- 1997 only)			
38	Blue Cross - United Health & Welfare Fund			
39	Blue Cross - Association			
40	Commercial - Other			
45	Commercial - HMO/PPO			
46	Commercial - Union Health & Welfare Fund	3	Private Insurance	
48	Commercial - Automobile			
49	Commercial - Association			
50	Employer Funded Plans - Other			
55	Employer Funded Plans - HMO/PPO			
56	Employer Funded Plans - Union Health & Welfare Fund			
59	Employer Funded Plans - Association Group			
05	Patient direct bill - HMO/PPO (1994- 1997 only)			
00	Patient Direct Bill; Uninsured - Self Pay or Charity/Indigent Care	4	Self-pay	
		5	No charge	
47	Commercial - Workers' Compensation			
57	Employer Funded Plans - Workers' Compensation			
80	Other government - Other/Unknown	6	Other	
87	Other Government - State Workers Insurance Fund			
88	Other Government - Catastrophic Loss Fund			
90, 99, Blank	Unknown, Not Listed, Missing	•	Missing	
Any valu	es not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid	

	Pennsylvania				
(Valid from 1990-1993)					
	PAY1_X, PAY2_X PAY1 and PAY2				
Value	Value Description		Description		
02	Medicare	1	Medicare		
01	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
03	Blue on Blue				
04,10, 11, 12	Commercial; Employers; Associations; Auto Insurance	3	Private Insurance		
05	HMO/PPO				
00 (not "0")	Self-pay	4	Self-pay		
		5	No charge		
07	Workers' Compensation				
06, 08, 09	Health and Welfare; CAT fund; Other government programs	6	Other		
99, blank	Unknown		Missing		
(includes "0")	Other values	.A	Invalid		

Rhode Island

Rhode Island				
PAY1_X PAY1				
Value	Description	Value	Description	
1	Medicare	1	Medicare	
2	Medicare managed care		Medicare	
3	Medicaid fee for service			
4	Rite Care, Rhode Island's Medicaid managed care program	2	Medicaid	
5	Medicaid managed care, not otherwise specified			
9	Commercial		Private Insurance	
6	Blue Cross	3		
7	Blue Chip, HMO Rhode Island			
8	United			
13	Self-pay	4	Self-pay	
14	Free care, no charge	5	No charge	

10	CHAMPUS		Other
11	Worker's Comp	6	
12	Other		
99, Blank	Error, Missing	•	Missing
Any val	ues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid

South Carolina

South Carolina					
(Valid beginning in 2000)					
PA	Y1_X, PAY2_X, and PAY3_X	PAY1 and PAY2			
Value	Description	Value	Description		
1	Medicare	1	Medicare		
13	Medicare managed care		Medicare		
2	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
14	Medicaid managed care				
4	Commercial, PPO	3	Private insurance		
5	НМО	3	Private insurance		
6	Self-Pay	4	Self-pay		
		5	No charge		
9	Workers' Compensation				
10	CHAMPUS, CHAMPVA	6	Other		
12	Other				
Blank	Missing	•	Missing		
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid		

	South Carolina					
	(Valid from 1998-1999)					
	PAY1_X and PAY2_X PAY1 and PAY2					
Value	Value Description Value De					
6	Medicare	1	Medicare			
7	Medicaid	2	Medicaid			
12	Commercial, unspecified	3	Private insurance			
13	Commercial, unspecified	3	Private insurance			
14	Commercial, unspecified	3	Private insurance			
16	НМО	3	Private Insurance			
1	Self-pay	4	Self-pay			

		5	No charge
2	State or county indigent program, unspecified		
3	State or county indigent program, unspecified		
4	State or county indigent program, unspecified		
5	Champus	6	Other
8	State or county indigent program, unspecified		
9	Worker's Compensation		
10	State or county indigent program, unspecified		
11	State or county indigent program, unspecified		
15, Blank	Not Stated, Missing	•	Missing
Any val	ues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid

	South Carolina					
	(Valid from 1993-1997)					
PAY1_X and PAY2_X PAY1 and PAY2						
Value	Description	Value	Description			
02	Medicare	1	Medicare			
03	Medicaid	2	Medicaid			
04, 16	Blue Cross/Commercial; HMO	3	Private insurance			
01	Self-pay	4	Self-pay			
		5	No charge			
05, 06, 07	Workers' Comp; Indigent/Charity; Other government	6	Other			
08, Blank	Missing	•	Missing			
	Other	.A	Invalid			

Tennessee

	Tennessee				
	(Valid beginning in 1998)				
	PAY1_X, PAY2_X, and PAY3_X PAY1 and PAY2				
Value	Description	Value	Description		
М	Medicare	1	Medicare		
1	Medicare Managed Care (discontinued in 2000)	1	Medicare		
K	Medicare HMO/PSO (beginning in 2000)	1	Medicare		
D	Medicaid	2	Medicaid		
Т	TennCare Plan: Unspecified				
2	TennCare Plan: Access-Med Plus				
3	TennCare Plan: Blue Cross				
4	TennCare Plan: Advantage Care/Phoenix				
5	TennCare Plan: Omni Care				
6	TennCare Plan: Health Net				
7	TennCare Plan: Unspecified				
8	TennCare Plan: John Deere/Heritage				
9	TennCare Plan: Preferred Health Partnership				
А	TennCare Plan: Prudential Community Care		Medicaid		
F	TennCare Plan: TLC Family Care Healthplan	2			
G	TennCare Plan: Tennsource				
J	TennCare Plan: Blue Care				
Q	TennCare Plan: TennCare Select				
R	TennCare Plan: Better Health Plans, Inc.				
V	TennCare Plan: Premier Behavioral Systems of TN				
U	TennCare Behavioral: Tennessee Behavioral Health, Inc.				
E	TennCare Behavioral: BHO - plan unspecified (beginning in 2000)				
Х	TennCare Behavioral: Premier Behavioral Systems of TN				
В	Blue Cross/Blue Shield	3	Private Insurance		

Blue Cross - Managed Care - HMO/PPO/Other Managed Care (beginning in 2000)	3	Private Insurance
Commerical Insurance (Indemnity Carrier)	3	Private Insurance
Commerical/Managed Care - HMO/PPO/Other Managed Care (beginning in 2000)	3	Private Insurance
Self Insured	3	Private Insurance
HMO/Managed Care (redefined in 2000)	3	Private Insurance
Self-pay	4	Self-pay
Medically Indigent/Free	5	No charge
Workers/State Compensation		
Federal, Champus (Military)		Other
County or state employee (redefined in 2000)	6	
Managed Assistance (redefined in 2000)		
Division of Health Services (Voc. Rehab.)		
Other, Unknown		Missing
Missing	•	
alues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid
	HMO/PPO/Other Managed Care (beginning in 2000) Commerical Insurance (Indemnity Carrier) Commerical/Managed Care - HMO/PPO/Other Managed Care (beginning in 2000) Self Insured HMO/Managed Care (redefined in 2000) Self-pay Medically Indigent/Free Workers/State Compensation Federal, Champus (Military) County or state employee (redefined in 2000) Managed Assistance (redefined in 2000) Division of Health Services (Voc. Rehab.) Other, Unknown Missing	HMO/PPO/Other Managed Care (beginning in 2000)3Commerical Insurance (Indemnity Carrier)3Commerical/Managed Care - HMO/PPO/Other Managed Care (beginning in 2000)3Self Insured3MMO/Managed Care (redefined in 2000)3Self-pay4Medically Indigent/Free5Workers/State Compensation Federal, Champus (Military)6County or state employee (redefined in 2000)6Managed Assistance (redefined in 2000)6Division of Health Services (Voc. Rehab.).Other, Unknown Missing.

Texas

Texas				
PAY1_X, PAY2_X PAY1 and PAY2				
Value	Description	Value	Description	
"C", "C\$", where \$ is not equal to V	Medicare	1	Medicare	
"CV"	Medicare Managed Care	1	Medicare	
"D", "D\$", where \$ is not equal to X	Medicaid	2	Medicaid	
"DX"	Medicaid Managed Care	2	Medicaid	
"F", "F\$", where \$ is not equal to Y or U	Commercial	3	Private insurance	
"FY"	Commercial HMO	3	Private	

				insurance	
"FU"		Commercial PPO	3	Private insurance	
"G", "G\$", not equal	, where \$ is to Y or U	Blue Cross	3	Private insurance	
"GY"		Blue Cross - HMO	3	Private insurance	
"GU"		Blue Cross - PPO	3	Private insurance	
"A", "A\$"		Self-pay	4	Self-pay	
"IZ"		Charity care	5	No charge	
"B", "Ba"		Worker's Compensation			
"E", "E\$"		Other federal program, - including VA	6	Other	
"H", "H\$"		CHAMPUS	0	Other	
"I", "I\$", w not equal		Other			
Blank		Missing	•	Missing	
" * ", " ** ", "\$" (value that is missing the standard source or payment), or any values not .A documented by the data source			.A	Invalid	
data sour • the of j • the Documen	ce: e first digit of payment and e second digit	t is the reported non-standar	orted sta d sourc	andard source e of payment	
B =	Workers' Co				
	Medicare				
	Medicaid				
E =	Other federa				
F =	Commercial				
G =	Blue Cross				
H =	CHAMPUS				
[L]					

I =	Other	
	nented values for the non-standard source of payment (th f PAY1_X/PAY2_X) include:	e second
T =	State or local government programs	
U =	Commercial PPO	
V =	Medicare managed care	
X =	Medicaid managed care	
Y =	Commercial HMO	
Z =	Charity Care	
1	table above indicates, the coding PAY1/PAY2 from $X/PAY2$ X is primarily based on the standard source of the stan	navmont

PAY1_X/PAY2_X is primarily based on the standard source of payment code (first digit of PAY1_X/PAY2_X) because it is from the UB-92 and may be required for payment.

Utah

In Utah, hospitals report plan-specific expected payer codes. The data organization that provides the Utah source files to HCUP (the Office of Health Care Statistics, Utah of Department of Health) maps the plan-specific payer codes into grouped payer categories. The data source reports that self-pay/uninsured are not identified very effectively since the original data are mostly based on billing information and they do not have any way to determine whether the payer declined to pay. There is a field for "patient as payer" on the source file, but it is not reliable coded and is only submitted by a small number of hospitals. HCUP receives only the grouped payer code.

	Utah		
	(Valid beginning in 19	98)	
F	PAY1_X, PAY2_X and PAY3_X	PA	Y1 and PAY2
Value	Description	Value	Description
01	Medicare	1	Medicare
02	Medicaid	2	Medicaid
04	Blue Cross/Blue Shield	3	Private Insurance
05	Other commercial	3	Private Insurance
06	Managed care (HMO and PPO)	3	Private

			Insurance
07	Self pay	4	Self-pay
		5	No charge
03	Other government		
08	Industrial and Worker's compensation		
09	Unclassified	6	Other
12	Other		
13	Children's Health Insurance Plan (CHIP)		
10, 99, Blank	Unknown, Not reported, Missing		Missing
Any values	not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid

	Utah			
	(Valid for 1997)			
PAY1_X, PAY2_X and PAY3_X PAY1 and PAY2				
Value	Description	Value	Description	
01	Medicare	1	Medicare	
02	Medicaid	2	Medicaid	
04	Blue Cross/Blue Shield		Driveste	
05	Other commercial	3	Private Insurance	
06	Managed care (HMO and PPO)			
07	Self pay	4	Self-pay	
		5	No charge	
03	Other government			
08	Industrial and Worker's compensation	6	Other	
09	Unclassified			
12	Other			
10, 99, Blank	Unknown, Not reported, Missing	•	Missing	
Any value	s not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid	

Virginia

	Virginia		
	PAY1_X		PAY1
Value	Description	Value	Description
1	Medicare	1	Medicare
2	Medicaid	2	Medicaid
31	Medicaid - Out of State	2	Medicaid
3	Trigon/BC/BS	3	Private insurance
6	Aetna/US Healthcare	3	Private insurance
7	United Healthcare	3	Private Insurance
8	Cigna	3	Private Insurance
9	Other Commercial	3	Private Insurance
13	Prudential	3	Private Insurance
14	State Farm	3	Private Insurance
24	All State	3	Private Insurance
28	John Hancock	3	Private Insurance
29	HMO/PPO - Unspecified	3	Private Insurance
32	BC/BS Out of State	3	Private Insurance
33	GWU Health Plan	3	Private Insurance
34	Kaiser Permanente	3	Private Insurance
35	MAMSI	3	Private Insurance
36	NYLCare	3	Private Insurance
37	Qualchoice	3	Private Insurance
38	Sentara	3	Private Insurance
39	Southern Health	3	Private Insurance
5	Self Pay	4	Self-pay
		5	No charge
4	Tricare/Champus	6	Other
10	Indigent/Charity		
11	Worker's Comp		
16	Local Government		
17	State Government		
18	Other Government		
19	Government Assistance		

20	Jail/Detention		
21	Black Lung]	
25	Research/Donor		
26	Foreign]	
27	Hospice - Unspecified		
99, Blank	Unknown, Missing		Missing
Any values r	not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid

Vermont

	Vermont			
	(Valid beginning in 200	01)		
PAY1_X, PAY2_X, PAY3_X PAY1				
Value	Description		Description	
М	Medicare	1	Medicare	
D	Medicaid	2	Medicaid	
В	Blue Cross			
Н	НМО	3	Private insurance	
I	Commercial			
Ρ	Self Pay	4	Self-pay	
Z	Medically Indigent/Free	5	No charge	
E	Other Government Plans			
С	Champus	6	Other	
W	Worker's Compensation			
Blank	Missing		Missing	
Any valu	ues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid	

Washington

	Washington		
	(Valid beginning in 1998)		
	PAY1_X and PAY2_X	PAY	1 and PAY2
Value	Description	Value	Description
001	Medicare	1	Medicare
002	Medicaid (DSHS)	2	Medicaid
004	Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) (e.g., Group Health, Kaiser Foundation, Good Health)	3	Private Insurance
006	Commercial insurance (e.g., AETNA, Mutual of Omaha, Safeco)	3	Private Insurance
610	Health Care Service Contractors (e.g., Blue Cross, county medical bureaus, Washington Physicians Service)	3	Private Insurance
009	Self-pay	4	Self-pay
630	Charity Care as defined in WAC 246-453-010	5	No charge
008	Workers Compensation (includes state fund, self insured employers, and Labor and Industries crime victims claims)	6	Other
625	Other Sponsored Patients (e.g., CHAMPUS, Indian Health)		
Blank	Missing	•	Missing
Any va	alues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid

	Washington		
	(Valid from 1988-1997)		
	PAY1_X and PAY2_X	PAY	1 and PAY2
Value	Description	Value	Description
001	Medicare	1	Medicare
002	Medicaid (DSHS)	2	Medicaid
004	Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) (e.g., Group Health, Kaiser Foundation, Good Health)	3	Private Insurance
006	Commercial insurance (e.g., AETNA, Mutual of Omaha, Safeco)		

610	Health Care Service Contractors (e.g., Blue Cross, county medical bureaus, Washington Physicians Service) (Beginning in 1994)		
009	Self-pay	4	Self-pay
630	Charity Care as defined in WAC 246-453-010	5	No charge
800	Workers Compensation (includes state fund, self insured employers, and Labor and Industries crime victims claims)		
610	Health Care Service Contractors (e.g., Blue Cross, county medical bureaus, Washington Physicians Service) (Prior to 1994)	6	Other
625	Other Sponsored Patients (e.g., CHAMPUS, Indian Health)		
Blank	Missing	•	Missing
Any va	alues not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid

West Virginia

	West Virginia	a	
	(Valid beginning ir	า 1998)	
	PAY1_X and PAY2_X	P	AY1 and PAY2
Value	Description	Value	Description
1	Medicare	1	Medicare
2	Medicaid	2	Medicaid
3	Public Employee Insurance Agency (PEIA)		
8	Commercial	3	Private Insurance
9	Nonprofit		
10	Employer/Union		
11	Self-pay	4	Self-pay
12	Charity	5	No charge
4	Workers Compensation		
5	Other Federal Government		
6	Other West Virginia Government	6	Other
7	Other States Government		
14	Not elsewhere classified		
13	Unknown	•	Missing

Blank Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data		Invalid	
source	.A	Invalio	

For Medicare, Medicaid, and private insurance payers (PAY1/PAY2 = 1, 2, or 3), information on fee for service and HMO payment is available. This information can be extracted from the detailed payment information available in the HCUP variables PAYER1_X and PAYER2_X. The first 2 digits of PAYER1_X/PAYER2_X identify the payment program; the third digit identifies the modality (e.g., fee for service, HMO, point of service, etc.); and the fourth digit specifies the HMO plan. See documentation under PAYER1_X and PAYER2_X for additional information.

PAYER1_X and PAYER2_X			
3rd digit = "1"	Fee for Service/Indemnity		
3rd digit = "2"	DRG Prospective Payment System		
3rd digit = "3"	Point of Service		
3rd digit = "3"	Point of Service		
3rd digit = "4"	HMO		
3rd digit = "5"	Other Managed Care (including PPO)		
3rd digit not equal 1-5	Unknown or not elsewhere classified		

Wisconsin

	Wisconsin (Valid beginning in 1998)			
	PAY1_X and PAY2_X PAY1 and PAY2			
Value	Description	Value	Description	
MED01	Medicare - Fee for service, non- HMO Medicare, or non-HMO Medicaid	1	Medicare	
MED02	IED02 Medicare - Alternative health care insurance plans (HMO, PPO, PPA, etc.)		Medicare	
MED09	Medicare - Unable to determine insurance type	1	Medicare	
T1901	Wisconsin Medicaid - Fee for service	2	Medicaid	

T1902	Wisconsin Medicaid - Alternative health care insurance plans	2	Medicaid
T1909	Wisconsin Medicaid - type unknown	2	Medicaid
OTH51	Non-Wisconsin Medicaid	2	Medicaid
WPS01	Wisconsin Physicians Service - Fee for service	3	Private Insurance
WPS02	Wisconsin Physicians Service - Alternative health care insurance plans	3	Private Insurance
WPS09	Wisconsin Physicians Service - type unknown	3	Private Insurance
OTH11	Commercial or private insurance - Fee for service	3	Private Insurance
OTH12	Commercial or private insurance - Alternative health care insurance plans	3	Private Insurance
OTH19	Commercial or private insurance - type unknown	3	Private Insurance
OTH21	Employer self-funded - Fee for service	3	Private Insurance
OTH22	Employer self-funded - Alternative health care insurance plans	3	Private Insurance
OTH29	Employer self-funded - type unknown	3	Private Insurance
OTH31	Other organization self-funded - Fee for service	3	Private Insurance
OTH32	Other organization self-funded - Alternative health care insurance plans		Private Insurance
OTH39	Other organization self-funded - type unknown	3	Private Insurance
nnn01, where nnn is a 3-digit code	Blue Cross - Fee for service		Private Insurance
nnn02, where nnn is a 3-digit code	Blue Cross - Alternative health care insurance plans		Private Insurance
nnn09, where nnn is a 3-digit	Blue Cross - type unknown	3	Private Insurance

code			
OTH61	Self-pay	4	Self-pay
			No charge
CHA01	CHAMPUS, CHAMPVA (effective beginning in 1994)		
CHA02	HA02 CHAMPUS, CHAMPVA (effective beginning in 1994)		
CHA03	CHAMPUS, CHAMPVA (effective beginning in 1994)		
OTH41	Worker's Compensation		
OTH52	51.42 / 51.437 / 46.23 Board		
OTH53	General Relief	6	Other
OTH54	WisconsinCare		Other
OTH55	CHAMPUS Supplement		
OTH56	HIRSP		
OTH59	Other government		
OTH98	Other]	
bbb01, where b is a blank	Other - Fee for service (beginning in 1998)		
OTH01	Other - Fee for service (effective from 1989-1997)		
OTH99	Unknown		
bbb00, where b is a blank			Missing
Blank	Missing		
Any values not d	ocumented by the data source	.A	Invalid

	Wisconsin			
	(Valid from 1989-1997)			
PAY1_X and PAY2_X PAY1 and PAY2				
Value	Description	Value	Description	
MED01	Medicare - Fee for service, non- HMO Medicare, or non-HMO Medicaid	1	Medicare	
MED02	Medicare - Alternative health care insurance plans (HMO, PPO, PPA, etc.)			

MED09			
T1901	Wisconsin Medicaid - Fee for service		
T1902	Wisconsin Medicaid - Alternative health care insurance plans		Medicaid
T1909	Wisconsin Medicaid - type unknown		
OTH51	Non-Wisconsin Medicaid		
WPS01	Wisconsin Physicians Service - Fee for service	3	Private Insurance
WPS02	Wisconsin Physicians Service - Alternative health care insurance plans	3	Private Insurance
WPS09	Wisconsin Physicians Service - type unknown	3	Private Insurance
OTH11	Commercial or private insurance - Fee for service	3	Private Insurance
OTH12	Commercial or private insurance - Alternative health care insurance plans	3	Private Insurance
OTH19	Commercial or private insurance - type unknown		Private Insurance
OTH21	Employer self-funded - Fee for service		Private Insurance
OTH22	Employer self-funded - Alternative health care insurance plans		Private Insurance
OTH29	Employer self-funded - type unknown		Private Insurance
OTH31	Other organization self-funded - Fee for service		Private Insurance
OTH32	Other organization self-funded - Alternative health care insurance plans		Private Insurance
OTH39	Other organization self-funded - type unknown		Private Insurance
nnn01, where nnn is a 3-digit code	Blue Cross - Fee for service		Private Insurance
nnn02, where	Blue Cross - Alternative health	3	Private

nnn is a 3-digit code	care insurance plans		Insurance	
nnn09, where nnn is a 3-digit code	Blue Cross - type unknown		Private Insurance	
OTH61	Self-pay	4	Self-pay	
		5	No charge	
CHA01	CHA01 CHAMPUS, CHAMPVA (effective beginning in 1994)			
CHA02	CHAMPUS, CHAMPVA (effective beginning in 1994)			
CHA03	CHAMPUS, CHAMPVA (effective beginning in 1994)			
OTH41	Worker's Compensation			
OTH52			Other	
OTH53				
OTH54	WisconsinCare			
OTH55	CHAMPUS Supplement			
OTH56	DTH56 HIRSP			
OTH59	OTH59 Other government			
OTH98	Other			
OTH01 Other - Fee for service (effective from 1989-1997)				
OTH99	OTH99 Unknown		Missing	
bbb00, where b is a blank				
Blank	Missing			
Any values not d	ocumented by the data source	.A	Invalid	

PAY1_X – Expected primary payer, as received from data source

General Notes

PAY1_X retains the expected primary payer as provided by the data source. The original values have not been recoded into uniform HCUP values and are source-specific.

Two HCUP data elements contain uniformly coded information about the expected primary payer:

- PAY1 has general categories for Medicare, Medicaid, private insurance, and other payers.
- PAY1_N has more detailed categories for private insurance and other payers. PAY1_N is only available in the 1988-1997 HCUP databases. This data element is discontinued beginning in the 1998 data because of the difficulty of coding the information uniformly across States.

Information on the definition of the source values contained in PAY1_X and how the source values are recoded into the HCUP uniform variable PAY1 is available under the note for expected primary payer PAY1.

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
PAY1_X	Expected primary payer, as received from data source	n(a)	State specific coding - See the "State Specific Notes" section for details	

State Specific Notes

Information on State specific coding for this data element is available under the "State Specific Notes" section for the data element PAY1.

PAY2 – Expected secondary payer, uniform

General Notes

PAY2 indicates the expected secondary payer (Medicare, Medicaid, private insurance, etc.). To ensure uniformity of coding across data sources, PAY2 combines detailed categories in the more general groups. For example,

- Medicare includes both fee-for-service and managed care Medicare patients.
- Medicaid includes both fee-for-service and managed care Medicaid patients.
- Private insurance (PAY2 = 3) includes Blue Cross, commercial carriers, and private HMOs and PPOs.
- Other (PAY2 = 6) includes Worker's Compensation, CHAMPUS, CHAMPVA, Title V, and other government programs.

In the 1988-1997 data, the data element PAY2_N provides more detailed categories for private insurance and other payers. This data element is discontinued beginning in the 1998 data because of the difficulty of coding the information uniformly across States.

The HCUP data element PAY2_X retains the expected primary payer as provided by the data source.

Because the coding of expected primary and secondary payer is the same, information on the coding of PAY2 is available under the note for expected primary payer (PAY1).

Uniform Values				
Variable Description Value Value Description				
PAY2	Expected secondary payer, uniform	n(a)	State specific coding - See the "State Specific Notes" section for details	

State Specific Notes

Information on State specific coding for this data element is available under the "State Specific Notes" section for the data element PAY1.

PAY2_X – Expected secondary payer, as received from data source

General Notes

PAY2_X retains the expected secondary payer as provided by the data source. The original values have not been recoded into uniform HCUP values and are source-specific.

Two HCUP data elements contain uniformly coded information about the expected secondary payer:

- PAY2 has general categories for Medicare, Medicaid, private insurance, and other payers.
- PAY2_N has more detailed categories for private insurance and other payers. PAY2_N is only available in the 1988-1997 HCUP databases. This data element is discontinued beginning in the 1998 data because of the difficulty of coding the information uniformly across States.

Because the coding of expected primary and secondary payer is the same, information on the coding of PAY2_X is available under the note for expected primary payer (PAY1).

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
PAY2_X	Expected secondary payer, as received from data source	n(a)	State specific coding - See the "State Specific Notes" section for details	

State Specific Notes

Information on State specific coding for this data element is available under the "State Specific Notes" section for the data element PAY1.

PRn – Procedure

General Notes

The original value of the ICD-9-CM principal procedure (PR1), whether blank or coded, is retained in the first position of the procedure vector. Starting at the first secondary procedure (PR2), the procedures are shifted during HCUP processing to eliminate blank secondary procedures. For example, if PR2 and PR4 contain nonmissing procedures and PR3 is blank, then the value of PR4 is shifted into PR3. Secondary procedures are never shifted into the principal position (PR1).

Procedures are compared to a list of ICD-9-CM codes valid for the discharge date. Anticipation of or lags in response to official ICD-9-CM coding changes are permitted for discharges occurring within a window of time around the official ICD-9-CM coding changes (usually October 1). In the 1988-1997 data, a six months window (three months before and three months after) is allowed. Beginning in the 1998 data, a year window (six months before and six months after) is allowed. For example, the code for Bone Marrow Transplant changed from "410 " to "4100" as of October 1, 1988. Under HCUP validation procedures, "410" is classified as valid for discharges as late as December 31, 1988, and "4100" is classified as valid for discharges as early as July 1, 1988.

Procedures are compared to the sex of the patient (EPR03 beginning in the 1998 data and ED2nn in the 1988-1997 data) and the patient's age (EAGE05 beginning in the 1998 data and ED5nn in the 1988-1997 data) for checking the internal consistency of the record.

How invalid and inconsistent codes are handled varies by data year.

 Beginning in the 1998 data, invalid and inconsistent procedures are masked directly. Validity flags are not included on the HCUP record. Clinical Classifications Software (CCS) data elements are coded with respect to the procedure.

	Invalid Procedure	Inconsistent Code
The value of PRn	"invl"	"incn"
PRCCSn	Set to invalid (.A).	Set to inconsistent (.C)

 From 1988-1997 data, invalid and inconsistent procedures are retained on the record. Validity flags (PRVn) indicate invalid, inconsistent procedure codes. Clinical Classifications Software (CCS) data elements use the former name (PCCHPRn). The CCS was formerly known as the Clinical Classifications for Health Policy Research (CCHPRn). The procedure related data element are coded as follows:

	Invalid Procedure	Inconsistent Code	
The value of PRn	Unchanged	Unchanged	
PRVn	Set to 1	Set to inconsistent (.C)	
PCCHPRn	Set to invalid (.A).	Retained (values 1-260)	

The validity flags (PRVn) need to be used in connection with any analysis of the procedures (PRn).

The maximum number of procedures reported varies by state. HCUP retains all procedure fields provided by the data source.

Number of Procedures Provided by the Data Source					
State	1998	1999	2000	2001	
Arizona	6	6	6	6	
California	21	21	21	21	
Colorado	15	15	15	15	
Connecticut	30	30	30	30	
Florida	10	10	10	10	
Georgia	6	6	6	6	
Hawaii	10	10	10	10	
Illinois	6	6	6	6	
Iowa	6	6	6	6	
Kansas	25	25	25	25	
Kentucky	n/a	n/a	6	6	
Maine	n/a	10	6	6	
Maryland	15	15	15	15	
Massachusetts	10	15	15	15	
Michigan	n/a	n/a	n/a	30	
Minnesota	n/a	n/a	n/a	6	
Missouri	25	25	25	25	
Nebraska	n/a	n/a	n/a	6	
New Jersey	8	8	8	8	
New York	15	15	15	15	
North Carolina	n/a	n/a	10	11	
Oregon	6	6	6	6	
Pennsylvania	6	6	6	6	

Rhode Island	n/a	n/a	n/a	11
South Carolina	10	10	10	10
Tennessee	6	6	6	6
Texas	n/a	n/a	6	6
Utah	6	6	6	6
Vermont	n/a	n/a	n/a	20
Virginia	n/a	6	6	6
Washington	6	6	6	6
West Virginia	n/a	n/a	6	6
Wisconsin	6	6	6	6

Since NPR can be greater than the number of procedures available on the inpatient record, caution needs to be taken when using NPR to loop through the procedures. A counter for the loop should not extend past 15. Programming code such as the following example SAS statement is needed to take this into account:

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
PRn	Procedure	nnnn	Procedure code	
		Blank	Missing	
			Invalid: beginning with 1998 data, EPR02	
		incn	Inconsistent: beginning with EAGE05, EPR03	

DO I = 1 to MIN(15,NPR); Followed by code to process all p	procedures.END;
--	-----------------

State Specific Notes

Arizona

Beginning in 1998, a few hospitals reported 5-digit codes in the procedure fields. Since ICD-9-CM procedures are have either 3 or 4 digits, these five digit codes were set to invalid.

Beginning in 1993, Arizona procedure codes were not right-padded with zeros. Arizona reported procedure codes with an explicit decimal point. The decimal point was removed during HCUP processing.

Prior to 1993, the procedure codes provided by Arizona were right-padded with zeros (e.g., the procedure code '403 ' was supplied as '4030'). The following algorithm was used during HCUP processing to validate the procedure codes:

Check four-digit code for validity (using a six-month window for coding changes, 3 months before and 3 months after October of each year when ICD-9-CM coding changes occur).

- 1. If four-digit code is valid, set PR1 to the four-digit code and set PRV1 = 0.
- If the four-digit code is invalid and fourth digit is a zero, create a three-digit code by deleting the trailing zero and re-check for validity (using six-month window for coding changes). If the three-digit code is valid, set PR1 to the three-digit code and set PRV1 = 0.
- 3. If both the four-digit and three-digit codes are invalid, save the original four-digit code PR1 and set the validity flag to indicate an invalid code (PRV1 = 1).

California

Shriner's hospitals do not report diagnoses, procedures or total charges.

Florida

In 1992 only, the hospitals identified below have erroneous procedure information when a patient had more than one operative episode during a stay. The first operative episode, which can be defined by one or more procedure codes, is correctly reported. The procedure codes for any subsequent operative episodes were not reported. The following hospitals, identified by the HCUP hospital identifier (HOSPID), are affected:

- HOSPID
- 390530
- 390170
- 391000
- 390067
- 390622
- 390870
- 390060
- 391060
- 390727
- 390515
- 390034

Kentucky

Kentucky supplied procedure codes in a field length of 7. Only the first four characters contained in the left-justified source field were used to assign the HCUP procedure codes.

Maryland

Maryland supplied procedure codes in a field of length 5. Only the first four characters contained in the left-justified source field were used to assign the HCUP procedure codes.

Massachusetts

Due to an error in HCUP processing, the procedure verification table for 1988-1992 incorrectly accepted some codes as valid, on year beyond the date when these codes were deleted or superseded by more detailed codes. With the three-month grace period built into the processor, these codes were mistakenly accepted for one full year beyond the year in which they became invalid.

Examination of frequencies from the HCUP Massachusetts files found a small number of records were affected. The procedures not flagged as invalid procedure codes (PRVn = 1) are:

Procedure	Year
9971	1988
9972	1988
9974	1988
9975	1988
9978	1988
9979	1988
432	1990
493	1990
5996	1990
8141	1990
8187	1990
8899	1990

Beginning in 1993, procedures were validated correctly.

Nebraska

Nebraska supplied procedure codes in a field of length 7. Only the first four characters contained in the left-justified source field were used to assign the HCUP procedure codes.

New Jersey

Before 1994, the procedure codes provided by the state were right-padded with zeros (e.g., the procedure code '403' was supplied as '4030'). For the HCUP database the following algorithm was used to validate the procedure codes:

Check the four-digit code for validity (using a six-month window for coding changes, 3 months before and 3 months after October of each year when ICD-9-CM coding changes occur).

- 1. If the four-digit code is valid, set PRn to the four-digit code and set PRVn = 0.
- If the four-digit code is invalid and the fourth digit is a zero**, create a three-digit code by deleting the trailing zero and re-check for validity (using six-month window for coding changes). If valid, set PRn to the three-digit code and set PRVn = 0.
- 3. If both the four-digit and the three-digit codes are invalid, save the original fourdigit code PRn and set the validity flag to indicate an invalid code (PRVn = 1).

New Jersey

In 1993 only. Due to an error in HCUP processing, the invalid three-digit code was saved in PRn instead of the invalid four-digit code.

** *In 1993 only.* An error in HCUP processing caused invalid four-digit codes that ended in non-zeros, as well as zeros, to be processed by the above algorithm. If deleting the rightmost non-zero digit created a valid code, then

- PRn was set to the stripped valid code,
- PRVn was set 0 to indicate a valid code,
- PCCHPR was set based on the stripped valid code, and
- DRG, MDC, DRG10, MDC10, NEOMAT and edit check variables ED100, ED2nn, and ED5nn may have been incorrectly assigned based on the stripped valid code.

Pennsylvania

The reporting and handling of CPT and HCPCS procedure codes varies by year:

• Prior to 1995, Pennsylvania supplied only ICD-9-CM procedure codes.

- From 1995-1996, Pennsylvania supplied a mixture of ICD-9-CM, CPT and HCPCS codes. If the procedure coding system indicates CPT or HCPCS codes on the record, then the codes are set to missing. Details are provided below.
- In 1997, Pennsylvania source documentation indicated that all procedure codes were ICD-9-CM codes. Any procedure codes that were suspected of being CPT or HCPCS codes were masked during HCUP processing. Details are provided below.
- Beginning in 1998, Pennsylvania supplied only ICD-9-CM procedure codes.

Handling CPT and HCPCS Codes in 1995-1996

In 1995-1996, Pennsylvania reports ICD-9-CM procedure codes on most of their discharges, but some use CPT and HCPCS procedure codes.

HCUP processed the Pennsylvania procedure codes as follows.

- 1. PRSYS which identifies the procedure coding system was assigned based on the value reported by the data source.
- 2. NPR is the number of non-missing procedure codes supplied by Pennsylvania, regardless of coding system.
- 3. How HCUP processing handles the procedure codes depends on the coding system.
 - ICD-9-CM procedure codes (PRSYS = 1) are retained as supplied by the data source in the PRn variables and validated. Results from the validation are indicated by the PRVn variables. No changes are made to the procedure codes.
 - CPT or HCPCS procedure codes (PRSYS = 2 or 3) are set to missing (PRn = blank). CPT and HCPCS procedure codes could not be retained in the HCUP data because they are 5 characters, and the HCUP procedure fields are 4 characters in length.
 - If the procedure coding system was invalid (PRSYS = .A) or missing (PRSYS = .), then the procedures are handled like ICD-9-CM procedure codes. Any non-missing procedure codes are retained in the PRn variables and validated. Results from the validation are indicated by the PRVn variables. Source documentation indicates that missing values for PRSYS are only allowed when no procedures are coded.

Warning: If a CPT or HCPCS procedure code was reported on a discharge in which the procedure coding system was missing, or invalid, or indicated as ICD-9-CM, then only the first four characters of the five-digit code would be retained in the PRn variable.

Handling Suspected CPT and HCPCS Codes in 1997

Even though the Pennsylvania source documentation reported that all procedures in 1997 were coded in ICD-9-CM, there were a small percentage of codes that looked suspiciously like CPT or HCPCS codes which are length 5 and start with an alphabetic

character. ICD-9-CM procedure codes have no more than 4 digits and do not contain alphabetic characters (A-Z). To ensure that no CPT and HCPCS procedure codes were included in the 1997 Pennsylvania data, procedure codes were "screened" during HCUP processing.

If a procedure code was longer than 4 digits or started with an alphabetic character (A-Z), then the procedure was suspected of being a CPT or HCPCS procedure code and handled as follows:

- the procedure (PRn) was set to "PPPP",
- the validity flag (PRVn) was set to 1, and
- the classification system (PCCHPRn) was set to invalid (.A).

Otherwise, the procedure code was validated against a list of ICD-9-CM procedure codes with respect to discharge date.

Pennsylvania

From 1995-1996, the number of discharges for which the procedure coding system indicated that the procedures were CPT or HCPCS (PRSYS = 2 or 3) follows:

- NIS, Release 4 (1995 data) has no records.
- NIS, Release 5 (1996 data) has 1,711 records.

Rhode Island

Rhode Island supplied procedure codes in a field of length 5. Only the first four characters contained in the left-justified source field were used to assign the HCUP procedure codes.

South Carolina

Prior to 2000 data, a small number of discharges explicitly included decimals in the procedure field, usually the decimal is implicit. This is problematic because South Carolina supplied procedures in a field of length 4. If decimals were included, then a valid 4-digit code would be truncated. For example, the procedure for a simple mastoidectomy "2041" would be incorrectly reported as "20.4". Prior to 1998, invalid procedure codes are marked by a validity flag (PRVn = 1). Beginning in 1998, invalid procedure codes are masked (PRn = "invl").

Beginning in 2000 data this was no longer a problem; explicit decimals were not included in the procedure codes.

Texas

Texas provides the procedure codes as reported by the hospital. Source documentation indicates that these procedure codes may be a mixture of ICD-9-CM, CPT or HCPCS codes. Because CPT and HCPCS codes are length 5 and the HCUP procedure variables (PRn) are length 4, the last digit of the CPT and HCPCS code is excluded.

Vermont

Vermont supplied procedure codes in a field length of 7. Only the first four characters contained in the left-justified source field were used to assign the HCUP procedure codes.

Washington

Washington supplied procedure codes in a field of length 5. Only the first four characters of five contained the procedure code and were used to assign the HCUP procedure code.

West Virginia

West Virginia supplied procedure codes in a field length of 7. Only the first four characters contained in the left-justified source field were used to assign the HCUP procedure codes.

Wisconsin

To comply with statutory requirements, Wisconsin modified diagnosis and procedure codes that explicitly referenced induced termination of pregnancy to eliminate distinctions between induced and spontaneous termination. The following codes were modified:

- Diagnoses with the first three digit of 634, 635, 636, 637, 638 were recoded to 637, while retaining the reported fourth digit,
- Procedure 6901 was changed to 6902,
- Procedure 6951 was changed to 6952,
- Procedure 6993 was changed to 6999,
- Procedure 7491 was changed to 7499,
- Procedure 750 was changed to 7599, and
- Procedures 9641-9649 were changed to 964 (which would be flagged as invalid, PRV=1).

Wisconsin supplied ICD-9-CM procedure codes in a field length of 5. Only the first four characters contained in the left-justified source field were used to assign the HCUP procedure codes.

PRCCSn – Clinical Classifications Software (CCS): procedure classification

General Notes

Clinical Classifications Software (CCS) consists of 231 procedure categories. This system is clinically based on ICD-9-CM codes. All procedure codes are classified.

PRCCSn is coded as follows:

- 1 to 231 if the procedure code (PRn) is valid by the HCUP criteria. The HCUP criteria for procedure validation allows a year window (six months before and six months after) around the official ICD-9-CM coding changes (usually October 1), for anticipation of or lags in response to official ICD-9-CM coding changes.
- PRCCSn is missing (.), if there is no procedure code (PRn = " ").
- PRCCSn is set to invalid (.A), if the procedure code (PRn) is invalid by the HCUP criteria (EPR02).
- PRCCSn is set to inconsistent (.C), if the procedure code (PRn) is inconsistent with age (EAGE05) or sex of the patient (EPR03).

In HCUP databases before 1998, this data element is called PCCHPRn.

Labels

Labels for CCS categories are provided as an ASCII file in HCUP Tools: Labels and Formats.

Formats

Formats to label CCS categories are documented in HCUP Tools: Labels and Formats. A format is also available to map CCS codes into a few broad classes of conditions based on ICD-9-CM chapters.

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
PRCCSn	Clinical	1 - 231	CCS procedure class	
	Classifications Software (CCS): procedure classification	•	No procedure code	
		.A	Invalid procedure code: beginning with 1998 data, EPR02	
		.C	Inconsistent: beginning with 1998 data, EAGE05, EPR03	

State Specific Notes

None

PRDAYn – Number of days from admission to procedure n

General Notes

The day on which the procedure is performed (PRDAYn) is calculated from the procedure date (PRDATEn) and the admission date (ADATE) with the following exceptions:

- PRDAYn is set to the supplied day of principal procedure if the procedure day cannot be calculated (ADATE and/or PRDATEn is missing or invalid). Note: the supplied day of procedure is used only if it distinguishes between a procedure performed on the first day (procedure day = 0) and no procedure day (procedure day is missing).
- PRDAYn is missing (.) if the procedure day cannot be calculated and the supplied procedure day is missing.
- PRDAYn is invalid (.A) if the procedure day cannot be calculated and the supplied procedure day is nonnumeric.
- If the data source does not supply either admission date (ADATE) and procedure date (PRDATEn), or the day of procedure, then beginning in the 1998 data PRDAYn is not present on the HCUP files. In the 1988-1997 data, PRDAYn is retained on the HCUP files and is set to unavailable from source (.B).
- PRDAYn is inconsistent (.C) if
 - there is a day of procedure without a coded procedure (ED7nn), or
 - the day of procedure is not during the stay (EPRDAY01 beginning in the 1998 data and ED8nn in the 1988-1997 data).

Edit checks ED7nn are only performed on the 1988-1997 data. Beginning in the 1998 data, the procedure date without a coded procedure is discarded.

The procedure date vector (PRDATEn) is shifted with the ICD-9-CM procedure codes (PRn) when the procedure vector is packed.

Some sources do not require procedure dates/days for minor or diagnostic procedures which are considered UHDDS class 3 and class 4 procedures. The UHDDS system grouped ICD-9-CM procedure codes into four classes differentiated by impact on either the well-being of the patient or on the health care system. The criteria used to classify procedures included procedural risk, anesthetic risk, and the need for highly trained personnel, special facilities or special equipment. The classes are:

- Class 1: Surgical
- Class 2: Significant procedure (date required)
- Class 3: Significant procedure (date not required)
- Class 4: Minor procedures not normally coded on inpatient data.

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
PRDAYn	Number of days	-41	Days prior to admission	
	from admission to procedure n	0	Day of admission	
		1 - LOS+3	Days after admission	
		•	Missing	
		.A	Invalid	
		.В	Unavailable from source (coded in 1988-1997 data only)	
		.C	Inconsistent: beginning with 1998 data, EPRDAY01; in 1998-1997 data, ED7nn, ED8nn	

State Specific Notes

Arizona

Beginning in 1995, only the calculated day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAY because Arizona did not supply the day of procedure. Prior to 1995, no procedure dates or days were reported.

California

Prior to 1998, the supplied day of procedure was not used when PRDAY could not be calculated because California used the same value to indicate no procedure performed and procedure performed on the day of admission.

In 1998 and 1999, only the supplied day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAY because the date of procedure was not provided. A source value of 0 days was set to missing (PRDAYn = .) if there was no corresponding procedure (PRn = " ").

Beginning in 2000, procedure dates were provided by the data source and used to calculate day of procedure.

Colorado

Only the calculated day of principal procedure could be used to assign PRDAY1 because Colorado did not supply principal procedure day.

Connecticut

Procedures performed up to 72 hours before admission are reported as zero (0) days.

Florida

PRDAY1 is assigned from the supplied day of procedure. Florida did not supply the procedure date. A missing value (.) was assigned from either of the following values supplied by the data source: 998 an indicator that the number of days to procedure is greater than or equal to 998 days; and 999 an indicator of unable-to-compute days, or that no procedure was performed.

Florida also used zeros to code both missing values and a procedure performed on the day of admission. During HCUP processing, PRDAY1 was set to missing (.) if

- the reported procedure day = 0, and
- no principal procedure was reported.

Georgia

Only the reported day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAYn because Georgia did not supply procedure dates.

Hawaii

Only the calculated day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAYn because Hawaii did not supply the day of procedure.

lowa

Only the calculated day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAY because Iowa did not supply the day of procedure.

Maine

Only the calculated day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAYn because Maine did not supply procedure days.

Massachusetts

The supplied day of procedure was not used when PRDAYn could not be calculated because Massachusetts used the same value to indicate no procedure performed and procedure performed on the day of admission.

Minnesota

Only the calculated day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAYn because Minnesota did not supply day of procedure.

Nebraska

Only the calculated day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAYn because Nebraska did not supply day of procedure.

New Jersey

Only the calculated day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAY because New Jersey did not supply the day of procedure.

New York

In the 1988-1997 HCUP New York databases, PRDAYn could not be calculated because New York did not report full admission and procedure dates. During HCUP processing, only the reported procedure day could be used to assign PRDAYn. For 1988-1992, the source miscalculated procedure days for records with admission dates in the year prior to discharge, resulting in procedure days that were not during the stay. These records failed the appropriate edit check. Beginning in 1993, the source correctly calculated procedures.

Beginning with the 1998 data, New York provided complete dates and PRDAYn could be calculated.

North Carolina

Only the reported day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAYn because North Carolina did not supply procedure dates.

Oregon

Only the calculated day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAYn because Oregon did not supply procedure days.

Pennsylvania

In 1992, Pennsylvania data contained many out-of-range procedure days due to a processing error at the state data organization. As a rule in HCUP processing, records that contain procedure days not during the stay are flagged by an edit check and the procedure day (PRDAYn) is set to inconsistent (.C).

In 1994, principal procedure days could not be calculated for all patients admitted prior to January 1, 1994 because the source did not report a valid principal procedure date for these patients. Procedure days were calculated correctly for secondary procedures.

In 1995, the data source arbitrarily set the year of procedure date equal to the discharge year. This results in a number of out-of-range procedure days. Records that contain procedure days not during the stay are flagged by an edit check and the procedure data and day are set to inconsistent (.C).

Also in 1995, a data processing error in the source data resulted in a number of records with procedure dates without matching procedures. These records are flagged by an edit check during HCUP processing.

By 1996, all major problems with procedure dates were resolved.

Rhode Island

Only the calculated day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAYn because Rhode Island did not supply day of procedure.

South Carolina

Only the calculated day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAYn because South Carolina did not supply the day of procedure.

Tennessee

Only the calculated day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAYn because Tennessee did not supply the day of procedure.

Virginia

Day of procedure could not be calculated from dates because Virginia did not report procedure dates. During HCUP processing, only the reported day of procedure could be used to assign PRDAY1.

Wisconsin

Until 1997, PRDAYn could not be calculated because Wisconsin did not report procedure dates. During HCUP processing, only the reported procedure day could be used to assign PRDAYn. Beginning in 1997, Wisconsin provided the date of principal procedure (PRDATE1).

Principal procedure day is only required for major procedures (defined below). Procedure days are set to missing for all other cases. Major procedures are defined as Class 1 or 2 procedures. The UHDDS system grouped ICD-9-CM procedure codes into four classes differentiated by impact on either the wellbeing of the patient or on the health care system. The criteria used to classify procedures included procedural risk, anesthetic risk, and the need for highly trained personnel, special facilities or special equipment. The classes are:

- Class 1: Surgical
- Class 2: Significant procedure (date required)
- Class 3: Significant procedure (date not required)
- Class 4: Minor procedures not normally coded on inpatient data

RACE – Race

General Notes

HCUP coding includes race and ethnicity in one data element (RACE). If the source supplied race and ethnicity in separate data elements, ethnicity takes precedence over race in setting the HCUP value for race.

Two HCUP data elements contain source-specific information about the race and ethnicity of the patient.

- RACE_X retains information on the race of the patient as provided by the data source.
- HISPANIC_X retains information on the Hispanic ethnicity as provided by the data source.

Not all data sources provide information on race and ethnicity.

States providing race/ethnicity information are listed in the "State Specific Notes" section below. RACE_X and HISPANIC_X are not available on the HCUP Nationwide Inpatient Sample (NIS).

Uniform Values				
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description	
RACE	Race	1	White	
		2	Black	
		3	Hispanic	
		4	Asian or Pacific Islander	
		5	Native American	
		6	Other	
		•	Missing	
		.A	Invalid	
		.В	Unavailable from source (coded in 1988-1997 data only)	

State Specific Notes

Arizona

Arizona				
RACE_X			RACE	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
5	Caucasian, Non Hispanic	1	White	
3	Black	2	Black	
4	Caucasian, Hispanic	3	Hispanic	
2	Asian, Pacific Islander	4	Asian or Pacific Islander	
1	American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo	5	Native American	
6	Other	6	Other	
9	Refused		Missing	
Blank	Missing	ŀ	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source .A Invalid				
Separate information on ethnicity is not provided. HISPANIC_X is not available.				

California

California			
	RACE_X		RACE
Value	Description	Value	Description
1	White	1	White
2	Black	2	Black
If HISPA	$ANIC_X = 1$	3	Hispanic
4	Asian/Pacific Islander	4	Asian or Pacific Islander
3	Native American/Eskimo/Aleut	5	Native American
5	Other	6	Other
6	Unknown		Missing
Blank	Missing	•	Wildon Ig
Any valu	les not documented by the data	.A	Invalid

source				
HISPANIC_X				
1	Hispanic			
2	Non-Hispanic			
3	Unknown			
Information on ethnicity was provided by Cali RACE beginning in 1995. The variable HISPA HCUP databases beginning in 1998.				
There are a small number of discharges with HISPANIC_X that are not considered valid by				

Colorado

	(Colorado			
	RACE_X RACE				
Value	Description	Value	Description		
1	White	1	White		
2	Black	2	Black		
5	Hispanic	3	Hispanic		
3	Asian	4	Asian or Pacific Islander		
4	Native American	5	Native American		
6	Other	6	Other		
7,0, Blank	Missing	•	Missing		
Any other values .A Invalid			Invalid		
Separate inf available.	ormation on ethnicity	is not prov	/ided. HISPANIC_X is not		

Connecticut

Connecticut			
RACE_X RACE			RACE
Value	Description	Value	Description
1	White	1	White
2	Black	2	Black
If HISPA	NIC_X=1	3	Hispanic
5	Spanish/Hispanic	5	Порапіс

3	Oriental/Asian	4	Asian or Pacific
7	Pacific Islander/Hawaiian		Islander
4	American Indian	5	Native American
6	Other	6	Other
8	Other non-white		
Blank	Missing		Missing
Any val source	ues not documented by the data	.A	Invalid
	HISPANIC_	_X	
1		Spar	nish/Hispanic origin
2		Non-	Spanish/Non-Hispanic

Florida

Florida				
	RACE_X RACE			
Value	Value Description		Description	
4	White	1	White	
3	Black	2	Black	
5	Hispanic - White	3 H	Hispanic	
6	Hispanic - Black		пізрапіс	
2	Asian or Pacific Islander	4	Asian or Pacific Islander	
1	American Indian/Eskimo/Aleut	5	Native American	
7	Other	6	Other	
8, Blank	No Response, Missing	-	Missing	
Any value source	es not documented by the data	.A	Invalid	
Separate available.	information on ethnicity is not pro	vided. Hl	SPANIC_X is not	

Hawaii

In the source data files provided by Hawaii, the coding of race of the patient was different for each Hawaiian hospital. During HCUP processing, the hospital-specific values were recoded into the values of RACE_X described below.

	Hawaii		
	RACE_X		RACE
Value	Description	Value	Description
1	White	1	White
2	Black	2	Black
3	Hispanic	3	Hispanic
4	Hawaiian		
5	Chinese		Asian or Pacific Islander
6	Filipino	4	
7	Japanese		
8	Other Asian		
9	Other Pacific Islander		
10	Native American	5	Native American
11	Mixed or Other	6	Other
99, Blank	Missing		Missing
A	Any values not documented by the data source	.A	Invalid

One hospital (DSHOSPID = "120014") provides only one category for Asian patients, instead of distinguishing Chinese, Filipino, and Japanese races. For this hospital, the one category for Asian was recoded to "Other Asian" (RACE_X = "8").

One hospital (DSHOSPID = "12001F") provides only one category for Asian/Pacific Islander patients, instead of distinguishing Hawaiian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese and other Asian and Pacific Islander races. For this hospital, the one category for Asian/Pacific Islander was recoded to "Other Asian" (RACE_X = "8").

Separate information on ethnicity is not provided by any Hawaiian hospital. HISPANIC_X is not available.

lowa

	lowa		
	RACE_X		RACE
Value	Description	Value	Description
1	White	1	White
2	Black	2	Black
		3	Hispanic
4	Asian or Pacific Islander	4	Asian or Pacific Islander
3	American Indian or Alaskan native	5	Native American
		6	Other
9, Blank	Other/Unknown, Missing		Missing
Any value source	es not documented by the data	.A	Invalid
was avail Iowa use	s not separately classify Hispanic able about how these were codec s one category for "Other" and "U	. HISPA	NIC_X is not available.
the HCUF	P category for missing (.).		
	va hospitals report "Other" race fo harges. Some hospitals report "W		

Kansas

	Kansas			
	RACE_X		RACE	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
1	White	1	White	
2	Black	2	Black	
4	Hispanic	3	Hispanic	
5	Asian/Pacific Islander	4	Asian or Pacific Islander	
3	American Indian/Eskimo	5	Native American	
6	Other	6	Other	
Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
Any valu source	es not documented by the data	.A	Invalid	
Separate available	e information on ethnicity is not pro	ovided. H	ISPANIC_X is not	

Maryland

Beginning in 1993, Maryland reported Hispanic ethnicity as a separate variable. If patient ethnicity was coded as Spanish/Hispanic origin, patient race was set to Hispanic (RACE = 3) during HCUP processing.

Prior to 1993, Maryland did not report Hispanic ethnicity as a separate variable or category of race. Hispanic ethnicity (RACE = 3) is not coded in the 1988-1992 HCUP Maryland data. The source documentation available for Maryland did not indicate which race code(s) were used for Hispanic ethnicity.

	Maryland		
	RACE_X		RACE
Value	Description	Value	Description
1	White	1	White
2	African American	2	Black
If HISP.	ANIC_X = 1	3	Hispanic
3	Asian or Pacific Islander	4	Asian or Pacific Islander
4	American Indian, Eskimo, Aleut	5	Native American
5	Other	6	Other
9	Unknown		Missing
Blank	Missing		WISSING
Any val source	ues not documented by the data	.A	Invalid
	HISPANIC_X		
	1		sh/Hispanic origin
	2	Not of origin	Spanish/Hispanic
	9	Unkno	own

Massachusetts

	Massachuse	etts		
(Valid beginning October 1999)				
	RACE_X		RACE	
Value Description		Value	Description	
1	White	1	White	
2	Black	2	Black	
4	Hispanic	3	Hispanic	
3	Asian	4	Asian or Pacific Islander	
5	American Indian	5	Native American	
6	Other	6	Other	
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing		Missing	
Any values source	not documented by the data	.A	Invalid	
Separate inf available.	formation on ethnicity is not pro	ovided. H	ISPANIC_X is not	

	Massachuse	etts	
	(Valid prior to Octo	ober 1999	9)
RACE_X RACE			
Value Description		Value	Description
1	White	1	White
2	Black	2	Black
9	Hispanic	3	Hispanic
6	Asian	4	Asian or Pacific Islander
5	American Indian	5	Native American
3	Other	6	Other
4, Blank	Unknown, Missing		Missing
Any values source	not documented by the data	.A	Invalid
Separate in available.	formation on ethnicity is not pro	ovided. H	ISPANIC_X is not

Missouri

Missouri				
RACE_X			RACE	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
1	White	1	White	
2	Black	2	Black	
4	Hispanic	3	Hispanic	
5	Asian/Pacific Islander	4	Asian or Pacific Islander	
3	American Indian/Eskimo	5	Native American	
6	Other	6	Other	
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing		Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source .A Invalid				
Separate information on ethnicity is not provided. HISPANIC_X is not available.				

New Jersey

	New Jersey			
	RACE_X	RACE		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
1	White	1	White	
2	Black	2	Black	
If HISPA	ANIC_X = 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5	3	Hispanic	
4	Chinese		Asian or Pacific Islander	
5	Japanese			
6	Hawaiian (including part Hawaiian)	4		
7	Filipino			
8	Other Asian or Pacific Islander			
3	Indian (North American, Central American, South American, Eskimo, Aleut)	5	Native American	
0	Other races	6	Other	
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing	

Any values not documented by the data source	.A Invalid		
HISPANIC_>	K		
0	Non-Hispanic		
1	Mexican		
2	Puerto Rican		
3	Cuban		
4	Central or South American		
5	Other and Unknown Hispanic		
9	Not Classified or Unknow		

Beginning in 1993. New Jersey reported Hispanic ethnicity as a separate variable. If patient ethnicity was coded as Hispanic (Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, Other or Unknown Hispanic), patient race was set to Hispanic (RACE = 3) during HCUP processing.

Prior to 1993. New Jersey reported Hispanic ethnicity as a category of race. If New Jersey reported patient race as Hispanic, HCUP assigned patient race as Hispanic (RACE = 3).

	New York				
RACE_X			RACE		
Value	Description	Value Description			
01	White	1	White		
02	African American (Black)	2	Black		
If HISPA	$ANIC_X = 1$	3	Hispanic		
04	Asian or Pacific Islander	4	Asian or Pacific Islander		
03	Native American (American Indian, Eskimo, Aleut)	5	Native American		
88	Other	6	Other		
99, Blank	Missing	•	Missing		
Any valu source	ues not documented by the data	.Α	Invalid		
HISPANIC_X					
1	Spanish/Hispanic origin	1	Spanish/Hispanic		

			origin
2	Not of Spanish/Hispanic origin	2	Non-Spanish/Non- Hispanic
9, Blank	Missing	9	Unknown

North Carolina

North Carolina				
RACE_X			RACE	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
4	White	1	White	
3	Black	2	Black	
		3	Hispanic	
2	Asian or Pacific Islander	4	Asian or Pacific Islander	
1	American Indian/Eskimo	5	Native American	
5	Other Race	6	Other	
0, 6, Blank	Missing	•	Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source				
Separate information on ethnicity is not provided. HISPANIC_X is not available. Reporting of the race of the patient is optional for hospitals in North Carolina.				

Pennsylvania

Pennsylvania					
RACE_X		RACE			
Value	Description	Value Description			
W	White	1	White		
В	Black	2	Black		
If HISPAN	NIC_X = 1	3	Hispanic		
A	Asian or Pacific Islander	4	Asian or Pacific Islander		
I	Native American or Eskimo	5	Native American		
Ν	Other	6	Other		
U, Blank	Unknown, Missing	. Missing			
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid		
	HISPANIC_X				
1		Hispanic/Latino origin or descent			
2		Not of Hispanic/Latino origin or descent			

Rhode Island

Rhode Island				
RACE_X			RACE	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
4	White, not Hispanic	1	White	
3	Black, not Hispanic	2	Black	
7	White Hispanic	3	Hispanic	
8	Black Hispanic	0	пізрапіс	
2	Asian	4	Asian or Pacific Islander	
1	Native American	5	Native American	
5	Other	6	Other	
Blank, 6	Missing, Unknown		Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source .A Invalid				
Separate information on ethnicity is not provided. HISPANIC_X is not available.				

South Carolina

South Carolina				
RACE_X			RACE	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
1	White	1	White	
2	Black	2	Black	
6	Hispanic	3	Hispanic	
3	Oriental Asian	4	Asian or Pacific Islander	
4	American Indian	5	Native American	
5	Other	6	Other	
Blank	Missing		Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source .A Invalid				
Separate information on ethnicity is not provided. HISPANIC_X is not available.				

Tennessee

Tennessee				
RACE_X			RACE	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
0	White, not Hispanic	1	White	
7	White, Hispanic origin unknown		WIIILE	
1	Black, not Hispanic	2	Black	
8	Black, Hispanic origin unknown	2	DIACK	
5	White, Hispanic	3	Hispanic	
6	Black, Hispanic	5		
3	Asian or Pacific Islander	4	Asian or Pacific Islander	
4	American Indian/Alaskan Native	5	Native American	
2	Other	6	Other	
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing	•	Missing	
Any value source	Any values not documented by the data source .A Invalid			
Separate information on ethnicity is not provided. HISPANIC_X is not				

available.

Texas

	Texas				
-	RACE_X	RACE			
Value	Description	Value Description			
4	White	1	White		
3	Black	2	Black		
If HISPA	$ANIC_X = 1$	3	Hispanic		
2	Asian or Pacific Islander	4	Asian or Pacific Islander		
1	American Indian/Eskimo/Aleut	5	Native American		
5	Other	6	Other		
Blank	Missing		Missing		
" * " or any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid		
	HISPANIC_X				
	1	Hispar	nic origin		
	2	Not of Hispanic origin			
	*	Invalid			

Utah

Utah				
RACE_X			RACE	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
W	White, non-Hispanic origin	1	White	
		2	Black	
WH	White, Hispanic origin	3	Hispanic	
NW	Non-white, Hispanic origin		i lispanio	
		4	Asian or Pacific Islander	
		5	Native American	
NH	Non-white, non-Hispanic origin	6	Other	
UK, Blank	Unknown, Missing		Missing	
Any values not documented by the data			Invalid	

source		
Separate information on ethnicity is not available.	provided. I	HISPANIC_X is not

Virginia

Virginia				
	RACE_X	RACE		
Value	Description	Value	Description	
0	White	1	White	
1	Black	2	Black	
5	Hispanic	3	Hispanic	
6	Black Hispanic			
3	Asian	4	Asian or Pacific Islander	
4	American Indian	5	Native American	
2	Other	6	Other	
9, Blank	Unknown, Missing		Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid	
Separate information on ethnicity is not provided. HISPANIC_X is not available.				

Vermont

Vermont					
RACE_X			RACE		
Value	Description	Value	Description		
4	White/Non- Hispanic	1	White		
3	Black/Non- Hispanic	2	Black		
7	Hispanic-White	3	Hispanic		
8	Hispanic-Black				
2	Asian or Pacific Islander	4	Asian or Pacific Islander		
1	American Indian/Alaska	5	Native American		

	Native		
5	Other Race	6	Other
6, Blank	Unknown, Missing		Missing
Any values not documented by t	he data source	.A	Invalid
Separate information on ethnicity is not provided. HISPANIC_X is not available.			

Wisconsin

Wisconsin				
RACE_X			RACE	
Value	Description	Value	Description	
4	White	1	White	
3	Black	2	Black	
If HISPANIC_X = 1		3	Hispanic	
2	Asian or Pacific Islander	4	Asian or Pacific Islander	
1	American Indian or Alaskan Native	5	Native American	
5	Other	6	Other	
6, Blank	Unknown, Missing		Missing	
Any values not documented by the data source		.A	Invalid	
HISPANIC_X				
1		Hispanic origin		
2		Not of Hispanic origin		
6		Unknown		

SURGID_S – Synthetic primary surgeon number

General Notes

Beginning in 2001, this data element is called MDNUM2_S.

SURGID_S contains a fixed-key (one-to-one) encryption of the supplied primary surgeon number (SURGID), according to the following rules:

- All alphanumeric digits are used in the encryption.
- All symbols such as ".,:;'*@" are retained in the encrypted value, but not in the same location.
- Leading zeros are encrypted so that the two original physician identifiers "000A6" and "A6" are distinctly different.
- When the original attending physician and primary surgeon identifiers are the same, the synthetic identifiers, MDID_S and SURGID_S, are the same.
- When the SURGID in the ambulatory surgery data and the inpatient data are the same, the synthetic identifier, SURGID_S is the same.

Except in those data sources where physician license numbers are supplied, it is not known whether the physician identifier SURGID_S refers to individual physicians or to groups. If the primary surgeon numbers supplied by the data source are not restricted to license numbers, the state-specific note includes available information about reporting practices, including whether SURGID_S refers to individual physicians or to groups.

Beginning in the 1993 data, supplied physician identifiers were checked for null characters. If null characters were found, they were replaced by blanks before the identifier was encrypted. Since this conversion was not done in prior years of HCUP data, the encrypted physician identifiers from 1993 on may not match those in earlier years. However, null characters are rarely included.

Beginning with 1993 NIS, supplied surgeon identifiers were checked for null characters. If null characters were found, they were replaced by blanks before the identifier was encrypted. Since this conversion was not done in prior years of HCUP inpatient data, the encrypted surgeon identifiers from 1993 on may not match those in earlier years. However, no null characters were found in the 1994 identifiers, and they were rare in prior years.

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
primary	Synthetic	16(a)	Synthetic physician identifier
	primary surgeon number	Blank	Missing

State Specific Notes

Arizona

The identification number for primary surgeons (SURGID_S) may not accurately track physicians across hospitals for the following reasons:

- Some hospitals assign their own internal other physician identification numbers rather than using the license numbers issued by the licensing agency of the physician or other health care practitioner. Information was not available about the prevalence of this practice.
- Some hospitals use one identification number for several physicians that are part of the same physician practice group. Information was not available about the prevalence of this practice.

Arizona's identification number for primary surgeons includes license numbers from the following board of examiners: Medical, Osteopathic, Podiatrists, and Nurses. In addition, Arizona accepts licensing numbers from other health practitioner licensing boards, but these boards are unspecified.

Colorado

The primary surgeon number (SURGID_S) may not accurately track physicians across hospitals. The state encourages hospitals to use the Professional State License Number as an identifier, but some hospitals continue to use their own internal identification number. Also, some hospitals appear to pad the Professional State License Number (a 5-digit code). Information was not available from the data source about the prevalence of these practices.

Some hospitals may use one license number for all physicians in order to protect physician confidentiality. Information was not available about the prevalence of this practice.

Florida

Florida reports state license numbers for the operating physician identifiers. During HCUP processing, physician identifiers were encrypted (SURGID_S).

lowa

Beginning in 1994, Iowa reports a principal physician ID (SURGID_S) in addition to the attending physician ID (MDID_S).

Iowa reports Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs) as physician identification numbers.

Kentucky

The encrypted identifier for the physician performing the principal procedure (SURGID_S) may not accurately track physicians across hospitals. Kentucky collects two different types of physician identifiers, Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs) and state license numbers.

Maine

Maine provides state-specific encrypted physician identifiers for operating surgeons that allow for tracking physicians across hospitals.

Caution should be used when tracking physicians back to 1999. The encrypted values supplied by the source in the 1999 inpatient data contained slightly different coding than the values supplied in the 1999 outpatient and 2000 inpatient data. During HCUP processing, physician identifiers were re-encrypted (SURGID_S).

Maryland

Maryland reports a state license number assigned by the Medical Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland (MED CHI) for the operating physician. Source documentation describes strict assignment and verification rules for this field.

Missouri

The primary surgeon identification number (SURGID_S) may not accurately track physicians across hospitals. Missouri accepts Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs), state license numbers, and hospital-assigned physician identification numbers as primary surgeon numbers. According to the source, the majority of physician identifiers are UPINs.

New Jersey

The coding of primary surgeon identification number (SURGID_S) varies across years:

Year	Physician Identifier	
1988-93	New Jersey state license numbers	
1994-95	Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs)	
Beginning in 1996	New Jersey state license numbers.	

New York

New York reports state license numbers as physician identifiers. Source documentation indicates that if the operating physician did not possess a valid New York state license number, the license number of the operating physician or Chief of Service should have been reported.

New York does not limit this field to physicians; dentists, podiatrists, psychologists, nurse/midwifes, and other licensed health care professionals may be included. It is impossible to identify the different types of providers in the HCUP data.

Source physician identifiers are encrypted during HCUP processing.

In the 1998-2000 data, physician identifiers are missing (" ") on discharges with an indication of an induced abortion. New York identifies an indication of induced abortion by ICD-9-CM diagnosis or procedure code:

- An admitting, principal, or secondary diagnosis of "6350" through "6399", or "7796".
- A principal or secondary procedure of "690", "695", "696", "6993", "738", "7491", "750", "751", or "9649".

Please note that the admitting diagnosis is not retained in the HCUP databases.

North Carolina

North Carolina provides the Universal Physician Identification Number (UPINs) for the 1st other physician. During HCUP processing, this identifier is encrypted.

Oregon

An identifier for the 1st Other Physician was provided by Oregon and encrypted during HCUP processing (SURGID_S). This identifier may not accurately track physicians across hospitals. Oregon encourages hospitals to use Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs), but not all hospitals do. Information was not available from the data source about the prevalence of this practice.

Pennsylvania

Pennsylvania reports the PA state license number for the operating physician.

South Carolina

South Carolina reports six-character state license numbers for other physician identifiers. When the source values were shorter than six characters, the HCUP value was padded to bring it into conformity with South Carolina's format before the value was encrypted.

Tennessee

The encrypted identification number for the first other physician is retained in SURGID_S. SURGID_S may not accurately track physicians across hospitals. Tennessee collects two different types of physician identifiers, depending on the type of identifier provided by the hospitals. Tennessee prefers Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs) but also accepts state license numbers. If neither identification number is available, SURGID_S is missing (SURGID_S = blank).

Texas

Texas provides the state license number of the operating physician. During HCUP processing, physician identifiers were re-encrypted (SURGID_S).

Virginia

Virginia reports the physician performing first procedure using Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs). During HCUP processing, physician identifiers were encrypted (SURGID_S).

Washington

Washington reports this identifier as "Other Physician ID" which can refer to any physician who performs the procedure, not just a surgeon.

The Washington physician identifiers may not accurately track physicians across hospitals. Washington collects several different types of physician identifiers, depending

on the type of identifier provided by the hospitals. Hospitals provide Medicaid, Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs), and DOH/HPQAD license numbers as physician identifiers. During HCUP processing, physician identifiers were re-encrypted (SURGID_S).

West Virginia

The encrypted other physician identifier (SURGID_S) may not accurately track physicians across patients and hospitals. West Virginia collects different types of physician identifiers depending on the payer:

- The Universal Physician Identification Numbers (UPINs) are coded on Medicare patients.
- A West Virginia Medicaid physician identifier is coded on Medicaid patients. The same physician treating two different Medicaid patients can have two different physician identifiers. One identifier is used for new Medicaid patients; the other identifier is used for established Medicaid patients.
- The physician's state license number is coded on most commercial patients. Some hospitals use their own physician identifiers and do not provide the UPIN, Medicaid and state license numbers.

TOTCHG – Total charges, cleaned

General Notes

TOTCHG contains the edited total charges. The original value provided by the data source is retained in the data element TOTCHG_X. How total charges are edited depends on the year of the data.

In the 1988-1997 HCUP databases, the following edits are applied to total charges (TOTCHG):

- Values are rounded to the nearest dollar; and
- Zero charges are set to missing(.);
- Negative charges are set to invalid (.A); and
- For HCUP inpatient databases, if charges per day (TOTCHG/LOS) are unjustifiably low (ED911) or high (ED921), then TOTCHG is set to inconsistent (.C).
- For HCUP outpatient databases, if total charges are excessively low (ED912) or high (ED922), then TOTCHG is set to inconsistent (.C). (SASD)

Beginning in the 1998 HCUP databases, the following edits are applied to total charges (TOTCHG):

- Values are rounded to the nearest dollar; and
- Zero charges are set to missing (.);
- If total charges are excessively low (ETCHG01) or high (ETCHG02), then TOTCHG is set to inconsistent (.C). The limits for excessively low and high total charges vary for inpatient and outpatient databases.

Generally, total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X) do not include professional fees and non-covered charges. If the source provides total charges with professional fees, then the professional fees are removed from the charge during HCUP processing. In a small number of HCUP databases, professional fees can not be removed from total charges because the data source cannot provide the information. In these rare cases, the HCUP data element PROFEE, that identifies which records have professional fees included in the total charge, is included on the HCUP database.

Emergency department charges incurred prior to admission to the hospital may be included in total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X). Medicare requires a bundled bill for Medicare patients admitted to the hospital through the emergency department. Other payers may or may not have similar requirements.

Emergency department charges incurred prior to admission to the hospital may be included in total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X). Medicare requires a bundled bill

for Medicare patients admitted to the hospital through the emergency department. Other payers may or may not have similar requirements.

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
TOTCHG	Total charges, cleaned	25 - 1 million	Total Charge rounded (In the 1988-1997 data, TOTCHG can be less than 25 and greater than 1 million)
		•	Missing
		.A	Invalid
		.В	Unavailable from source (coded in 1988-1997 data only)
		.C	Inconsistent: beginning with 1998 data, ETCHG01, ETCHG02; in 1998-1997 data, ED911, ED912, ED921, ED922

State Specific Notes

Arizona

Beginning in 1996, Arizona included charges for professional fees and patient convenience items in its total charges. Any charges for professional fees and convenience items were subtracted from the reported total charges during HCUP processing to make Arizona total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X) comparable to data from other states.

Due to an error in HCUP processing in 1996, some types of professional fees were not subtracted from total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X). The types of professional fees that were not subtracted include hospital visits, consultations, private duty nurses, EKGs, EEGs, and medical social services. Charges for these services were coded on 24% of the 1996 discharges, with a mean charge of \$216 and a range from \$1 to \$5,718.

Beginning in 1997, all reported professional fees and patient convenience items were subtracted from total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X).

California

California supplied total charges only for the last 365 days of the stay for stays of more than one year (365 days). If the supplied length of stay was greater than 365 days, cleaned total charges, TOTCHG, was set to missing (.) and uncleaned total charges, TOTCHG_X, retained the supplied total charge. Due to an error in HCUP processing, cleaned total charges, TOTCHG, were not set to missing in the 1998-1999 HCUP files.

Some hospitals in California (including all Kaiser and Shriner hospitals) were exempted from reporting total charges. For those hospitals, TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X were missing (.).

Source documentation indicated that hospital-based physician fees were not included in the reported total charges.

No Charges

The source reported total charges with the value of 1 for discharges with no charges (\$0). These records include live donors and courtesy or research patients. Values of 1 were verified with the hospital by the source.

Prior to 1995, total charges were set to missing (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X = .) for these records during HCUP processing. Beginning in 1995, only TOTCHG was set to missing (.) and TOTCHG_X retained the value of 1. Due to an error in HCUP processing, cleaned total charges, TOTCHG, were not set to missing in the 1998-1999 HCUP files.

Colorado

According to Colorado, hospital based physician fees are excluded from total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X).

Connecticut

Connecticut includes non-covered charges in the total charges if they are reported by hospitals, but does not report non-covered charges separately. The HCUP uniform total charges (TOTCHG) could not be adjusted to exclude non-covered charges. (Non-covered charges include items such as telephone and television).

lowa

Beginning in 1993, Iowa includes professional fees in its total charges if the hospital combines hospital and professional bills. Professional fees are subtracted from total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X) during HCUP processing to make Iowa total charges comparable to data from other states.

Prior to 1993, it was optional for hospitals to report total charges to the hospital association:

- The availability of total charges varies by hospital.
- Some hospitals have missing (.) total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X) on a large percentage of records.

Kansas

It was optional for hospitals to provide total charges to the hospital association. Approximately one fifth to one quarter of the discharges are missing total charges.

Some hospitals report total charges of \$1.00 for all discharges. For 1993-1994, the \$1.00 charges are included in the HCUP data. Beginning with 1995, total charges of \$1.00 in the Kansas inpatient data were set to missing (.).

It was optional for hospitals to provide total charges to the hospital association. Approximately one fifth to one quarter of the discharges are missing total charges. Some hospitals report total charges of \$1.00 for all discharges. For 1993-1994, the \$1.00 charges are included in the HCUP data. Beginning with 1995, total charges of \$1.00 in the Kansas inpatient data were set to missing (.).

In 1998-2000, some smaller hospitals have data systems that allow a maximum of 5 digits for total charges. For these hospitals, total charges of \$100,000 or greater are coded as \$99,999.

Due to an error in 1994 HCUP processing, TOTCHG values of "invalid" (.A) were recoded to TOTCHG values of "missing" (.).

Maine

Professional charges were subtracted from the supplied total charge during HCUP processing to make Maine total charges (TOTCHG) comparable to data from other states.

Maryland

Maryland excluded the following from total charges:

- Physician charges and
- Charges not regulated by the Health Services Cost Review Commission (for example, telephone service, television charges or private duty nursing charges).

Massachusetts

Massachusetts included professional fees in its detailed and total charges, if these were included by the hospital. Hospitals are allowed, but not required, to report these professional fees in the charge fields. Individual facilities decide which professional fees are included and where. There is no way to determine which hospitals did or did not include professional fees.

Missouri

According to the Missouri Hospital Association, most hospitals excluded professional fees from total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X).

New York

For the 1988-1993 HCUP files, New York supplied their Master File which consists of Discharge Data Abstracts (DDA) matched to Uniform Billing Forms (UBF) for inpatient stays. Information on total charges is included in the UBF part of the record. Due to an administrative change in the collection of billing records for 1989, a large percentage of the DDAs could not be matched to a UBF. When there was no match, charge information is missing. The match rate improves over time and stabilizes after 1991. The percentage of DDA records that have a matching UBF record in the Master File is as follows:

1988	77.2%
1989	26.3%
1990	62.8%
1991	93.7%
1992	91.8%
1993	95.5%.

Beginning in the 1994 data, hospitals submitted discharge records to New York in a new format, using Universal Data Set (UDS) specifications. This format combines the old UBF and DDA data into a single submission record.

Adjustment to Charges for Interim Bills

- For 1988-1993, when the length of stay from the Discharge Data Abstract did not equal the length of the billing period from the Uniform Billing Form, total charges (TOTCHG) were set to missing (.) because this billing information pertained only to the billing period, not the complete inpatient stay. However, TOTCHG_X contains the original value from the billing record.
- Beginning in 1994, billing dates were not reported by New York and the adjustment to charge details (CHGn, RATEn, UNITn, REVCDn) was not made.

Oregon

Kaiser hospitals are exempt from reporting total charges. As a result, TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X are missing (.) for Kaiser hospitals in Oregon.

Beginning in the 1995 data, some hospitals did not report total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X) on charity bills since there are no charges to the patient.

Pennsylvania

Prior to 1997, non-covered charges and professional charges were subtracted from the supplied total charge during HCUP processing to make Pennsylvania total charges (TOTCHG) comparable to data from other states.

Beginning in 1997, Pennsylvania supplied total charges that did not include noncovered and professional charges.

Rhode Island

Charges for patient convenience items were subtracted from the reported total charges during HCUP processing to make Rhode Island total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X) comparable to data from other states.

South Carolina

Beginning in 1996, professional fees and charges for patient convenience items were subtracted from the reported total charges during HCUP processing to make South Carolina total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X) comparable to data from other states.

Prior to 1996, only professional fees were subtracted from the reported total charges because the source did not supply an itemized charge for patient convenience items.

Texas

Total charges are not available in the Texas data until July 2000. Non-covered accommodation and ancillary charges were subtracted from the supplied total charge during HCUP processing to make Texas total charges (TOTCHG) comparable to data from other states.

Virginia

The maximum value allowed for total charges in the Virginia source files is \$9,999,999.

West Virginia

West Virginia has rate setting. The data source confirms that the all covered charges are included in the total charge (TOTCHG).

Wisconsin

Wisconsin may have included professional fees and convenience items in its total charges. Hospitals are instructed to remove these fees from total charges, but some hospitals do not subtract them and others have had difficulties with their accounting software. There is no way to determine which hospitals did or did not include these items.

Hospitals are not required to report total charges for stays over 100 days.

Wisconsin

An error during HCUP processing of 1993 discharges caused negative values of total charges (TOTCHG) to be set to missing (.) instead of invalid (.A). For other years, negative values of TOTCHG were processed correctly.

TOTCHG_X – Total charges, as received from data source

General Notes

TOTCHG_X retains the total charge supplied by a data source, including cents and negative values, with the following exceptions:

- Zero charges are set to missing (.); and
- Charges that round to zero are set to missing (.).

TOTCHG_X has the same value as TOTCHG just before edit checks on total charges are performed. TOTCHG contains the cleaned total charges. TOTCHG_X contains the original value of total charges.

Generally, total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X) do not include professional fees and non-covered charges. If the source provides total charges with professional fees, then the professional fees are removed from the charge during HCUP processing. In a small number of HCUP databases, professional fees can not be removed from total charges because the data source cannot provide the information. In these rare cases, the HCUP data element PROFEE, that identifies which records have professional fees included in the total charge, is included on the HCUP database.

In some cases, only copay amounts, such as \$10 or \$20, may be in the total charges. There is no documentation as to the prevalence of this practice.

Emergency department charges incurred prior to admission to the hospital may be included in total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X). Medicare requires a bundled bill for Medicare patients admitted to the hospital through the emergency department. Other payers may or may not have similar requirements.

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
	Total charges, as received from	+/- 100 million	Total charge (with 2 decimal places)
	data source	•	Missing
		.A	Invalid (nonnumeric or out of range)

Arizona

Beginning in 1996, Arizona included charges for professional fees and patient convenience items in its total charges. Any charges for professional fees and convenience items were subtracted from the reported total charges during HCUP processing to make Arizona total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X) comparable to data from other states.

Due to an error in HCUP processing in 1996, some types of professional fees were not subtracted from total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X). The types of professional fees that were not subtracted include hospital visits, consultations, private duty nurses, EKGs, EEGs, and medical social services. Charges for these services were coded on 24% of the 1996 discharges, with a mean charge of \$216 and a range from \$1 to \$5,718.

Beginning in 1997, all reported professional fees and patient convenience items were subtracted from total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X).

California

California supplied total charges only for the last 365 days of the stay for stays of more than one year (365 days). If the supplied length of stay was greater than 365 days,

- cleaned total charges, TOTCHG, was set to missing (.) and
- uncleaned total charges, TOTCHG_X, retained the supplied total charge.

Some hospitals in California (including all Kaiser and Shriner hospitals) were exempted from reporting total charges. For those hospitals, TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X were missing (.).

Source documentation indicated that hospital-based physician fees were not included in the reported total charges.

No Charges

The source reported total charges with the value of 1 for discharges with no charges (\$0). These records include live donors and courtesy or research patients. Values of 1 were verified with the hospital by the source.

Prior to 1995, total charges were set to missing (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X = .) for these records during HCUP processing. Beginning in 1995, only TOTCHG was set to missing (.) and TOTCHG_X retained the value of 1.

Colorado

According to Colorado, hospital based physician fees are excluded from total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X).

Connecticut

Connecticut includes non-covered charges in the total charges if they are reported by hospitals but, does not report non-covered charges separately. The HCUP uniform total charges (TOTCHG_X) could not be adjusted to exclude non-covered charges. (Non-covered charges include items such as telephone and television).

Illinois

Due to an error in HCUP processing, a few zero charges occur in the Illinois 1990-1991 HCUP Illinois files. Input values of zero were set to missing (.) before TOTCHG was rounded. If the input charge was between \$0.01 and \$0.49, then the rounded TOTCHG is 0.

lowa

Beginning in 1993, Iowa includes professional fees in its total charges if the hospital combines hospital and professional bills. Professional fees are subtracted from total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X) during HCUP processing to make Iowa total charges comparable to data from other states.

Prior to 1993, it was optional for hospitals to report total charges to the hospital association:

- The availability of total charges varies by hospital.
- Some hospitals have missing (.) total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X) on a large percentage of records.

Kansas

It was optional for hospitals to provide total charges to the hospital association. Approximately one fifth to one quarter of the discharges are missing total charges.

Some hospitals report total charges of \$1.00 for all discharges. For 1993-1994, the \$1.00 charges are included in the HCUP data. Beginning with 1995, total charges of \$1.00 in the Kansas inpatient data were set to missing (.).

Maine

Professional charges were subtracted from the supplied total charge during HCUP processing to make Maine total charges (TOTCHG_X) comparable to data from other states.

Maryland

Maryland excluded the following from total charges:

- Physician charges and
- Charges not regulated by the Health Services Cost Review Commission (for example, telephone service, television charges or private duty nursing charges).

Massachusetts

Massachusetts included professional fees in its detailed and total charges, if these were included by the hospital. Hospitals are allowed, though not required, to report these professional fees in the charge fields. Individual facilities decide which professional fees are included and where. There is no way to determine which hospitals did or did not include professional fees.

Missouri

According to the Missouri Hospital Association, most hospitals excluded professional fees from total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X).

New York

For the 1988-1993 HCUP files, New York supplied their Master File which consists of Discharge Data Abstracts (DDA) matched to Uniform Billing Forms (UBF) for inpatient stays. Information on total charges is included in the UBF part of the record. Due to an administrative change in the collection of billing records for 1989, a large percentage of the DDAs could not be matched to a UBF. When there was no match, charge information is missing. The match rate improves over time and stabilizes after 1991. The percentage of DDA records that have a matching UBF record in the Master File is as follows:

1988	77.2%
1989	26.3%
1990	62.8%
1991	93.7%
1992	91.8%
1993	95.5%.

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Adjustment to Charges for Interim Bills

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South Carolina

Beginning in 1996, professional fees and charges for patient convenience items were subtracted from the reported total charges during HCUP processing to make South Carolina total charges (TOTCHG and TOTCHG_X) comparable to data from other states.

Prior to 1996, only professional fees were subtracted from the reported total charges because the source did not supply an itemized charge for patient convenience items.

Tennessee

Prior to 1998 data, negative total charges were erroneously set to invalid (.A). Beginning in 1998, negative total charges are retained in TOTCHG_X and set to inconsistent (.C) in TOTCHG.

Texas

Total charges are not available in the Texas data until July 2000. Non-covered accommodation and ancillary charges were subtracted from the supplied total charge during HCUP processing to make Texas total charges (TOTCHG_X) comparable to data from other states.

Virginia

The maximum value allowed for total charges in the Virginia source files is \$9,999,999.

West Virginia

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Hospitals are not required to report total charges for stays over 100 days.

Wisconsin

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YEAR – Calendar year

General Notes

The discharge year (YEAR) is <u>always</u> coded. In the 1988-1997 HCUP databases, YEAR is two-digits (e.g., if the discharge year is 1990, then YEAR = 90). Beginning in the 1998 HCUP databases, YEAR is four-digits (e.g., 1998).

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
YEAR	Calendar year	уу	2-digit calendar year in 1988- 1997 data
		уууу	4-digit calendar year beginning with 1998 data

State Specific Notes	

None

ZIPINC – Median household income for patient's zip code

General Notes

This is a categorical variable indicating the median household income of the patient's zip code of residence. The median income values are 1999 estimates derived from projections from 1990 Census values for block groups. The categories are defined so that the maximum for category 1 (\$25,000) is approximately 150% of the 1999 poverty level and the boundary between the second and third categories (\$35,000) is approximately the national median household income.

To protect patient confidentiality, precautions are taken to mask ZIP Codes. ZIPINC values have been suppressed for all ZIP Codes with populations below a minimum threshold. Also, when only one ZIP code was represented in a particular category in ZIPINC for a state, ZIPINC was set to missing.

ZIPINC is missing (.) when the patient's ZIP code was missing, did not exist in 1999, was invalid in 1999, or outside of the United States.

Uniform Values			
Variable	Description	Value	Value Description
ZIPINC Median household income for patient's zip code	1	\$1-24,999	
	2	\$25,000-34,999	
	3	\$35,000-44,999	
	code	4	45,000 or more
		•	Missing

State Specific Notes

None